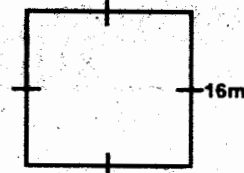




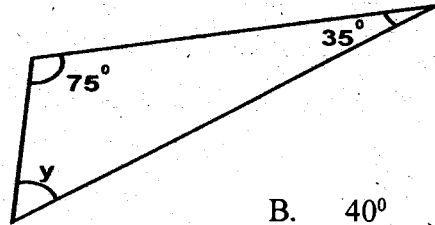
23. Work out:  $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{4}{5} =$   
 A.  $\frac{5}{15}$  B.  $\frac{5}{10}$   
 C.  $\frac{9}{10}$  D.  $\frac{3}{15}$
24. Simplify the expression  $8k + t - 8k$   
 A. t B.  $8k + t$   
 C.  $16k + t$  D. k
25. In scale drawing, 1 cm represents 10 m. How many centimetres will represent a length of 8 cm?  
 A. 70 cm B. 1 cm  
 C. 8 cm D. 90 cm
26. What is the next number in the pattern?  
 2, 3, 5, 7, \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. 9 B. 11  
 C. 13 D. 15
27. Work out:  $9796 \div 78 =$   
 A. 125 rem 46 B. 46 rem 125  
 C. 124 rem 124 D. 78 rem 46
28. A machine takes 20 h 24 min to process 6 lorry loads of coffee. How long does it take to process one lorry load?  
 A. 12 h 44 min B. 122 h 24 min  
 C. 3 h 6 min D. 3 h 24 min
29. Work out:  $\frac{6}{7} - \frac{3}{4} =$   
 A.  $\frac{9}{11}$  B.  $\frac{3}{3}$   
 C.  $\frac{3}{28}$  D.  $\frac{28}{45}$
30. Subtract:  $\begin{array}{r} 5.6 \\ -2.521 \\ \hline \end{array}$   
 A. 3.079 B. 7.121  
 C. 8.121 D. 3.121
31. Divide 24 L 416 ml by 4  
 A. 6 l 14 ml B. 6 l 104 ml  
 C. 97 l 664 ml D. 8 l 14 ml
32. Convert  $2\frac{3}{5}$  into an improper fraction.  
 A.  $\frac{5}{5}$  B.  $\frac{21}{5}$   
 C.  $\frac{13}{5}$  D.  $\frac{10}{5}$
33. Jane bought the following items:  
 3 kg of cooking oil at sh 200 each  
 2 kg loaves of bread at sh 50 each  
 2 kg of meat for sh 800.  
 How much did she pay?  
 A. sh 1500  
 B. sh 700  
 C. sh 1050  
 D. sh 2300

34. The figure below is a square, What is its area?



- A.  $32m^2$   
 B.  $64m^2$   
 C.  $256m^2$   
 D.  $128m^2$

35. Write 0.008 as a fraction and simplify  
 A.  $\frac{8}{1000}$  B.  $\frac{1}{125}$   
 C.  $\frac{8}{100}$  D.  $\frac{125}{1}$
36. Kimeu measured a post and found it to be 3.85 m. How long was it in centimetres?  
 A. 38.5 cm B. 3850 cm  
 C. 385 cm D. 3085 cm
37. Add Litres Ml  
 $\begin{array}{r} 376 \quad 687 \\ + 95 \quad 289 \\ \hline \end{array}$   
 A. 6L 14Ml B. 6L 104Ml  
 C. 97L 664Ml D. 8L 14Ml
38. Which of these statements is true of a rectangle?  
 A. All angles are equal  
 B. All sides are equal  
 C. It has three sides  
 D. The sum of interior angles is  $180^\circ$
39. A bag of potatoes has a mass of 90 kg. What is the total mass of 127 such bags?  
 A. 11830 B. 10830  
 C. 10430 D. 11430
40. Work out:  $2.14 \times 3$   
 A. 5.14 B. 6.14  
 C. 6.42 D. 2.44
41. Water is pumped from a river to a tank 9 km away. How many metres is the tank away from the river?  
 A. 9 m  
 B. 9000 m  
 C. 900 m  
 D. 90 m
42. Use the table below to answer question 42
- | Parcels             | sh  | ct |
|---------------------|-----|----|
| Upto 5kg            | 80  | 00 |
| Over 5kg upto 15kg  | 100 | 00 |
| Over 15kg upto 20kg | 500 | 00 |
- How much more is paid for a parcel weighing 18 kg than for a parcel weighing 5 kg?  
 A. sh 400  
 B. sh 500  
 C. sh 420  
 D. sh 100
43. What is the measure of the angle marked y in the figure shown below?



- A.  $110^\circ$                       B.  $40^\circ$   
 C.  $20^\circ$                         D.  $70^\circ$

44. It is true to say that angles on a straight line add upto  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- A.  $360^\circ$                       B.  $60^\circ$   
 C.  $180^\circ$                       D.  $90^\circ$

45. The table below shows a tally system used in the traffic count. Use it to answer question 45

Vehicles	Tally marks
Cars	
Buses	
Lorries	
Taxis	
Bicycles	

How many more bicycles than buses were counted?

