

# STEGA SERIES

## DARASA LA SITA

### KISWAHILI

MUDA: 1: DAKIKA 40

Jaza nafasi 1-15 kwa neno lifaalo

Baba ni mkulima na \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ mwenye mbuzi \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ na punda mmoja. Mama ni mfanyibiashara. Anauza \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ vidogo mitaanikwenye kibanda \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ Pesa \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ hazitoshi kwa mahitaji na \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ ya nyumba pamoja na ada ya shule. Mara \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ sisi hufukuzwa shuleni kwa \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ karo. Ingawa wazazi wetu wanajitahidi kutulipa hawana pesa \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ kutosha. Tafadhali \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ masomo yetu.

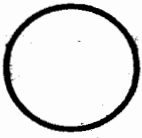
- |     |               |               |               |               |
|-----|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1.  | A. mfugaji    | B. dereva     | C. mwizi      | D. utingo     |
| 2.  | A. mbili      | B. wawili     | C. wambili    | D. kipili     |
| 3.  | A. matunda    | B. mifuko     | C. vitu       | D. maembe     |
| 4.  | A. yake       | B. zake       | C. wake       | D. chake      |
| 5.  | A. anapoleta  | B. anazopata  | C. anachopata | D. anaopata   |
| 6.  | A. wote       | B. lote       | C. yote       | D. mote       |
| 7.  | A. nyingi     | B. mengi      | C. wengi      | D. kingi      |
| 8.  | A. kupata     | B. kukosa     | C. mapato     | D. wingi wa   |
| 9.  | A. wa         | B. la         | C. za         | D. ya         |
| 10. | A. tukimaliza | B. tunamaliza | C. tutamaliza | D. tulimaliza |

Vijiji \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ wilaya \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ vimebaki kama \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_ na wakazi hawawezi kwenda mahali \_\_\_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_\_\_ kwa sababu ya kuzingirwa na mafuriko. Tangu mvua \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ kunesha wamepata taabu.

- |     |           |           |           |           |
|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 11. | A. ya     | B. vya    | C. za     | D. wa     |
| 12. | A. huo    | B. hio    | C. hiyo   | D. huyo   |
| 13. | A. visima | B. viziwa | C. vizima | D. visiwa |
| 14. | A. popote | B. yoyote | C. lolote | D. wowote |
| 15. | A. lianze | B. uanze  | C. ianze  | D. yaanze |

