KCPE 2000

GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, CIVICS AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
   YOUR INDEX NUMBER
   YOUR NAME
   NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

46. The horticultural exports from Kenya are transported to markets in Europe by
   A. railway
   B. road
   C. water
   D. air

   The correct answer is ‘D’.

On the answer sheet:

10 A B C D 28 A B C D 46 A B C D 64 A B C D 82 A B C D

In the set of boxes numbered 46, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This Question Paper consists of 12 printed pages.
1. What is the direction of Kobo hill from Nama town?
   A. North East.
   B. South East.
   C. North West.
   D. South West.

2. The physical feature which has been formed at the point where river Bebe enters lake Nama is called
   A. a delta.
   B. an estuary.
   C. a tributary.
   D. a spring.

3. What evidence is there to show that most parts of Bebe area receive low rainfall?
   A. Forest.
   B. Scrub.
   C. Swamps.
   D. Hills.

4. According to the evidence in the map, the economic activities in Bebe area are fishing and
   A. trading.
   B. cattle keeping.
   C. mining.
   D. saw-milling.

5. The headteacher of the school in Nama town wants to pass urgent information to the District Officer in
   Bebe town. The quickest means for passing the information would be by
   A. sending a telegram.
   B. posting a letter.
   C. sending a messenger.
   D. making a telephone call.

6. Business people in Bebe area obtain their trading licences from the
   A. chief's camp.
   B. county council.
   C. post office.
   D. police post.

7. The length of the murram road from the shores of the lake to the junction in Nama town is
   A. 13 km
   B. 16 km
   C. 15 km
   D. 10 km

8. Which one of the following communities in Eastern Africa was ruled by Kings during the pre-colonial period?
   A. The Baganda.
   B. The Wanyamwezi.
   C. The Nuer.
   D. The Oromo.

9. Which one of the following Kenyan communities belong to the same language group?
   A. Abagusii, Iteso, Akamba.
   B. Somali, Aamu, Turkana.
   C. Samburu, Pokomo, Tugen.
   D. Abaluyia, Ameru, Taiy.

10. The main economic activities of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period were farming and
    A. basket weaving.
    B. trading.
    C. iron smelting.
    D. hunting.

11. Which one of the following is true about the climate of the Kenya highlands? The highlands
    A. have one rainy season.
    B. are hot throughout the year.
    C. experience cool temperatures.
    D. receive most of the rain from the North East trade winds.

12. Which one of the following statements is true of rice growing in Kenya? Rice is
    A. mainly grown under irrigation.
    B. harvested by the use of machines.
    C. mainly grown for export.
    D. grown by large scale farmers.

13. Which one of the following islands is the largest?
    A. Zanzibar.
    B. Madagascar.
    C. Mauritius.
    D. Seychelles.

14. Below are statements describing a region in Africa
    (i) it has very hot days and cold nights
    (ii) it has cloudless nights
    (iii) it has scanty vegetation
    The region described above is the
    A. Kalahari
    B. Congo Basin
    C. lake Victoria region
    D. Coastal Plains of West Africa.

15. Which of the following ways of interaction was most common between the Akamba and the Agikuyu
    during the pre-colonial period?
    A. Intermarrying.
    B. Raiding.
    C. Trading.
    D. Sporting.

16. One of the problems facing coffee farming in Tanzania is
    A. shortage of seedlings
    B. lack of markets
    C. frequent flooding
    D. attacks by pests and diseases.
17. The Eastern Africa communities in the boxes below share a common origin.

Dinka  Shilluk  Luo  Y

Which one of the following communities is represented by letter Y in the box above?
A. Chagga
B. Acholi
C. Amhara
D. Somali

18. Below are some cultural practices of a community in Kenya.
   (i) They decorate themselves with red ochre
   (ii) Their main food consists of animal products
   (iii) Women build huts for the family

The community whose cultural practices are described above is the
A. Ameru
B. Abakuria
C. Giriama
D. Maasai

19. Which one of the following groups of rivers in Africa is used for the production of hydro-electric power?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tana</th>
<th>Nile</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limpopo</td>
<td>Omo</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

20. Below are descriptions of a town in Kenya.
   (i) It is a mining town
   (ii) It is a railway terminus
   (iii) It receives little rainfall

The town described above is
A. Nanyuki
B. Magadi
C. Athi
D. Kitale

21. The government of Kenya is promoting modern methods of livestock farming among pastoral communities mainly to
A. ensure proper use of available pastures
B. improve the standard of living of the people
C. increase the supply of meat in the country
D. improve the quality of livestock breeds.