- A. 25                              B. 8  
 C. 10                              D. 17

46. Add:

h	min	s
7	34	25
<hr/>		
+ 2	28	14

- A. 9h 62min 39sec  
 B. 9h 12min 39sec  
 C. 10h 62min 39sec  
 D. 10h 02min 39sec

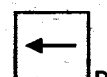
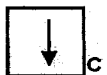
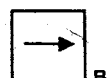
47. What is the perimeter of a rectangular field whose length is 2m 32cm and width 1m 14cm? Give your answer in cm

- A. 692cm                      B. 346cm  
 C. 46cm                        D. 232cm

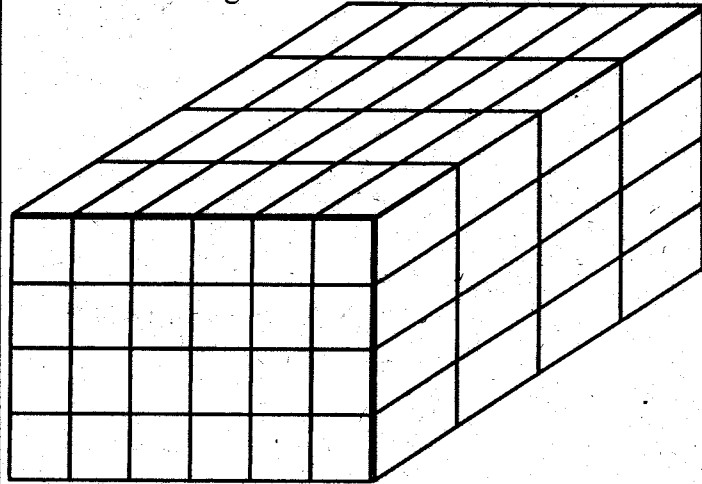
48. Multiply: 13kg 85g by 10

- A. 13kg 850g                B. 138kg 50g  
 C. 130kg 85g                D. 130kg 850g

49. What is the next shape in the pattern below?



50. How many small cubes have been put together to form the following stack?

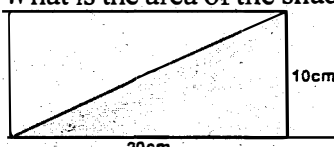


- A. 64                              B. 96  
 C. 120                            D. 24

**GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT**  
**ASSESSMENT TEST END OF TERM II**  
**STD 5 MATHEMATICS**

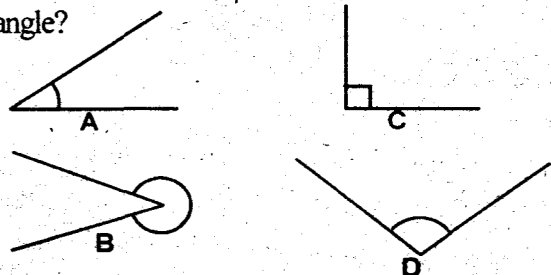
- Write in symbols  
Eight thousand and eighty eight  
A. 888                      B. 80088  
C. 80808                  D. 8088
- What is the place value of digit 7 in 768354?  
A. Ones  
B. Tens of thousands  
C. Hundreds of Thousands  
D. Million
- Round off 5964 to the nearest hundreds  
A. 5900                      B. 6000  
C. 5960                      D. 6060
- Which of the following numbers is divisible by 4?  
A. 1824                      B. 2830  
C. 4118                      D. 6123
- What is the GCD of 9, 18, and 27?  
A. 6                              B. 54  
C. 9                              D. 18
- Add:  $32 + 25964 + 879 =$   
A. 25996                      B. 26843  
C. 25733                      D. 26875
- Multiply  $2\frac{1}{3} \times 4 =$   
A.  $\frac{1}{3}$                               B.  $\frac{1}{3}$   
C.  $\frac{1}{3}$                               D.  $\frac{1}{3}$
- Work out:                      M                      CM  
   8                      36  
   - 5                      42

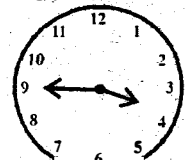
- A. 13m 78cm                      B. 3m 94cm  
C. 13m 94cm                      D. 2m 94cm

- What is the area of the shaded part?  


A. 200cm<sup>2</sup>  
B. 100cm<sup>2</sup>  
C. 60cm<sup>2</sup>  
D. 30cm<sup>2</sup>

- What is the total value of digit 3 in 92378?  
A. Hundreds                      B. 30  
C. 3000                              D. 300
- Which one of the following figures shows a reflex angle?



- What is the sum of prime numbers between 1 and 15?  
A. 36                              B. 29  
C. 39                              D. 41
- What is 7 litres converted into millilitres?  
A. 700ml                      B. 70ml  
C. 7000ml                      D. 70000ml
- What is the time shown in short form.  


A. 3.45  
B. 3.9  
C. 9.3  
D. 9.45

- Write in numerals XVI  
A. 17                              B. 16  
C. 15                              D. 14
- What is  $2\frac{1}{2}$  minutes converted into seconds?  
A. 120seconds                      B. 140 seconds  
C. 150 seconds                      D. 90 seconds

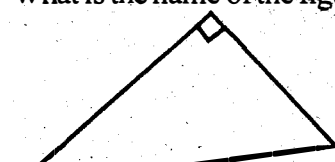
- Subtract:  

Kg	g	
12	45	
<u>-3</u>	<u>78</u>	
-----		

A. 8kg 67g  
B. 15kg 123g  
C. 9kg 96g  
D. 8kg 967g

- What is  $\frac{4}{8}$  in its simplest form?  
A.  $\frac{2}{4}$                               B.  $\frac{1}{2}$   
C.  $\frac{4}{2}$                               D.  $\frac{2}{1}$
- What is the place value of digit 4 in 20.524?  
A. Ones                              B. Hundredths  
C. Thousandths                      D. Tenths

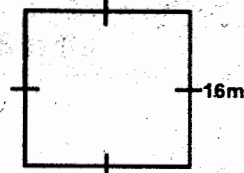
- Divide:  $56\text{km } 560\text{m} \div 8$   
A. 8km 7m                      B. 7km 70m  
C. 7km 7m                      D. 8km 70m
- Karambu took  $6\frac{1}{3}$  hours to travel from town X to town Y. She then took  $1\frac{1}{4}$  hours to travel from town Y to town Z. How long did the journey take?  
A.  $7\frac{2}{7}$  hrs                      B.  $5\frac{1}{12}$  hrs  
C.  $7\frac{7}{12}$  hrs                      D.  $8\frac{5}{7}$  hrs

- What is the name of the figure shown below?  


