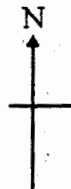
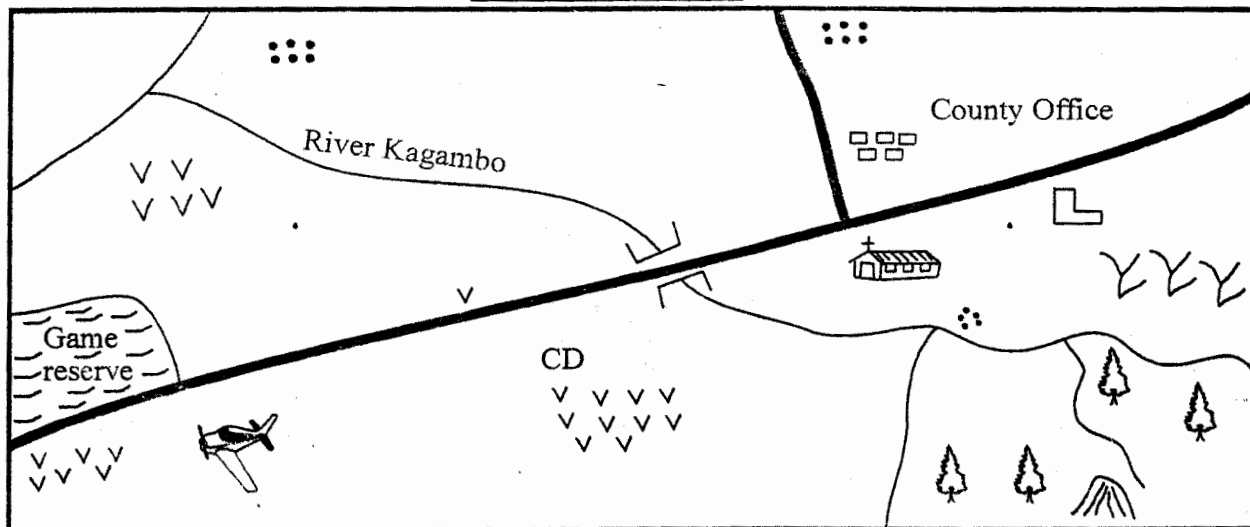


Study the map of Kagambo area and use it to answer questions 1 to 7

KAGAMBO AREA





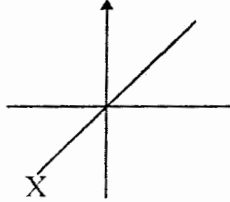
KEY Scale 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 **KM**

| | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|--------------|
| Permanent building | School | Airport | MKT - Market |
| Maize | Forest | Road | Church |
| CD -Cattle dip | River and bridge | Grass | H - Hospital |
| Settlement | | | |

- The quickest form of transport in Kagambo area is
A. road B. air C. water D. rail
- The **main** food crop in Kagambo area is
A. maize B. tea C. rice D. coffee
- The head of Kagambo area is
A. Chief
B. Senator
C. Governor
D. Member of county assembly
- River Kagambo flows from
A. South West B. North West
C. South East D. North East
- The people of Kagambo area are likely to be
A. Hindu B. Pagans
C. Christians D. Muslims
- What shows that the people of Kagambo area keep animals presence of

- A. quarry B. grass
C. maize D. cattle dip
- What is the direction of the school from the air port?
A. South West B. South
C. North East D. East
- Which of the following is **not** a county in Kenya?
A. Turkana B. Kilgolis
C. Busia D. Marsabit
- Which of the following county is named after the biggest town in our country?
A. Kisumu B. Eldoret
C. Nairobi D. Mombasa
- A county is headed by
A. President
B. Governor
C. Senator
D. Women representative

11. Njuguna is facing the sun in the morning. His back is facing
 A. West B. North
 C. South D. East
12. Which of the following is **not** a cardinal point?
 A. Middle B. North
 C. East D. West
13. Which of the following is **not** a natural feature?
 A. Valleys B. Footbridge
 C. Plains D. Rivers
14. The following are the traditional way of life **except**
 A. songs and dance B. food
 C. make ups D. dressing
15. Most crowded areas in towns is known as
 A. the slums B. estates
 C. courts D. rental homes
16. Which one of the following language groups came from congo basin?
 A. Nilotes B. Semites
 C. Cushites D. Bantus
17. The **best** vegetation for keeping animals is
 A. forests B. grasslands
 C. woodlands D. bushes
18. Which of the following weather instruments is used to show the direction of winds?
 A. Windvane B. Raingauge
 C. Compass D. Windsock
19. The following are some examples of moral value in our society **except**
 A. respect B. sincerity
 C. corruption D. responsibility
20. Which of the following was **not** a ceremony among members of African societies?
 A. Baptism B. Initiation
 C. Naming D. Birth
21. The road sign below informs the road user of