22. Which one of the following was the main duty of diviners in Africa before the coming of Europeans?
A. Setting disputes among members of the community.
B. Allocating land to members of the community.
C. Leading the warriors to fight their enemies.
D. Telling the community what would happen in the future.

23. Initiatives were important in traditional African societies mainly because they
A. marked the passage from one stage of life to another
B. brought people together to share ideas
C. gave people a chance to show their dancing skills
D. enabled the youth to choose their marriage partners.

24. The main tourist attraction along the coast of Kenya is
A. wildlife
B. sandy beaches
C. mangrove forests
D. peoples' culture.

25. Which one of the following statements is true about growing of bananas in Uganda? Bananas
A. are grown for subsistence.
B. were introduced by the British.
C. are mainly grown in the northern part of the country.
D. are mainly grown for export.

26. Which one of the following weather recorders is correctly matched with the element it measures?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Element of weather</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Thermometer</td>
<td>Humidity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Rain gauge</td>
<td>Temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Hygrometer</td>
<td>Rainfall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Barometer</td>
<td>Air pressure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

27. Fishing along the coast of Kenya has not been fully developed mainly due to
A. low demand for sea fish in the country
B. inadequate funds to buy modern fishing equipment
C. lack of adequate fishing skills
D. competition from foreign fishermen.

28. Samora Moure and Lobengula are remembered for the history of Africa because they
A. resisted the establishment of colonial rule in their countries
B. welcomed the Europeans into their countries
C. assisted the Europeans to conquer their neighbours
D. encouraged other African leaders to resist European colonisation.

29. The system used by France to rule her colonies in Africa was known as
A. assimilation
B. indirect rule
C. direct rule
D. association.
30. Which one of the following was a result of British rule in Nigeria?
A. It encouraged African traditional religions.
B. It promoted unity among different African communities.
C. It led to the development of roads.
D. It promoted African traditional education.

Study the map of Eastern Africa below and answer questions 31 to 35.

31. Which one of the following explains why navigation along the river marked P is difficult?
A. The amount of water in the river changes from season to season.
B. The river has crocodiles and hippopotamuses.
C. The river has many bends.
D. The river has waterfalls and floating vegetation.

32. The people who migrated into Kenya from Southern Ethiopia using the route marked R are
A. Nilotes
B. Bantu
C. Cushites
D. Semites.

33. The countries marked S and T were ruled by
A. Britain
B. Portugal
C. Italy
D. Germany.

34. The mineral mined at the place marked Q is used for making
A. salt
B. cement
C. ornaments
D. electric wires.

35. The shaded area marked U has low population because it
A. is frequently invaded by pests
B. is flooded regularly by water from the Red Sea
C. is occupied by many wild animals
D. receives inadequate rainfall.

36. The political associations formed in Kenya before 1939 had one factor in common. It was that they
A. had members from all communities in the country
B. were against female circumcision
C. demanded fair treatment for Africans
D. were supported by European missionaries.

37. One of the duties of a chief of a location in Kenya is to
A. appoint social development officers in the location
B. make laws for governing the location
C. supervise parliamentary elections in the location
D. maintain security in the location.

38. One of the contributions of Jomo Kenyatta to the History of Kenya is that he
A. formed the first political party in the country
B. was the first African member of the Legislative Council
C. promoted the Harambee spirit in the country
D. formed trade unions to fight for African workers.

39. Which one of the following statements is true about the Organisation of African Unity (OAU)?
A. It was formed by independent African countries.
B. It appoints leaders for independent African countries.
C. It controls trade between African and European countries.
D. Its headquarters is in Nairobi.