A. Right-angled triangle  
B. Isosceles triangle  
C. Equilateral triangle  
D. Equatorial triangle

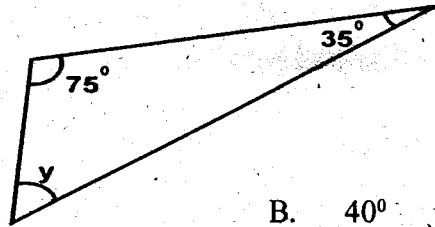
23. Work out:  $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{4}{5} =$
- A.  $\frac{5}{15}$  B.  $\frac{5}{10}$   
 C.  $\frac{9}{10}$  D.  $\frac{3}{15}$
24. Simplify the expression  $8k + t - 8k$
- A. t B.  $8k + t$   
 C.  $16k + t$  D. k
25. In scale drawing, 1 cm represents 10 m. How many centimetres will represent a length of 8 cm?
- A. 70 cm B. 1 cm  
 C. 8 cm D. 90 cm
26. What is the next number in the pattern?  
 2, 3, 5, 7, \_\_\_\_\_
- A. 9 B. 11  
 C. 13 D. 15
27. Work out:  $9796 \div 78 =$
- A. 125 rem 46 B. 46 rem 125  
 C. 124 rem 124 D. 78 rem 46
28. A machine takes 20h 24min to process 6 lorry loads of coffee. How long does it take to process one lorry-load?
- A. 121h 44min B. 122h 24min  
 C. 3h 6min D. 3h 24min
29. Work out:  $\frac{6}{7} - \frac{3}{4} =$
- A.  $\frac{9}{11}$  B.  $\frac{3}{3}$   
 C.  $\frac{3}{28}$  D.  $\frac{28}{45}$
30. Subtract:  $5.6 - 2.521$
- A. 3.079 B. 7.121  
 C. 8.121 D. 3.121
31. Divide 24 L 416 ml by 4
- A. 6l 14ml B. 6l 104ml  
 C. 97l 664ml D. 8l 14ml
32. Convert  $2\frac{3}{5}$  into an improper fraction.
- A.  $\frac{5}{5}$  B.  $\frac{21}{5}$   
 C.  $\frac{13}{5}$  D.  $\frac{10}{5}$
33. Jane bought the following items:  
 3kg of cooking oil at sh 200 each  
 2kg loaves of bread at sh 50 each  
 2kg of meat for sh 800  
 How much did she pay?
- A. sh 1500  
 B. sh 700  
 C. sh 1050  
 D. sh 2300

34. The figure below is a square. What is its area?



- A.  $32m^2$   
 B.  $64m^2$   
 C.  $256m^2$   
 D.  $128m^2$

35. Write 0.008 as a fraction and simplify
- A.  $\frac{8}{1000}$  B.  $\frac{1}{125}$   
 C.  $\frac{8}{100}$  D.  $\frac{125}{1}$
36. Kimeu measured a post and found it to be 3.85 m. How long was it in centimetres?
- A. 38.5 cm B. 3850 cm  
 C. 385 cm D. 3085 cm
37. Add
- |        |     |
|--------|-----|
| Litres | Ml  |
| 376    | 687 |
| + 95   | 289 |
| <hr/>  |     |
- A. 6L 14Ml B. 6L 104Ml  
 C. 97L 664Ml D. 8L 14Ml
38. Which of these statements is true of a rectangle?
- A. All angles are equal  
 B. All sides are equal  
 C. It has three sides  
 D. The sum of interior angles is  $180^\circ$
39. A bag of potatoes has a mass of 90 kg. What is the total mass of 127 such bags?
- A. 11830 B. 10830  
 C. 10430 D. 11430
40. Work out:  $2.14 \times 3$
- A. 5.14 B. 6.14  
 C. 6.42 D. 2.44
41. Water is pumped from a river to a tank 9 km away. How many metres is the tank away from the river?
- A. 9m  
 B. 9000m  
 C. 900m  
 D. 90m
42. Use the table below to answer question 42
- | Parcels             | sh  | ct |
|---------------------|-----|----|
| Upto 5kg            | 80  | 00 |
| Over 5kg upto 15kg  | 100 | 00 |
| Over 15kg upto 20kg | 500 | 00 |
- How much more is paid for a parcel weighing 18 kg than for a parcel weighing 5 kg?
- A. sh 400  
 B. sh 500  
 C. sh 420  
 D. sh 100
43. What is the measure of the angle marked y in the figure shown below?



- A.  $110^\circ$                       B.  $40^\circ$   
 C.  $20^\circ$                         D.  $70^\circ$

44. It is true to say that angles on a straight line add upto  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- A.  $360^\circ$                         B.  $60^\circ$   
 C.  $180^\circ$                         D.  $90^\circ$

45. The table below shows a tally system used in the traffic count. Use it to answer question 45

Vehicles	Tally marks
Cars	
Buses	
Lorries	
Taxis	
Bicycles	

How many more bicycles than buses were counted?

- A. 25                              B. 8  
 C. 10                              D. 17

46. Add:

h	min	s
7	34	25
+ 2	28	14
<hr/>		

- A. 9h 62min 39sec  
 B. 9h 12min 39sec  
 C. 10h 62min 39sec  
 D. 10h 02min 39sec

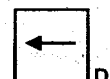
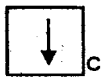
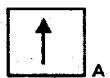
47. What is the perimeter of a rectangular field whose length is 2m 32cm and width 1m 14cm? Give your answer in cm

- A. 692cm                        B. 346cm  
 C. 46cm                         D. 232cm

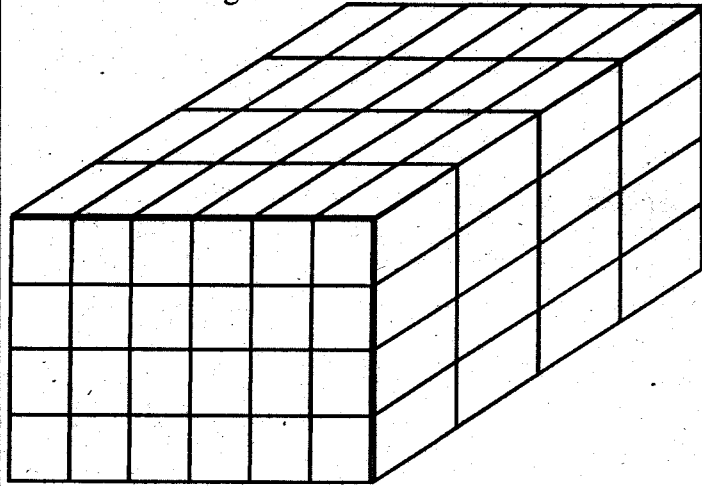
48. Multiply: 13kg 85g by 10

- A. 13kg 850g                  B. 138kg 50g  
 C. 130kg 85g                  D. 130kg 850g