 A. cattle crossing B. round about
 C. road junction D. train crossing
22. The **main** means of transport in our country is
 A. air B. road C. water D. rail
23. Which one of the following is an economic activity?
 A. Rainwater B. Animals
 C. Growing crops D. Natural forest

24. Three of the following are uses of forests **except**
 A. trees attract rain
 B. trees encourage soil erosion
 C. trees make an area look beautiful
 D. trees provide us with timber
25. The exchange of goods with other goods is called
 A. barter trade B. currency trade
 C. international trade D. external trade
26. Which one of the following is **not** a traditional industry?
 A. Wood carving B. Pottery
 C. Cement D. Leather working
27. The sign below represents

 A. Zebra crossing B. Hospital
 C. Bumps ahead D. Children crossing
28. Which one of the following is not a type of family?
 A. Clan B. Extended family
 C. Nursery D. Nuclear
29. Which of the following is a cash crop?
 A. Maize B. Tomatoe C. Onions D. Sisal
30. Which one of the following is **not** an importance of fishing?
 A. Source of food
 B. Used as sporting activity
 C. A home for wild animals
 D. Manufacturing animal feeds
31. An area covered by many trees is called
 A. forest B. wildlife
 C. forestry D. trees
32. Which of the communities below belongs to the plain nilotes?
 A. Kipsigis B. Tugen
 C. Luo D. Maasai
33. The diagram below represents a


- A. thermometer B. raingauge
 C. compass D. windvane
34. A _____ is a person who belongs to a particular country
 A. refugee B. citizen
 C. native D. foreigner

35. Which of the following is **not** a human right?
 A. Right to life B. Right to expression
 C. Right to steal D. Right to live
36. The semites came to Kenya mainly for
 A. farming B. mining
 C. settlement D. trade
37. A person who shows love for his or her own country is said to be
 A. loyal B. patriotic
 C. obedient D. hardworking
38. Which of the following is **not** a basic need?
 A. Shelter B. Clothing
 C. Food D. Education
39. How many counties are there in Kenya
 A. 47 B. 290 C. 210 D. 12
40. Elected members of the county assembly represents the
 A. constituency B. wards
 C. counties D. senate
41. _____ performs duties of the county governor within the county when the governor is away
 A. County Senate
 B. County assembly speaker
 C. Deputy county governor
 D. Member of parliament
42. What name do we give to the passage from childhood to adulthood
 A. Naming B. Passage of time
 C. Parenthood D. Initiation
43. A democratic government is one that
 A. everyone can say whatever they want
 B. ensures every citizen must follow what they say
 C. assist every citizen to follow what they say
 D. allow citizens to choose responsible leaders
44. Flowers are grown in special houses called
 A. estates B. farms
 C. green houses D. flower houses
45. Rivers, hills and valley are examples of
 A. cardinal points B. weather elements
 C. natural vegetation D. physical features
46. The national language in Kenya is
 A. mother tongue B. English
 C. french D. kiswahili
47. The first president of Kenya was
 A. Jomo Kenyatta B. Oginga Odinga
 C. Daniel Moi D. Mwai Kibaki
48. Many African communities performed dances mainly during
 A. war times B. sad occasions
 C. happy occasions D. funerals
49. The animals kept for milk are known as
 A. beef cattle B. poultry farming
 C. sheep and goat D. dairy cattle
50. The activity of the people visiting places to enjoy themselves is called
 A. communication B. migration
 C. tourism D. tourist
51. Which of the following is **not** an early form of communication?
 A. Phone B. Messenger
 C. Smoke D. Whistler
52. Growing of food crops is also called
 A. dairy farming
 B. subsistence farming
 C. beef farming
 D. fruit growing
53. A state of belonging to a country is called
 A. loyalty B. patriotism
 C. citizenship D. citizen
54. All the following are symbols of national unity **except**
 A. Presidency B. Coat of Arms
 C. National flag D. National anthem
55. _____ are freedoms and privileges that everyone is entitled to
 A. Power B. Human rights
 C. Morals D. Democracy
56. The following are ways of resolving disagreements in school **except**
 A. finding out the cause of disagreement
 B. involving another person
 C. fighting
 D. apologizing
57. Who among the following is **not** a member of a county assembly
 A. elected members from the wards
 B. members from the youth
 C. a speaker
 D. a governor
58. The money which tourists pay to our country when they visit is called
 A. Kenya money B. European money
 C. Dollar money D. Foreign exchange
59. Movement of people from one place to another is called
 A. population density B. recreation
 C. settlement D. migration
60. Which of the following is **not** a product of the iron-working industry?
 A. Clubs B. Cow bells
 C. Hoe D. Arrows