40. The head of government in Ethiopia is a
A. President
B. Prime Minister
C. King
D. Queen.

41. Below are statements about a mountain in Africa
(i) it was formed as a result of volcanic activity
(ii) it is located near the boundary of two countries
(iii) it is covered by snow at the peak.
The mountain described above is
A. Elgon
B. Drakensberg
C. Kilimanjaro
D. Atlas.
42. Traditional African Societies predicted the timing of rains by
A. reading information received from balloons released into the air
B. observing types and movements of clouds
C. listening to information about weather over the radio
D. reading weather charts showing the movement of winds.

43. Which one of the following is the main crop grown in the Ahero irrigation scheme?
A. Tomatoes
B. Cotton
C. Rice
D. Onions.

44. The location of Bamburi cement factory in Mombasa was influenced mainly by
A. presence of limestone in the area
B. existence of market in the area
C. availability of electricity in the area
D. nearness to the port of Mombasa.

45. Traffic Police Officers wear clothes that reflect light at night in order to
A. keep themselves warm
B. warn motorists of dangerous sections of the road
C. protect themselves from lightning
D. make themselves visible to motorists.

46. A foreign lady who marries a Kenyan man may be allowed to become a citizen of Kenya only if she
A. shows respect to her husband
B. has children
C. has lived in Kenya for many years
D. applies to become a Kenyan.

47. The most effective way of ensuring discipline in a school is by
A. making rules to govern the school
B. promoting communication among people in the school
C. punishing those who break school rules
D. giving the pupils freedom to do what they wish.

48. The most serious threat facing equatorial rain forest is
A. destruction of trees by fire
B. frequent cutting down of trees
C. destruction of trees by animals
D. unrelievable rainfall.

49. Most lakes in the Rift Valley of Kenya are salty because they
A. experience high rate of evaporation
B. are narrow
C. are found in basins formed through faulting
D. have few water plants.

50. The main benefit of tourism to Kenya is that it
A. promotes good relations between Kenya and other countries
B. earns foreign exchange for the country
C. encourages the improvement of roads
D. promotes the building of hotels.

51. Three of the following are symbols of national unity in Kenya. Which one is not?
A. National flag.
B. National Anthem.
C. Coat of Arms.
D. Armed forces.

52. Juma has written a letter to the editor of a local newspaper giving his opinion on the review of the Constitution of Kenya. Which one of the following freedoms is Juma exercising? Freedom of
A. expression.
B. worship.
C. movement.
D. association.

53. Which one of the following countries in Africa is a member of the Commonwealth?
A. Libya.
B. Senegal.
C. Zambia.
D. Angola.

54. A person who wishes to be elected the President of the Republic of Kenya must
A. have attained a minimum age of 35 years
B. have served as a member of parliament
C. be a founder member of a political party
D. come from a constituency with many voters.

55. The diagram below represents a volcanic mountain

![Volcanic Mountain Diagram]

The physical feature marked Z in the above diagram is
A. lava
B. a crater
C. conelet
D. a fault.

56. A common characteristic about the population of India and Kenya is that in both countries the
A. birth rate is low
B. majority of the people are young
C. death rate is low
D. majority of the people are old.
57. The first step to take in controlling gully erosion is to
A. build gabions
B. plant cover crops
C. construct terraces
D. plant trees.

58. Which one of the following planets is farthest from the Earth?
A. Mercury.
B. Mars.
C. Jupiter.
D. Pluto.

59. Which one of the following is a function of the police force in Kenya?
A. To punish suspected criminals.
B. To ensure that people attend public rallies.
C. To prevent people from committing crime.
D. To protect the country from external attacks.

60. The Minister for Local Government has the powers to
A. supervise elections of councillors
B. prepare budgets for local authorities
C. appoint mayors of municipal councils
D. approve by-laws for local authorities.

SECTION A:
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following statements from the Bible shows that God wanted human beings to take care of the environment?
A. Let us make man in our own image.
B. Let the earth produce all kinds of animal life.
C. Have many children and fill the earth.
D. Live all over the earth and bring it under control.