49. What is the next shape in the pattern below?




50. How many small cubes have been put together to form the following stack?



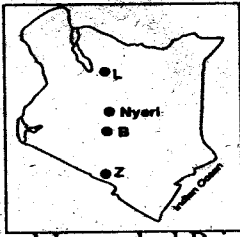
- A. 64                              B. 96  
 C. 120                            D. 24



18. The fishing method where several hooks are used for fishing is known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Purse seining                      B. Trawling  
 C. Long lining                         D. Netting
19. Kenya gained Independence in the year \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. 1963                                  B. 1946  
 C. 1936                                  D. 1964
20. Fatuma found five hundred shillings on the floor of their classroom. What should she do \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. Buy sweets for her classmates  
 B. Take the money to her class teacher  
 C. Inform her neighbours  
 D. Burn the money
21. The Kenya-Uganda railway was constructed to open up the interior for \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Colonial settlements              B. Adventure  
 C. Trade                                  D. Mining
22. The following is a major cause of soil erosion. Which one? \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Undergrazing                      B. Planting covercrops  
 C. Monocropping                      D. Forests
23. In lake Magadi, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are mined from the water.  
 A. Soda ash and salt  
 B. Sand and salt  
 C. Cement and soda ash  
 D. Fluospar and sand
24. The physical features that are seen above the surface of the earth are also called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Attitude features  
 B. Relief fetures  
 C. Plain features  
 D. Mountain features
25. The following lakes are used for fishing. Which one is not \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. Baringo                                B. Naivasha  
 C. Bogoria                                D. Jipe
26. A person who legally belongs to a particular country is referred to as a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Refugee                                B. Citizenship  
 C. Foreigner                              D. Citizen
27. The digram drawn here is a \_\_\_\_\_  
  
 A. Traditional tank  
 B. Traditional granary  
 C. Traditional hut  
 D. Traditional school
28. Which of the following crops is not grown under irrigation? \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. Rice                                      B. Sugarcane  
 C. Sisal                                      D. Cotton
29. To get the \_\_\_\_\_ of the day, you get the coldest and hottest times of the day, you add the two readings and divide them by two.  
 A. Average speed of wind  
 B. Average climate  
 C. Average rainfall  
 D. Average temperature
30. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest relief region in Kenya  
 A. The Nyika region                      B. The Rift valley

- C. The Lake Basin                      D. The Highlands
31. The crop that is mainly grown in Tanzania is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Cotton                                  B. Tea  
 C. Sugarcane                              D. Maize
32. Which of the following fishing methods is used in commercial fishing? \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Trawling                                B. Lining  
 C. Trapping                                D. Pulley method

Use the map below to answer questions 33-34

33. The lake marked Z is called \_\_\_\_\_  
  
 A. Baringo  
 B. Chala  
 C. Jipe  
 D. Bogoria
34. The lake marked B is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. L. Nakuru                                B. L. Naivasha  
 C. L. Elementaita                        D. L. Victoria
35. Which one of the following does not fall under manufacturing industries? \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Cement making                      B. Cereals milling  
 C. Paper making                         D. Plastic making
36. \_\_\_\_\_ were as a result of the intermarriage between the Bantus and the Arabs.  
 A. The Mijikenda                        B. Indians  
 C. The Tachoni                            D. The Swahili
37. One of the following ways was used by Kenyan Communities to interact in the past. Which one?  
 A. Marriage                                B. Reading  
 C. Writing                                 D. Reciting poems
38. The Bantu groups of Kenya are believed to have originated from \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Tanzania and Zambia  
 B. Uganda Congo region  
 C. Taita and Shungwaya  
 D. The Congo Cameroon region
39. One of the following is a form of child abuse. Which one is it? \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Child care                                B. Ritual Abuse  
 C. Child protection                      D. Child Education
40. \_\_\_\_\_ is an example of a service Industry.  
 A. Bread making                         B. Milk processing  
 C. Bicycle repair                         D. Fruit canning
41. Which of the following animal breeds is the odd one out?  
 A. Zebu                                      B. Fresian  
 C. Jersey                                    D. Ayrshire
42. Which of the following influences population distribution in Kenya?  
 A. Relief                                      B. Latitude  
 C. Longitude                                D. Time
43. Counting of people in Kenya is conducted after every \_\_\_\_\_ years.  
 A. 20                                         B. 5  
 C. 10                                         D. 6
44. If a person is born in Kenya, he/she becomes a citizen by \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Right                                      B. Birth  
 C. Registration                            D. Kenyanisation
45. Which of the following is NOT a responsibility of a Kenyan Citizen?  
 A. Paying taxes                            B. Being royal  
 C. Talking ill of Kenya                D. Being patriotic