Jibu swali 16-30 kulingana na maagizo

16. Taja jina la umbo hili \_\_\_\_\_



- A. duara
- B. Duara dufu
- C. Mraba
- D. Mzunguko

17. Tegua kitendawili: Mama nieleke \_\_\_\_\_

- A. usingizi
- B. kitanda
- C. kaburi
- D. ndoto

18. Tumia 'amba': Uovu \_\_\_\_\_ alitenda ulimtia matatani.

- A. ambayo
- B. ambazo
- C. ambao
- D. ambalo

19. Tumia kiulizi kifaacho: Mahali \_\_\_\_\_ panapendeza?

- A. pangapi
- B. mangapi
- C. kingapi
- D. wangapi

20. Kamilisha methali: Heri kufa macho kuliko \_\_\_\_\_

- A. kufa moyo
- B. kufa ulimi
- C. kufa kichwa
- D. kufa sikio

21. Kipi si kiungo cha chakula?

- A. Pilipili hoho
- B. Mafuta
- C. Dania
- D. Kitunguu

22. Kutokana na mwokaji tunapata kitenzi \_\_\_\_\_

- A. okoa
- B. okazi
- C. oka
- D. okovu

23. Kipepeo \_\_\_\_\_ ameruka.

- A. chenyewe
- B. kwenyewe
- C. kienyewe
- D. mwenyewe

24. Mmea uzao kahawa ni \_\_\_\_\_

- A. mgomba
- B. mbuni

C. mkorosho

D. mwembe

25. Nyumba \_\_\_\_\_ zitabomolewa kesho.

- A. ingine
- B. zingine
- C. nyingine
- D. kwingine

26. Kitenzi vunja katika hali ya kutendewa ni \_\_\_\_\_

- A. vinjika
- B. vunjiwa
- C. vunja
- D. vunjia

27. Maana ya semi ng'oa nanga ni sawa na \_\_\_\_\_

- A. anza safari
- B. maliza safari
- C. acha safari
- D. safari ndefu

28. Ufupisho wa somo yake ni \_\_\_\_\_

- A. somoze
- B. somoche
- C. somoye
- D. somoke

29. Utakula chakula umalize fyu ilhali utaanguka matopeni \_\_\_\_\_

- A. chupwi
- B. pwa!
- C. pu
- D. tifu

30. Mapapai \_\_\_\_\_ hupatikana kila msimu.

- A. ndilo
- B. ndio
- C. ndiyo
- D. ndizo

**Soma habari zifuatazo kwa makini kisha ujibu maswali 31-40.**

Kweli asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu. Kimani mwana wa jirani yangu alikuwa na tabia nzuri. hata hivyo alipofika darasa la nane tabia zilibadilika. Alianza kuwa mtukutu kwa wazazi nao wakamwacha kufunzwa na ulimwengu. Kimani aliamua kwenda mjini Nairobi. Aliiba shilingi elfu moja za mamaye akang'oa nanga. Alizidi kuponda raha na vijana wa mjini.

Hata hivyo kila kitu kina mwisho. Mapema mwaka jana, kijana huyo alirudishwa nyumbani akiwa katika hali ya kusikitisha sana. Alikuwa na virusi vya ugonjwa wa ukimwi. Siku hizi maskani yake ni kitandani akiugua. Kila sehemu ya mwili wake humwuuma. Ikiwa si kikihozi kumsumbua ni kuendesha tumbo. Ugonjwa wake haujui dawa yoyote. ukweli ni kwamba kifo kinamkodolea macho sana.

Angeusikiliza ushauri wa wazazi wake, wakati huu asingekuwa akiugua. Angekuwa shuleni akielimika kama vijana wenzake.

31. Tabia za Kimani zilibadilika \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. alipoanza shule
  - B. alipokuwa mtu mzima
  - C. alipofika darasa la nane
  - D. alipomaliza chuo kikuu
32. Ni sawa kusema kwamba Kimani alikuwa
  - A. mtukutu
  - B. mtuifu
  - C. karimu
  - D. mkorofi
33. Kung'oa nanga ni \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. kuanza safari
  - B. kumaliza safari
  - C. kufa
  - D. kukimbia sana
34. Juhudi za watu za kumwelekeza Kimani
  - A. zilifaulu
  - B. zilifurahisha
  - C. hazikufaulu
  - D. ziliugua
35. Pesa alizoiba zilikuwa \_\_\_\_\_ moja.
  - A. 100
  - B. 10000
  - C. 100000
  - D. 1000
36. Aliporudishwa nyumbani, Kimani
  - A. alikuwa mwenye afya nzuri
  - B. alikuwa na virusi vya ukimwi
  - C. hakuwa na virusi vya ukimwi
  - D. alikuwa tajiri sana
37. Siku hizi Kimani hukaa kitandani kwa sababu
  - A. hupenda kulala
  - B. anaugua
  - C. anachukiwa na marafiki
  - D. hapendi kwenda
38. Watu wote waliacha kumfunza Kimani sababu
  - A. aliwapuuza
  - B. mamake alikataa kumfunza
  - C. walitaka apate shida
  - D. alikuwa hapendwi
39. Ugonjwa wa kuendesha ni
  - A. tauni
  - B. kifaduro
  - C. kifafa
  - D. kaputula
40. Kichwa mwafaka cha makala haya ni
  - A. fuata nyuki ule asali
  - B. pole za kobe humfikisha mbali
  - C. asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu
  - D. akiba haiozo

**Soma makala haya kisha ujibu maswali 41-50.**

Mara tu basi lilipoanza mwendo nilianza kisinzia. Muda si muda nikala. Nikiamshwa na kodakta alipokuwa anahitaji nauli yangu. Nilitia mkono mfukoni nikamtotea pesa alizohitaji. Alinipa tikiti. Baada ya hayo niliangaza macho kwa muda halafu nikalala tena. Usingizi ulikuwa mtamu.

Baada ya muda basi lilipiga breki kwa ghafla nami nikaamka. Kutupa macho huku na matongo nikajipangusapangusa uso, nikazinyoosha nguo zangu tayari kuukabili mji. Nilienda chafya na mayo mara kadhaa kabla ya kuwasili.