62. What punishment did God give to Eve because of her disobedience?
A. Suffering while giving birth.
B. Putting on clothes.
C. Eating selected fruits.
D. Living with wild animals.

63. Who among the following people is the father of the Jews?
A. Moses.
B. Abraham.
C. Esau.
D. Joseph.

64. When Moses was called by God he was living in
A. Ur
B. Manna
C. Hura
D. Egypt.

65. Which one of the following commandments teaches about respect for human life?
A. 'Do not commit murder'.
B. 'Do not accuse anyone falsely'.
C. 'Do not steal'.
D. 'Do not desire another man's house'.

66. Who among the following people was a judge in Israel?
A. Joshua.
B. Gideon.
C. Aaron.
D. Miriam.

67. Who among the following kings was punished by God because of performing the duty of a priest?
A. Jeth.
B. Ahab.
C. Saul.
D. Ahaz.

68. Who among the following kings is famous for being wise?
A. David.
B. Jeroboam.
C. Rehoboam.
D. Solomon.

69. The boy raised to life by prophet Elijah was the son of the
A. Shunammite woman
B. Canaanite woman
C. widow of Zarephath
D. widow of Nain.

70. Which one of the following happenings took place when Jesus was born?
A. Mary visited Elizabeth.
B. Zechariah began to speak.
C. The angels sang.
D. There was an earthquake.

71. Joseph the husband of Mary worked as a
A. carpenter.
B. fisherman.
C. preacher.
D. shepherd.

72. The main message of John the Baptist to the people was to
A. become his disciples.
B. repent their sins.
C. love one another.
D. feed one another.

73. Worship, adore your God and serve only him.
Luke 4:8 These words were said by Jesus during his
A. temptation.
B. baptism.
C. crucifixion.
D. transfiguration.
74. The main lesson Christians learn from the miracle of the feeding of the five thousand is to be
   A. generous
   B. courageous
   C. obedient
   D. honest.

75. Which one of the following parables of Jesus teaches about treating neighbours well? The parable of the
   A. rich fool
   B. sower
   C. sheaf
   D. Samaritan.

76. Who among the following disciples of Jesus broke the law of love because of his greed for money?
   A. Peter
   B. John
   C. Judas
   D. James.

77. 'Remember me, Jesus, when you come as King' (Luke 23:42). These words were spoken by the thief on the cross because he was
   A. innocent
   B. patient
   C. repentant
   D. tolerant.

78. Who among the following people died because of cheating the apostles?
   A. Stephan
   B. Ananias
   C. Cornelius
   D. Philip.

79. Paul was called by God mainly to
   A. preach the gospel to the Gentiles
   B. go to Damascus for baptism
   C. stop persecuting Christians
   D. heal the sick.

80. Which one of the following statements from the Apostles' Creed teaches that Jesus is the Son of God?
   A. Descended into hell
   B. Suffered under Pontius Pilate
   C. Conceived by the Holy Spirit
   D. Crucified, died and was buried.

81. Which one of the following activities by the early Christians shows a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
   A. Preached the gospel
   B. Lived in joy
   C. Performed miracles
   D. Spoke in tongues.

82. In some traditional African communities people worshipped under a tree because it
   A. gave them fruits
   B. was God's dwelling place
   C. protected them from the wind
   D. was beautiful.

83. Which one of the following traditional African practices is found in Christianity?
   A. Making idols
   B. Tattooing of the body
   C. Marrying many wives
   D. Giving of new names.

84. Which one of the following rituals in traditional African communities was mainly carried out by the priest?
   A. Burying the afterbirth
   B. Shaving the hair
   C. Circumcision
   D. Offering sacrifices.

85. In some traditional African communities, shedding of blood during circumcision showed that the initiates were
   A. strong and healthy
   B. united with the ancestors
   C. ready to lead others in prayer
   D. separated from the community.

86. Which one of the following activities best promotes love among Christians?
   A. Going to church
   B. Praying with others
   C. Caring for the hungry
   D. Visiting one another.