46. Which of the following cultures should be preserved?  
 A. Circumcizing girls B. Immoral laws  
 C. Worshipping and fighting D. Dances and songs
47. People of almost the same age make a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Age-set B. Age-group  
 C. Chuma D. Visiwa
48. \_\_\_\_\_ is the process where citizens get involved in the affairs of their government.  
 A. Democracy B. Parliament  
 C. Participatory D. Indirect
49. Good citizenship ensures there is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Unfair treatment  
 B. Laziness  
 C. Disharmony in the country  
 D. Peace and understanding
50. Which one of the following is a type of democracy?  
 A. Participatory B. Constitutional  
 C. Electoral D. Consensus
51. Cultural artefacts are preserved in \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Gameparks B. Museums  
 C. Parliament D. Sanctuaries
52. How can children be protected from mistreatment?  
 A. Failing to listen to their views  
 B. Telling children to entertain strangers  
 C. Establishing a children's court  
 D. Disrespecting children's privacy
53. The white mineral mined in Kariandusi is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Limestone B. Diatomite  
 C. Fluorsper D. Soda ash
54. If a person is married to a Kenyan, he/she can be registered as a citizen after staying in Kenya for at least \_\_\_\_\_ years.  
 A. 7 Years B. 5 Years  
 C. 11 Years D. 10 Years
55. One of the following minerals is added in making of toothpaste. Which one is it?  
 A. Diatomite B. Limestone  
 C. Fluospar D. Soda-ash
56. When an adult person mistreats a child, it is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Child right B. Child abuse  
 C. Child protection D. Child control
57. Which is the most widespread means of communication in Kenya?  
 A. Television B. Newspaper  
 C. Radio D. Telex
58. A subsistence farmer is the one who \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Practices growing of cash crops  
 B. Grows crops for export  
 C. Grows food for home use  
 D. Processes foods
59. When crossing the road one should look \_\_\_\_\_,  
 A. Right, Left, Right B. Left, Left, Right  
 C. Right, Right, Left D. Left, Right, Left
60. Flowers are mainly transported by air because they?  
 A. Fetch high prices  
 B. Get spoiled easily  
 C. Are light in weight  
 D. Are in high demand

### C.R.E

61. As true Christian witnesses, we should practise our faith and show it through our \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Talking B. Dancing  
 C. Actions D. Praying
62. When we respect our father and mother God promises \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Great wealth on earth  
 B. Leadership roles on earth

- C. A short life on earth  
 D. A long life on earth
63. I lied to my father and took away the blessings of my brother then ran away to stay with my uncle. My name is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Cain B. Jacob  
 C. Joseph D. Esau
64. Which commandment tells us to respect our bodies as the temple of the Holy spirit?  
 A. Do not murder  
 B. Do not commit adultery  
 C. Do not covet  
 D. Do not steal
65. Which among the following is NOT an example of an evil behaviour?  
 A. Sharing food with our friends  
 B. Lying to other people  
 C. Abusing our friends  
 D. Fighting with others
66. What did Jesus do to the hungry people who followed him?  
 A. He chased them away  
 B. He prayed for them not to feel hungry  
 C. He fed them  
 D. He told them He was also hungry
67. If we are not satisfied with what we have, it may bring all the following except?  
 A. Anger B. Jealousy  
 C. Hatred D. Love
68. According to Mathew 5:8, who will see God?  
 A. The merciful B. The pure in heart  
 C. The humble D. The Gentle
69. Places of worship among Africans long ago were called \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Temple B. Caves  
 C. Shrines D. Synagogues
70. When Jesus was on earth, He did all the following things. Which one did He NOT do?  
 A. Filled people with evil spirit  
 B. Raised the dead  
 C. Healed the sick  
 D. Performed signs and wonders
71. Luke 22:19-20. "Then He took a piece of bread, gave thanks to God, ..... bread represents \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Blood of Jesus B. Sins of People  
 C. Pain of Jesus D. Body of Jesus
72. The home town of Jesus was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Jerusalem B. Calvary  
 C. Nazareth D. Bethlehem
73. When Moses was looking after his father-in-law's sheep, God appeared to him in form of a \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Cloud B. Flame of fire  
 C. Burning bush D. Burning candle
74. The parable of the Good Samaritan teaches us about \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. How to fight our enemies  
 B. Avoiding going to the city  
 C. Avoiding walking alone  
 D. Helping the needy
75. According to the apostles creed, who is referred to as the creator?  
 A. Jesus B. God  
 C. Holy spirit D. Angels
76. Which statement is correct?  
 A. Traditionally, boys and girls played together  
 B. Traditionally, boys and girls were allowed to engage in sex on special occasions  
 C. Boys and girls were expected to have self control  
 D. Sex outside marriage was allowed



ASSESSMENT DISTRICT TEST

END OF TERM II  
DARASA LA TANŌ KISWAHILI

**Jaza pengo kwa neno maalum**

Hospitali ni mahali maalum 1 matibabu kwa 2 hutolewa. Hospitali Ndogo huitwa 3 .Daktari, ambaye pia huitwa 4 ndiye 5 wagonjwa hao. Yeye hutumia 6 ili kuangalia kiwango cha joto mwilini. Wagonjwa ambao wako katika hali 7 hubebwa kwa 8 na kupelekwa hadi hospitalini. Wakifikishwa huko huchukuliwa kwa 9 mpaka ndani ya 10 . Mgonjwa akihitajika kudungwa 11 ,dawa huwekwa ndani ya 12 . Ndani ya wodi mgonjwa huendelea na kumeza 13 mpaka atakapopata 14 na kuruhusiwa kurudi 15 .

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. ambapo       | B. ambaye          |
| C. ambao           | D. ambazo          |
| 2. A. wazima       | B. wagonjwa        |
| C. wasafiri        | D. wakimbizi       |
| 3. A. mkoa         | B. mkahawa         |
| C. zahanati        | D. wilaya          |
| 4. A. mwuguzi      | B. bingwa          |
| C. mtaalamu        | D. tabibu          |
| 5. A. huwauwa      | B. huwatibu        |
| C. huwachinja      | D. huwalisha       |
| 6. A. kipima joto  | B. kipima mwili    |
| C. kipima hewa     | D. kipima mwangaza |
| 7. A. afadhali     | B. wengi           |
| C. mahututi        | D. wema            |
| 8. A. gari moshi   | B. ambulansi       |
| C. matwana         | D. basi            |
| 9. A. gurudumu     | B. merikebu        |
| C. baiskeli        | D. machela         |
| 10. A. wodi        | B. maliwato        |
| C. sebule          | D. nyumba          |
| 11. A. thindano    | B. shindano        |
| C. sindano         | D. mpira           |
| 12. A. tembe       | B. sinji           |
| C. mfereji         | D. kikombe         |
| 13. A. chakula     | B. mate            |
| C. tembe           | D. hewa            |
| 14. A. nafuu       | B. nafasi          |
| C. mwanya          | D. malaria         |
| 15. A. hospitalini | B. bweni           |
| C. kondeni         | D. nyumbani        |