41. Mwandishi alianza kulinzia  
A. baada ya kufika  
B. baada ya kuanza mwendo  
C. kabla ya safari  
D. alipolala
42. Anayechukua pesa za usafiri katika basi ni  
A. dereva  
B. msafiri  
C. kodakta  
D. nahodha
43. Baada ya kulipa nauli msafiri hupewa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. zawadi  
B. pongezi  
C. malipo  
D. tikiti
44. Mwandishi aliangaza macho kisha akalala kwa kawaida watu hulala  
A. pepepe  
B. lalalala  
C. fofofo  
D. fyu
45. Mwandishi alitupa macho huku na huku akimaanisha  
A. alichukua macho akatupa  
B. alilala  
C. aliangalia  
D. alichanganyikiwa
46. Matongo ni uchafu wa macho ilhali uchafu wa sikio ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. nta  
B. uchafu  
C. damu  
D. usaha
47. Walikuwa karibu kuwasili mji mkuu wa Jamhuri ya Kenya ambao ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Mombasa  
B. Nairobi  
C. Nakuru  
D. Kisumu
48. Enda chafya ni semi ambayo imetumika kwenye ufahamu ina maana ya \_\_\_\_\_  
A. lia  
B. chemua  
C. kohoa  
D. ogelea
49. Tunanyoosha nguo \_\_\_\_\_  
A. nyooke  
B. tifu  
C. twaa  
D. fyu
50. Kichwa kifaacho kwa habari hii ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Safari ya kufana  
B. Usingizi niliolala  
C. Mwendo wa basi  
D. Safari ya gari moshi

# STEGA SERIES

## STANDARD SIX

### SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 min

1. Which vaccine leaves a permanent scar on the arm of an infant?

- A. DDP                      B. BCG  
C. Anti-measles            D. Polio

2. The anthers are held in position by the

- A. ovary                      B. filaments  
C. style                      D. stalk

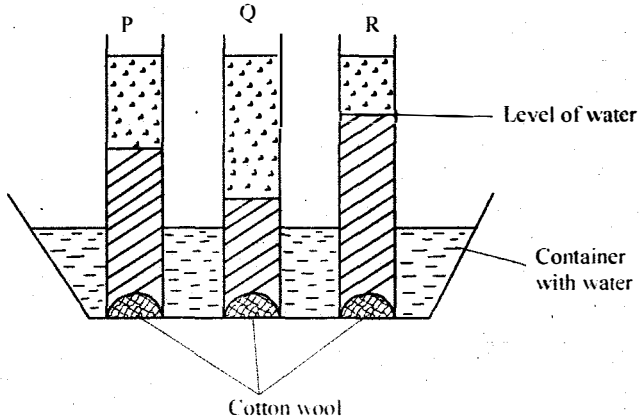
3. Which pair of non-green plants are useful?

- A. Penicillium and yeast  
B. Mushroom and toadstool  
C. Pine and yeast  
D. Penicillium and dandruffs

4. Which of the following is NOT a rotational type of grazing?

- A. Tethering                      B. Strip grazing  
C. Herding                      D. Paddocking

5. Std 5 pupils set up the experiment as shown below to investigate capillarity in soils.



From the observations made, it is TRUE to say that soil

- A. R had larger particles than Q  
B. P has the smallest particles  
C. Q would feel rough between fingers  
D. P would be the best for growing crops.

6. Which part of the flower does NOT dry up after fertilisation?

- A. petals                      B. stigma  
C. sepals                      D. anthers

7. Which one is NOT a function of the nose during inhalation?

- A. Filtering dust                      B. Trapping moisture  
C. Warming the air                      D. Moistening the air

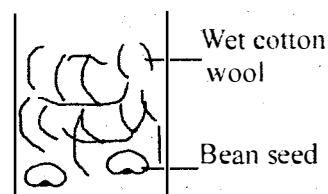
8. Which statement is CORRECT about a chameleon?

- A. It lays eggs                      B. It is a mammal  
C. It gives birth                      D. It has a moist skin

9. Sound travels BEST in

- A. liquids                      B. gases  
C. vacuum                      D. solids

10. Std 6 pupils set up an experiment as shown below to investigate conditions necessary for germination.



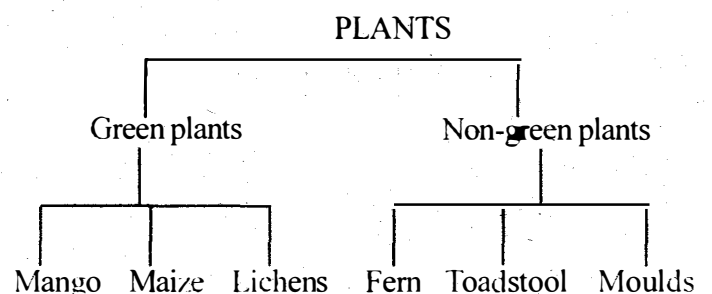
If the above apparatus were put in a refrigerator, which condition were the pupils investigating?