87. Your classmate James takes away your lunch and eats it. As a Christian what would you do?
   A. Ask him to pay for it
   B. Tell him not to do it again
   C. Report him to the class prefect
   D. Announce it to the class.

88. John, a standard eight pupil who comes from a rich family despises other members of the class. As a Christian, the best advice you would give him is that he should be
   A. trustworthy
   B. brave
   C. humble
   D. a peace maker.

89. Rose, a standard six pupil finds out that her friend, Jane has not been doing her morning duties. As a Christian, what should Rose do about it?
   A. Report her to the class teacher
   B. Report her to the parents
   C. Tell her to be responsible
   D. Do the work for her.

90. The main reason why Christian missionaries came to Kenya was to
   A. introduce western education
   B. stop slave trade
   C. spread the gospel
   D. stop racial discrimination.
SECTION B: ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following persons is related to the year which Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) was born?
   A. Al-Imam
   B. Al-Humazan
   C. Al-Katbir
   D. Al-Fayl.

62. The sunnah prayer performed before dawn is
   A. Witr
   B. Tashahhud
   C. Tashahhud
   D. Fajr.

63. Which one of the following are correct characteristics of a hypocrite:

   A. Breaks his promise
   B. Tells lies
   C. Backbites
   D. Fornicates

64. Which one of the following attributes of Allah is matched with the correct meaning?
   A. Al-Malik - The Great
   B. Al-Rahim - The Merciful
   C. Al-Salam - The Mighty
   D. Al-Qudus - The King

65. While performing wudhu, Ali was seen
   (i) washing both feet
   (ii) passing wet hands over his head
   (iii) washing his hands
   (iv) washing face and both arms.

   Which of the above activities give the Fard parts of the Wudhu?
   A. (i) (iii) (iv)
   B. (ii) (iii) (i)
   C. (iii) (iv) (ii)
   D. (i) (ii) (iv)

66. Which one among the following pairs of women were the wives of Prophet Ibrahim (A.S)?
   A. Sara and Hajar
   B. Hafsa and Zainab
   C. Hajra and Khadija
   D. Zainab and Maryam.

67. Which one of the following boxes has the correct order of the articles of faith? Belief in the

   A. Will of God
   B. Day of Judgement
   C. Prophets of Allah
   D. Revealed Books

68. The main reason why Muslims do not gamble is because it
   A. is a waste of money
   B. breaks families
   C. causes stress
   D. is a commandment of Allah.

69. In his farewell message, Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) strongly advised Muslims to hold fast on to the
   A. Quran and Tawheed
   B. teachings of the Sahabas
   C. Quran and Sunnah
   D. Sunnah of the Prophet.

70. Another name for the Ka'aba according to the teachings of the Quran is Bai tulu-
   A. Mawmin
   B. Magalis
   C. Haram
   D. Arqam.

71. Inayow performs sunnah prayers regularly. Which one of the following has she been performing after every fardh prayer?
   A. Badaa
   B. Qabita
   C. Dhuha
   D. Witr.

72. Mưarm was reading the Holy Quran and he suddenly performed Sujud. Which Sujud did he perform? Sujaatul-
   A. Sahih
   B. Titala
   C. Salat
   D. Shukr.

73. Abraha's army was destroyed by
   A. pebbles dropped by birds
   B. a fierce storm and rain
   C. an epidemic of Small pox
   D. wild elephants.
74. Upon being informed of a person’s death a Muslim should say
   A. Inna lillahi wa inna illahi rajiun
   B. La hadda wala Kawasta ilu billah
   C. Bismillahi wa-Allahu Akbar

75. In which one of the following cities was Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) stoned by protesting pagans?
   A. Minna
   B. Yathrib
   C. Makkah
   D. Taif.

76. Khalilu-l-habib is the title given to Prophet
   A. Nuh (A.S)
   B. Musa (A.S)
   C. Ibrahim (A.S)
   D. Isra (A.S)

77. Abu Hurairah (R.A.A.) reported the Prophet of Allah (S.A.W) as saying, that Allah Most High had said, ‘O son of Adam, Spend (to help the others), I shall Spend on you’. The main teaching of this Hadith is that
   A. Muslims should spend all that they have on others
   B. to be happy in life, a Muslim should spend on others
   C. Muslims should always help each other
   D. A Muslim should spend on others so as to expect reward.