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

61. Adam and Eve were chased out of the garden of Eden mainly because
A. they were naked
B. they tried to hide from God
C. they ate forbidden fruit
D. they talked to the snake
62. Man was created on the _____ day.
A. sixth B. fourth C. third D. seventh
63. Who among the following was the wife to Abraham?
A. Ruth B. Sarah C. Zipporah D. Naomi
64. Who among the following kings wanted to kill David?
A. Saul B. Herod C. Ahab D. Solomon
65. Which symbol is used in the new testament to represent the Holy Spirit?
A. Dove B. Smoke C. Fire D. Water
66. On which mountain was Moses given the ten commandments?
A. Mount Zion B. Mount Olive
C. Mount Carmel D. Mount Sinai
67. Goliath was killed by David to show that
A. David was a good soldier
B. God is more powerful
C. Goliath feared God
D. David used powerful weapons
68. _____ was sent by God to save the Israelites from slavery in Egypt.
A. Joshua B. Aaron C. Moses D. Jesus
69. Who was not a fisherman among the disciples of Jesus?
A. John B. James C. Andrew D. Luke
70. When Jesus was born, He grew up in _____ gaining favour with God and men.
A. Nazareth B. Samaria
C. Galilee D. Bethlehem
71. Jesus taught His disciples using short stories called
A. miracles B. myths C. parables D. proverbs
72. What name is given to a person who dies because of his faith in God?
A. Pastor B. Martyr C. Priest D. Believer
73. The name Moses means
A. Messiah B. God with us
C. Saviour D. Drawn from water
74. Christians celebrate 'Good Friday' to remember the
A. baptism of Jesus B. birth of Jesus
C. death of Jesus D. resurrection of Jesus
75. The bible is made up of _____ books of the old testament.
A. 39 B. 27 C. 22 D. 66
76. God appeared to Moses in a form of
A. cloud B. fire
C. thunderstorm D. burning bush
77. Who among the following is remembered as the father of a great Nation?
A. Solomon B. Moses
C. David D. Abraham
78. The short man, Zacchaeus climbed a _____ tree in order to see Jesus.
A. palm B. fig C. mango D. sycamore
79. Who among the following was the first to see the risen Messiah?
A. John B. Cleopas C. Mary Magdalene D. Peter
80. The name Emmanuel given to Jesus means
A. saviour of man kind B. anointed of God
C. God with us D. son of God
81. Which of the following is true about the work done by both boys and girls in Traditional African Society?
A. Hunting B. Farming
C. Fetching firewood D. Iron working
82. Sharing work in Traditional African society was a sign of _____ among community members.
A. adulthood B. unity C. respect D. wealth
83. If the shopkeeper gives you more change after buying bread. What would you do as a Christian?
A. Give the money to your parent
B. Keep it in your pocket
C. Give it back to the shopkeeper
D. Use it to buy more bread
84. The story of Jesus and Zachaeus teaches Christians that Jesus
A. was a sinner
B. hated sinners
C. was happy with sinners
D. came to save sinners
85. The Turkana called their God
A. Asis B. Akuj C. Enkoro D. Ngai
86. Doctor Wafula is a rich man. He is thinking of how to use his extra money. As a Christian, what advice would you give him?
A. marry many wives
B. go to a trip abroad
C. pay school fees for orphans
D. go to bar and buy people alcohol
87. Jane, one of your classmates, hides her teacher's phone and sells it to strangers. As a Christian, what would you do to her?
A. Stop talking to her
B. Teach her about honesty
C. Grab the phone and use it
D. Steal the phone and use it
88. The main reason why missionaries came to Kenya was to
A. build hospitals B. build schools
C. bring medicine D. spread Christianity
89. Which one of the following persons has special need due to physical disability?
A. An orphan B. A cripple
C. A street child D. A poor man
90. Christian pray and fast regularly in order to
A. go to heaven
B. quarrel with Satan
C. overcome temptations
D. show that they are good Christians