- A. Air                      B. Moisture  
C. Soil                      D. Warmth

11. Which one of the following is NOT a change of state?

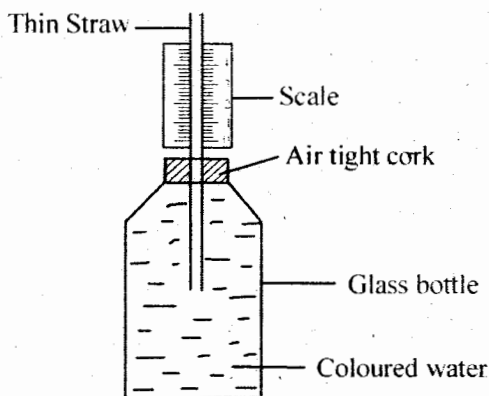
- A. Melting cooking fat  
B. Boiling water to steam  
C. Freezing water  
D. Burning a paper to ash

12. Plants were grouped as shown in the diagram below



Which plants were **WRONGLY** classified?

- A. Moulds and maize
  - B. Moulds and lichens
  - C. Lichens and fern
  - D. Toadstool and moulds
13. Which of the activities below does **NOT** require heat?
- A. Drying grains
  - B. Ironing
  - C. Photography
  - D. Cooking
14. Gulley erosion can **BEST** be controlled by
- A. mulching
  - B. planting cover crops
  - C. digging terraces
  - D. building gabions
15. The following are some of the physical changes which occur in both boys and girls during adolescence **EXCEPT**:-
- A. broadening of chest
  - B. enlargement of sex organs
  - C. appearance of pimples on the face
  - D. growth of pubic hair
16. The diagram below shows a liquid thermometer constructed by a group of std 5 pupils

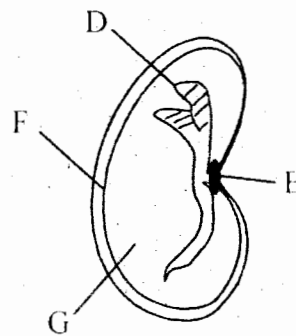


The pupils made a mistake by

- A. using coloured water
  - B. marking the scale wrongly
  - C. using a thin straw
  - D. using a glass bottle
17. Which one is **NOT** a sign of bilharzia?
- A. Blood in urine
  - B. Skin rashes
  - C. Stomachache
  - D. Itching in the bladder
18. Water **CANNOT** be stored in
- A. dams
  - B. tanks
  - C. drums
  - D. pipes

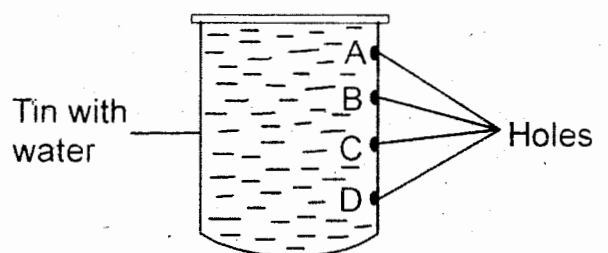
19. Which one of the following is **NOT** a traditional method of preserving food?

- A. Use of ash
  - B. Smoking
  - C. Canning
  - D. Salting
20. One of the following is **NOT** a deficiency disease. Which one is it?
- A. Malaria
  - B. Marasmus
  - C. Anaemia
  - D. Kwashiorkor
21. The diagram below shows parts of a bean seed.



The part which attaches the seed to its fruit is marked

- A. G
  - B. E
  - C. D
  - D. F
22. During fertilisation in plants, the pollen tube develops in the
- A. stigma
  - B. anthers
  - C. ovary
  - D. style
23. Liquids and gases are similar in that both have
- A. definite mass
  - B. definite shape
  - C. definite size
  - D. expand most when heated
24. Std 4 pupils set up an experiment as shown below



Which hole threw water the farthest?