**Jaza pengo kwa neno linalofaa**

16. Sakafu ya juu ya nyumba iliyo tambarare huitwa  
A. sebule B. dari  
C. dohani D. rafu
17. Fatuma ana mkono mrefu; mkono mrefu ni usemi ambao maana yake ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. rafiki B. mchoyo  
C. mwizi D. mkaidi

**Kamilisha methali ifuatayo**

18. Dua la kuku halimpatu \_\_\_\_\_  
A. jimbi B. jogoo  
C. kifaranga D. mwewe
19. Suruani fupi ambayo urefu wake haupiti magoti ambalo ni vazi la wavulana huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kaptura B. kizibao

- C. surupwenye D. gaguro
20. Shangazi anapomtembelea mama yangu hospitalini alimwambia \_\_\_\_\_ kwa kumpata mtoto wa kiume  
A. pole B. samahani  
C. hongera D. niwie radhi
21. Rangi ya bingu iliyotakata bila mawingu ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. urujuani B. samawati  
C. hudhurungi D. kijivu
22. Sehemu ya mwili iliyo baina ya paja na kiuno huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kwapa B. goti  
C. kipaji D. nyonga

**Tumia 'enyewe' kwa usahihi**

23. Kiti kilianguka kikavunjika \_\_\_\_\_  
A. zenyewe B. chenyewe  
C. lenyewe D. wenyewe
24. Msimu wa baridi kali bila mvua huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. vuli B. kiangazi  
C. masika D. kipupwe
25. Msororo wa mwisho unaorudiwarudiwa katika shairi kwa kila ubeti huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. mloto B. kibwagizo  
C. mleo D. mizani
26. Mwana wa mjukuu utamwita \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kilembwe B. mkoi  
C. kitukuu D. kining'ina

**Chagua neno sahihi la akisami inayoonyeshwa**

27



- A. sudusi  
B. thumni  
C. subui  
D. tusui

28. Malipo kwa ajili ya hasara iliyosababishwa kama vile kuchoma nyumba huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. nauli  
B. fani  
C. arbuni  
D. fidia

**Andika katika wakati ujao**

29. Amekuja akaniletea zawadi nono  
A. alipokuja aliniletea zawadi nono  
B. atakapokuja ataniletea zawadi nono  
C. asipokuja ataniletee zawadi nono  
D. anakuja na zawadi yangu nono

**Chagua ngeli sahihi**

30. Mpira wenye shimo umetupwa. Neno mpira liko katika ngeli gani?  
A. u-i B. ki-vi  
C. u-ya D. ya-ya
31. Kitenzi 'piga' katika kauli ya kutendwa kitakuwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. pigia B. pigwa  
C. pigika D. pigishwa
32. Babake Hamadi akilewa huwa mkali kama \_\_\_\_\_  
A. pilipili B. wembe  
C. siki D. simba

33. Kisu kikubwa na chenye makali pande zote mbili huitwa  
 A. monowari B. wembe  
 C. sime D. kombora

**Tegua kitendawili**

34. Ndege wangu anapepea mlingotini \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. bendera B. kivuli  
 C. upepo D. uyoga
35. Nomino mtu kwa ukubwa ni jitu, lakini kwa udogo ni \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. kamtu B. kijitu  
 C. jimtu D. watu
36. Mtu ambaye huunda vitu kwa kutumia chuma huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. mhuzi B. sonora  
 C. seremala D. mwashi

**Tumia kivumishi 'ote' kwa usahihi**

37. Chakula \_\_\_\_\_ kimeliwa na wageni  
 A. zote B. vyote  
 C. yote D. chote

**Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo**

38. Nimetembea nikachoka  
 A. Nimetembea lakini sijachoka  
 B. Nikitembea nitachoka  
 C. Sijatembea wala sijachoka  
 D. Sijatembea lakini nilichoka

**Tumia kiulizi 'pi' kwa usahihi**

39. Ni mlango \_\_\_\_\_ uliovunjwa?  
 A. ipi B. zipi  
 C. yapi D. upi

**Jaza nafasi kwa vitate inavyofaa**

40. Mama ali \_\_\_\_\_ chakula moto kisha akawapa \_\_\_\_\_ wake wakala  
 A. pasha, pacha B. pacha, pasha  
 C. posa, paza D. paza, posa

**Soma ujumbe kisha ujibu maswali 41-50**

Uchukuzi wa abiria nchini mwetu umekuwa tishio kubwa kwa maisha. Kuna uchukuzi wa aina nyingi kama vile wa gari, ndege, pikipiki, baiskeli na tuktuk.

Kati ya uchukuzi huu ningependa kuzungumzia uchukuzi wa gari, pikipiki na baiskeli.

Magari yanatishia maisha ya abiria kwa kusombeza watu kama magunia. Ajabu ni kwamba dereva anaposimamishwa na polisi, yeye hutoa kitu kidogo kisha gari linaruhusiwa kupita. Baada ya muda usio mrefu unasikia gari hilohilo limesababisha ajali, watu wengi wakasafirishwa ahera. Wewe kama abiria, usipande gari ambalo limejaa. Pia msiruhusu dereva awaendeshe kwa kasi. Mna haki ya kuungana na kukataa.

Pikipiki nayo imekuwa ni chombo cha wizi na utekaji nyara. Ni heri tuwe waangalifu wakati tunabebwa kwa pikipiki. Hakikisha unamfahamu anayekubeba na wala usichelewe nje na kubebwa usiku.

Baiskeli nayo je? magurudumu yake membamba ambayo huteleza kwa urahisi huangusha abiria ovyoovyo. Msipande baiskeli zaidi ya mtu mmoja msije mkailemea kwa uzito.