78. According to the teachings of the Quran, Laila-tul-qadar is better than
   A. 100 nights
   B. 1000 months
   C. 1000 nights
   D. 100 years.

79. The Portuguese ruled the East African coast for nearly a hundred years. During this period they
   (i) fought wars with the Muslim rulers
   (ii) controlled trade on the East African coast
   (iii) introduced some food crops
   (iv) preached Christianity.

   Which of the above facts best explain why Muslim rulers wanted to expel the Portuguese from the East African coast?
   A. (i) (ii) (iv)
   B. (iii) (iv) (i)
   C. (i) (ii) (iii)
   D. (i) (iii) (iv).

80. When promising to do something for your friend you should always say
   A. Amen
   B. Bismillah
   C. Isla- Allahu
   D. fi- Sabi-lillah.

81. Gidaw has been confirmed sick by his doctor and his sickness does not allow him to perform wudu. In order to perform prayers, Gidaw should perform
   A. I'tina
   B. Tawamum
   C. Ilalqai
   D. Ghusul.

82. Naow is a very religious boy. He always observes sunnah fasting but his Islamic Religious Education teacher told him its haram to fast on
   A. Ashura
   B. I'dd-id-Fitri
   C. 'Ayamul-bidh
   D. Tua suu.

83. Who among the following people is a recipient of Zakah?
   A. Widows.
   B. Orphans.
   C. The deaf.
   D. Debtors.

84. To abstain from sex as a means to protect oneself from HIV infection means not to
   A. engage in sex at all
   B. get married
   C. have sex regularly
   D. engage in sex before marriage.

85. Which one of the following actions is shirk?
   A. Telling lies to parents.
   B. Praying to ancestors.
   C. Drinking beer.
   D. Gambling.

86. By celebrating 'Milad-un-Nabi, Muslim' mainly demonstrate
   A. Praise of Mary
   B. Islamic brotherhood
   C. Love for the Prophet
   D. Spirit of equality

87. Which one of the following is the right business practice?
   A. Hounding goods
   B. Weighing goods accurately
   C. Making large profits
   D. Selling without...
88. The belief in the day of judgement encourages Muslims to:
A. help others
B. work for peace
C. practise righteousness
D. ensure equality.

89. The spread of Islam from the southern shores of Lake Victoria to the shores of Lake Tanganyika was due to the efforts of:
A. early missionaries
B. local leaders
C. Arab traders
D. Muslim leaders

90. The Muslim calendar begins in the month of:
A. Rajab
B. Shaaban
C. Muharram
D. Dhul-Hijjah.

SECTION C
HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. The Avatar taken by Bhugawan Vishnu to protect ‘Prabhada’ is:
A. Rama
B. Karna
C. Krishna
D. Narasimha.

62. ‘Vishnu Lekha’ was shown to Arjuna by Shri Krishna. Which quality of Paramatma does it denote?
A. All powerful
B. All-Knowing
C. Merciful
D. Peaceful.

The important day which inspired Lord Shanka (later called Dayanand) to leave home in search of truth is:
A. Deepavali
B. Shivaratri
C. Sukhruti
D. Vinita Dusshera.

64. The founder of ‘Samachar Yatra’ Swaminarayan was:
A. Bhugawan Vishnu
B. Shri Shalinidhar
C. Baputdi Swami
D. Samadhi Swami.

65. The great warrior born in Kachchh was:
A. Maharadji \(w_{3}\)
B. Kalaratrichara
C. Mahaviracharya
D. Ramakrishnacharya.

66. Which one of the following places, was Khalsa Pauth started by Guru Gebind Singh?
A. Amritsar
B. Anandpur
C. Chamkaur
D. Nanded.

67. Which one of the following is the main scripture of Buddhists?
A. Bhagawad Geeta
B. Kalpasutra
C. Dhammapada
D. Adi Granth.