- A. D
- B. C
- C. A
- D. None

25. Which one is **NOT** a reason for taking a HIV test?

- A. To see treatment early
- B. To decide on marriage
- C. To plan for future dependants
- D. To know one's status

26. A rain gauge bought in shops has its parts made of metal **MAINLY** to:-

- A. reduce evaporation of the collected water
- B. provide accurate results
- C. last longer
- D. expand and contract easily

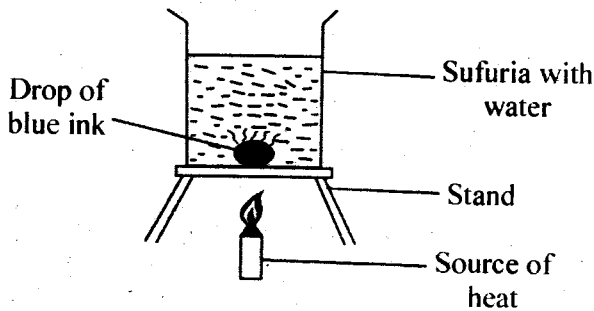
27. Which one is **NOT** an advantage of weeds?

- A. They hide some crop pests
- B. Some are edible
- C. Some prevent soil erosion
- D. They add humus when they decompose

28. Which of the following foods is **NOT** a source of body building nutrients?

- A. Pork
- B. Eggs
- C. Groundnuts
- D. Melons

29. Water was put in a sufuria then placed on a source of heat. A drop of ink was then introduced at the bottom of the sufuria as shown below.



After sometime, the water in the sufuria turned blue.

The drop of ink spread by

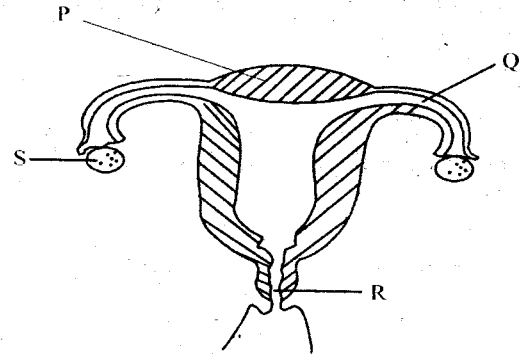
- A. convection
- B. conduction
- C. radiation
- D. melting

30. Khamati weighs 50kg while Cherob weighs 40kg.

For them to balance on a see saw, Khamati should

- A. sit far from the pivot
- B. sit at the same distance as cherob
- C. sit closer to the fulcrum
- D. stand on the pivot

31. The diagram below shows parts of the female reproductive system.



Which of the parts labelled P, Q, R and S is **CORRECTLY** matched with its function?

**Part**                      **Function**

- A. Q      Receives male sex cells.
- B. P      Attachment of a fertilised ovum
- C. S      Fusion of male and female sex cells.
- D. R      Production of female sex cells.

32. The **MOST** common fodder crop is

- A. Sweet potato vines.
- B. Napier grass
- C. Dairy meal
- D. Lucerne

33. Which of the following is **NOT** an agent of pollination?

- A. Bees
- B. Wind
- C. Water
- D. Soil

34. We are **NOT** able to see stars during the day because

- A. they move higher at daytime.
- B. they use the moonlight to shine
- C. the sunlight is too bright
- D. they switch off during the day.

35. Absorption of water takes place in the

- A. colon
- B. ileum
- C. rectum
- D. stomach

36. A bowl made of iron floats on water due to its

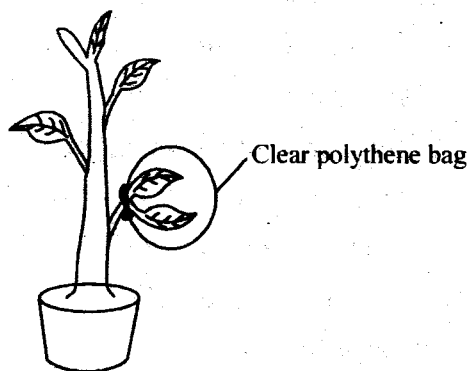
- A. size
- B. material
- C. weight
- D. shape

37. Which two animals below have their bodies covered by dry scales and breathe by means of lungs?

- A. Toad and chameleon
- B. Newt and frog

- C. Chameleon and tilapia
- D. Tortoise and lizard

38. A child lacking vitamin D is **LIKELY** to suffer from
- A. kwashiorkor
  - B. soft bones
  - C. anaemia
  - D. marasmus
39. One of the following is **NOT** a tuber crop. Which one is it?
- A. Cassava
  - B. Onions
  - C. Carrots
  - D. Arrow roots
40. The diagram below shows an experiment done to demonstrate a certain process in plants



Which observation was made in the above experiment?