Tukiwa waangalifu, tutaepuka ajali ambazo zimeleta vifo, ulemavu na umaskini katika familia nyingi. Tukumbuke kuwa kinga ya shinda tiba

41. Ni nini imekuwa tishio kwa wananchi nchini?  
 A. uchukuzi wa abiria  
 B. askari kupewa magari  
 C. Abiria kubebwa kwa magari mengi  
 D. Magari kuwa na makosa
42. Mwandishi amezungumzia aina ngapi za usafiri?  
 A. 2 B. 4  
 C. 5 D. 6
43. Mwandishi amesititisha aina ngapi ya usafiri?  
 A. Baiskeli, tuktuk, gari na pikipiki  
 B. Tuktuk, baiskeli na gari  
 C. Baiskeli tuktuk na pikipiki  
 D. Gari pikipiki na baiskeli
44. Kitu kidogo ambacho huchukuliwa na askari ili kuruhusu magari yenye makosa yapite huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. ajira B. rushwa  
 C. karo D. mshahara
45. Nini maana ya usemi, kusafirishwa ahera?  
 A. kufa B. kulia  
 C. kutembea D. kupeleka
46. Pikipiki zimekuwa zikitumika kama vyombo vya \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Usafirishaji na ubebaji  
 B. Mawasiliano ya haraka  
 C. Wizi na utekaji nyara  
 D. Uaminifu na uhakika
47. Ni nini kinasababisha kuanguka kwa baiskeli kwa urahisi?  
 A. baiskeli kuwa ndogo kuliko mwendeshaji  
 B. barabara kuwa na magari mengi  
 C. magurudumu membamba yanayoteleza kwa urahisi  
 D. Abiria wengi hupenda kutumia baiskeli
48. Taja maafa ambayo huletwa na ajali kwa wananchi  
 A. Umaskini, utekaji nyara na wizi  
 B. Ulemavu, utekaji nyara na umaskini  
 C. Wizi, umaskini na utekaji nyara  
 D. Umaskini, vifo na ulemavu
49. Kwa nini watu wawili wasipande baiskeli moja?  
 A. Huenda wakakosa kutoshea  
 B. Wanaweza kushikwa na polisi  
 C. Huenda wakailimea kwa uzito  
 D. Wasafiri waweza haribu baiskeli
50. Kichwa kifaacho habari hii ni \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Uchukuzi wa abiria nchini  
 B. Magari na polisi  
 C. Umuhimu wa usafirishaji  
 D. Baiskeli na pikipiki

**GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT**  
**ASSESSMENT TEST END OF TERM II**  
**STD. 5 ENGLISH**

**Read the passage below and fill the blank spaces with the correct choice**

"We all know how 1 fire is to 2." Mr. Mugo began. "For example, it can 3 us with light and with 4 for cooking and boiling 5. However fire can also be very 6 if we are 7 with it. Let me tell you how fire often 8 in our houses and then you will know the best way of preventing them. A lot of fire is caused when 9 are careless with lamps, candles and jikos. If a paraffin lamp is 10 over then the paraffin may spill and 11 fire. Then the fire 12 to other things in the room. I 13 that the fire in the market, the other day 14 like that. If a candle fall over 15 can set fire to the table cloth and to things on the table such as papers.

- |                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. use       | B. useful    |
| C. used         | D. useless   |
| 2. A. us        | B. me        |
| C. him          | D. her       |
| 3. A. provided  | B. provide   |
| C. providing    | D. profit    |
| 4. A. water     | B. heat      |
| C. fire         | D. bum       |
| 5. A. danger    | B. water     |
| C. kill         | D. save      |
| 6. A. dangerous | B. danger    |
| C. good         | D. better    |
| 7. A. care      | B. caring    |
| C. careful      | D. careless  |
| 8. A. starts    | B. set       |
| C. beginning    | D. began     |
| 9. A. animals   | B. people    |
| C. pupils       | D. pleoples  |
| 10. A. knocked  | B. knock     |
| C. knocks       | D. knocking  |
| 11. A. caught   | B. got       |
| C. catch        | D. getting   |
| 12. A. spreads  | B. spreading |
| C. spreaded     | D. got       |
| 13. A. belief   | B. believed  |
| C. believe      | D. beliefs   |
| 14. A. caused   | B. started   |
| C. cause        | D. start     |
| 15. A. its      | B. it's      |
| C. its'         | D. it        |

**Choose the correct answer**

16. The children \_\_\_\_\_ to class to write a composition  
 A. hurry B. hurriedly  
 C. hurried D. hurried
17. All pupils \_\_\_\_\_ their books to school  
 A. carried B. carrying  
 C. carries D. carry

**Choose the plural of the underlined word**

18. The piano produced a good melody  
 A. piano B. pianos  
 C. pianoes D. pianoes'
19. Children like eating juicy mango in the forest  
 A. mangoes B. mango  
 C. mangos D. mangoses

**Fill in the blank spaces with the correct conjunction**

20. We saw palm trees at the coast \_\_\_\_\_ we ate coconut  
 A. but B. yet  
 C. and D. or
21. Our motor boat was small \_\_\_\_\_ we could not help them  
 A. but B. or  
 C. because D. so

**Choose the correct question tag**

22. Chege sells cars, \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. doesn't he? B. does he?  
 C. did he? D. didn't he?
23. They do not manufacture dairy products, \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. have they? B. haven't they?  
 C. don't they? D. do they?

**Choose the correctly punctuated sentence**

24. A. Mother asked, did you win the fashion show.  
 B. Mother asked, Did you win the fashion show?  
 C. Mother asked, "did you win the fashion show?"  
 D. Mother asked, "Did you win the fashion show?"
25. A. "She has knitted a matching scarf," said Rose  
 B. She has knitted a matching scarf said Rose  
 C. "Rose said, "she has knitted a matching scarf"  
 D. "Rose said, she has knitted a matching scarf."