68. The path of action for liberation from the soul (Moksha) is:
A. Bhakti yoga
B. Jnana yoga
C. Rajas yoga
D. Karma yoga.

69. The quality of ‘Akredha’ prevents one from:
A. injuring anyone
B. desiring anything
C. becoming angry
D. stealing.

70. The performance of Hindu marriage in the presence of sacred fire signifies that fire:
A. gives heat
B. gives light
C. is considered the divine witness
D. is essential to a household.

71. The ritual of Pratikrama provides Jains the opportunity to pray:
A. for forgiveness
B. for favours from God
C. to Siddhas
D. to Tirthankars.

72. The festival ‘Riksha Gorakeshwara’ falls on the full moon day in the month of:
A. Shravan
B. Shivratri
C. Varadchhi
D. Shravani.

73. The most important message of Swami Dayananda is:
A. guards the Vedas
B. observe Ahinsa
C. de renounce
D. give up desires.

74. The word ‘Vedanta’ describes Paramatma. The word ‘Chit’ means:
A. knowledge
B. strength
C. existence
D. bliss.
75. Who among the following Gurus declared 'Guru Granth Sahib' as Guru Granth Sahib of Sikhs?
   A. Nanak
   B. Arjuna
   C. Tegh Bahadur
   D. Gobind Singh

76. Visheshandawas thousand years by Ravan, because he
   A. Talked rudely to Ravana
   B. Refused to fight against Ravana
   C. Had supported Sugriva
   D. Wanted to rule Shri Lanka as Rama

77. According to the Upanishads, Vijnana means the
   A. Blind
   B. Wise
   C. Manas or reason
   D. Rational

78. The ritual in taking seven steps together is called
   A. Kavadaan
   B. Saptapadi
   C. Going round the Sacred fire
   D. Yajna

79. The most suitable times for prayers are
   A. Dawn and dusk
   B. Noon and midnight
   C. Dawn and late night
   D. Late morning and late night

80. The 'Navaratri' festival in the worship of Ambe Ma
   is celebrated in the beginning of
   A. Varshatrit
   B. Varsha Tratu
   C. Sharad Tratu
   D. Shishir Tratu

81. Lord Buddha delivered his first sermon at
   A. Sarnath
   B. Sarnath
   C. Kapila Vavu
   D. Gaya

82. Which one of the following books by Swami Narayan Sampradaya is sacred?
   A. Kalpasatra
   B. Sikhapauri
   C. Manusmriti
   D. Jatak Katha

83. The principle of 'Varad Chakna' in Sikhism teaches
   the importance of
   A. Prayer
   B. Service
   C. Honesty
   D. Sharing with others

84. The only woman Tirthankar was
   A. Chintamani
   B. Adinath
   C. Neminath
   D. Mallinath

85. 'Upamanyu Sanskar' is performed in order to
   A. Invite a child outside the house
   B. Send a boy to a Guru for studies
   C. Present a youth to marriage
   D. Announce the birth of a householder

86. Which one of the following is a Hindu concept?
   A. Man is a born sinner
   B. Truth is the path leading to salvation in a person
   C. Person gets human birth after many previous births
   D. After death man is reborn in heaven or hell

87. Which one of the following is a true statement made by Sirit Rishu?
   A. I am the last incarnation of Yashoda
   B. If I am reincarnated myself again and again whenever I am happy
   C. One who is born must die but he will never be born again
   D. Arjun do not fight. Surrender to Duryodhana

88. Which incarnation of Vishnu killed Hiranyaksha and rescued the Earth?
   A. Matsya
   B. Kurma
   C. Varaha
   D. Rama

89. The principle of 'Aparnastra' forbids
   A. Killing living beings
   B. Telling lies
   C. Accumulating wealth
   D. Stealing

90. Langar is a very important activity in a Gurdwara because
   A. Giving food is the noblest of all acts
   B. Visitors from far off places would be hungry
   C. It removes all differences between the high and the low
   D. It is an opportunity to serve others.