**Choose the correct order of adjectives**

26. They have bought \_\_\_\_\_ sprinklers  
 A. new, black, three B. three, new, black  
 C. three, black, new D. new, three, black
27. Mother lost her \_\_\_\_\_ gumboots  
 A. old, rubber, green B. rubber, old, green  
 C. green, rubber, old D. old, green, rubber

**Write the correct occupation**

28. A person who rides horses in a race \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Jockey B. Judge  
 C. Lawyer D. Glazier
29. A person who writes articles for newspapers and magazines; works with the media \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Chef B. Barber  
 C. Mechanic D. Journalist

**Choose the correct word to complete the sentence**

30. Our teacher \_\_\_\_\_ two rats in the staffroom  
 A. trap B. traps  
 C. trapping D. trapped

**Read this passage and answer questions 31-40**

The mobile phone has become closer to us than the closest friend or even our partner. Without a phone we feel incomplete. Although there are many uses of the mobile phone, the phone also has many disadvantages. We have become very lazy. A phone call is enough to pass a message. Many people do not care whether they hurt or excite you. They feel they have saved time. We have become too busy even to chat with a friend. A short message on phone is easier for us than visiting the friend.

We also have doctors who consult and treat patients on the phone. Is this right? I do not think so. The results are wrong prescriptions that can lead to prolonged illness. It is through phone messages or calls that many people have suffered the loss of a loved one. Many people have had family breakups due to the use of mobile phones. Is it worth the

effort to buy and keep a phone.

The crime rate went up immediately the mobile telephone was introduced. Many people were able to make quick money from stolen phones. Many pick pockets have also lost their lives while trying to steal phones. Children in school have not been left out. The mobile phone has led many pupils in trouble, some pupils have been tempted to use phones in the national examination to pass answers. This has brought the pupils a lot of trouble. Some pupils have already been arrested and their exam results cancelled. This is a big loss to the pupils and their parents.

31. The mobile phone according to the passage \_\_\_\_\_  
A. is treated as a close friend  
B. is not treated as a close friend  
C. has become very useless  
D. is very expensive
32. Without a phone  
A. we are complete                      B. we feel incomplete  
C. we are happy                          D. is very expensive
33. How has the telephone made us lazy?  
A. we have to pass a message than going to see the person  
B. it does all work for us  
C. many people use it  
D. people use it to pass the message instead of going to see somebody
34. Why do many people choose to use the telephone?  
A. It is more expensive  
B. It makes them feel lazy  
C. It helps you meet people  
D. It saves time
35. According to the passage some doctors \_\_\_\_\_  
A. go to see their patient  
B. treat their patients on phone  
C. do not treat their patient  
D. do not use the mobile phone at all
36. Which of the following is not a disadvantage of a mobile phone  
A. saving time                              B. breakup of families  
C. loss of friends                          D. loss of life
37. What happened when the mobile was introduced?  
A. Most people became rich  
B. People made more friends  
C. The police were able to arrest all criminals  
D. The crime rate went up
38. Who is a pick pocket?  
A. one who has many pockets  
B. one whose pocket is picked  
C. one who steals from other's pocket  
D. one who has been picked
39. How has phones damaged children's lives?  
A. They have cheated in exams  
B. Exams are not cancelled  
C. They have stolen from parents  
D. They have been bought phones
40. The best title for the above passage is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Advantages of telephones  
B. The use of mobile phones  
C. The mobile phones  
D. Disadvantages of the mobile phones

**Read the passage below and then answer the questions 41-50**

Most birds are recognized for their sweet songs that they make. One bird that I have in mind is the Songbird. A Songbird is a harmless creature. She is a night bird. After dark-

ness has fallen over the land, she would sing her sweet melodies until the sun's rays would hit up the world again.

Long ago all men and animals were grateful to her. Those who lay sick and were unable to sleep, blessed her. Those who had worked hard all day long also blessed her because her music sent them quickly into a deep sleep and a peaceful one. The sweet music made them forget their problems for a while.

The Song bird seemed as if she did not have a single enemy anywhere in the world. She was a happy creature. She was happy for all those who enjoyed her beautiful music.

Early one morning, as she was flying home to her nest, after finishing her night entertainment, she felt pleased because she had given the best performance of her life. Suddenly from high in the sky came a hungry Hawk. He seized the little Song bird in his talons. The Hawk carried its prey high up in the sky. Drops of blood from the Song bird tiny body, dripped down to the earth.

The Song Bird pleaded for mercy. But her cry went deaf ears of the Hawk. High up in the mountains, the Hawk ate the beautiful Song bird for his breakfast. But the Songbirds death was avenged by the maker of all things. The very next day, as the Hawk was looking for more prey, God sent a flash of lightening. The Hawk disappeared forever in a puff of smoke. the villager came to learn the death of the Song bird with great sadness.

41. The Song bird was a good creature because she \_\_\_\_\_  
A. had many enemies                      B. enjoyed her music  
C. gave pleasure to many                  D. sang during the day
42. The writer has described the songbird as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. day bird                                      B. harmful bird  
C. prey bird                                      D. night bird
43. The Songbird used to sing her songs until \_\_\_\_\_  
A. evening                                        B. morning  
C. midnight                                      D. afternoon
44. Men and animals who heard the sweet songs of the Songbird were \_\_\_\_\_  
A. grateful                                        B. annoyed  
C. tired    D. merciless
45. Those who were sent to quick deep and peaceful sleep were those who \_\_\_\_\_  
A. were sick                                      B. were tired  
C. had been eaten                              D. hated birds
46. The only enemy of the Songbird was \_\_\_\_\_  
A. man    B. other birds  
C. hawk    D. lightening
47. The Hawk carried the Songbird in his \_\_\_\_\_  
A. feet    B. beak  
C. talons    D. wings
48. The Songbird pleaded for mercy because she \_\_\_\_\_  
A. was very small  
B. did not want to be killed  
C. had been tired  
D. wanted to kill Hawk
49. The word maker is underlined in the passage. It means the same as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. man    B. enemy  
C. prey    D. God
50. What happened to the Hawk the following day?  
A. He was eaten by another flash eater  
B. He fell from the mountains and died  
C. He was killed by lightening  
D. He escaped from death