- A. Water droplets
  - B. Respiration in plants
  - C. Absorption
  - D. Transpiration in plants
41. A beam balance is used to
- A. measure weight of objects
  - B. measure volume of objects
  - C. compare masses of objects
  - D. compare density of objects
42. Which of the following is **NOT** a maintenance practice on tools?
- A. cleaning after use
  - B. sharpening
  - C. storing safely
  - D. proper use
43. Rearing fish in ponds is a use of water
- A. in industries
  - B. for recreation
  - C. in the farm
  - D. at home

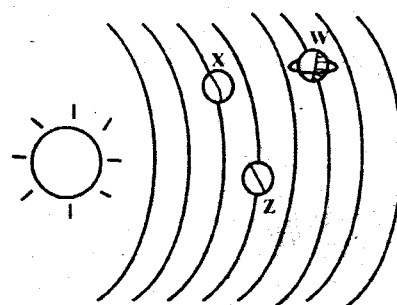
44. Habiba heated some garden soil in an open tin. The component of soil she was investigating is
- A. humus
  - B. water
  - C. minerals
  - D. air

45. The skin which encloses the male testes is known as
- A. penis
  - B. spermduct
  - C. urethra
  - D. scrotum

46. Which two processes in change of state occur due to an increase in temperature?
- A. Condensation and freezing
  - B. Melting and evaporation
  - C. Evaporation and condensation
  - D. Freezing and melting

47. The extent to which a type of soil feels smooth or rough is determined by
- A. the size of the particles
  - B. amount of air in it
  - C. amount of humus in it
  - D. amount of water in it

48. The illustration below shows a model of the solar system.



The planets marked W and X respectively are

- A. Earth and Saturn
  - B. Saturn and Venus
  - C. Saturn and Earth
  - D. Jupiter and Mercury
49. During germination, a seed absorbs water through the \_\_\_\_\_
- A. testa
  - B. scar
  - C. endosperm
  - D. micropyle
50. Which one is **NOT** a problem related to teeth?
- A. Bad breath
  - B. Cavities
  - C. Dental caries
  - D. Dental floss



# STEGA SERIES

## STANDARD SIX

### MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 Hours

1. Which of the numbers is thirteen million three hundred and thirteen thousand and thirteen?

- A. 13331013
- B. 13313013
- C. 13313103
- D. 1331313

2. What is the GCD of 24, 36, and 60?

- A. 12
- B. 360
- C. 24
- D. 6

3. Work out the total value of digit 6 in the sum of 6784 and 9244.

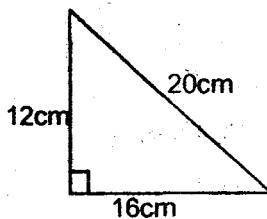
- A. Hundreds
- B. Thousands
- C. Six thousand
- D. Tens of thousands

4. Work out: -

$$3\frac{1}{4} \div 2\frac{1}{2}$$

- A.  $1\frac{3}{10}$
- B.  $8\frac{1}{8}$
- C.  $\frac{10}{13}$
- D.  $\frac{8}{65}$

5. Calculate the area of the triangle.



- A.  $192\text{cm}^2$
- B.  $38\text{cm}^2$
- C.  $96\text{cm}^2$
- D.  $240\text{cm}^2$

6. How much more is the total value of digit 4 more than the total value of digit 2 in the number 684320?

- A. 3900
- B. 3980
- C. 216
- D. 200

7. What is the reciprocal of  $4\frac{3}{4}$ ?

- A.  $\frac{19}{4}$
- B.  $\frac{3}{16}$
- C.  $\frac{4}{12}$
- D.  $\frac{4}{19}$

8. What is the smallest number that must be added to

9596 to make it divisible by 8?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 2

9. Okindo bought a shirt for sh 800 and later sold it for sh 880. Calculate his percentage profit

- A. 20%
- B. 80%
- C. 10%
- D.  $9\frac{1}{10}\%$

10. The area of a triangle is  $108\text{cm}^2$ . Its height measures 18cm. What is its base?

- A. 24cm
- B. 18cm
- C. 12cm
- D. 6cm

11. A bus left Nairobi at 8.40 a.m. It took 5h 30min to travel to Mutito Andei. At what time did it reach Mutito Andei?

- A. 2.10p.m
- B. 1.10p.m
- C. 2.10a.m
- D. 2.30p.m

12. The area of a square is  $576\text{cm}^2$ . What is the perimeter of the square?

- A. 2304cm
- B. 24cm
- C. 96cm
- D. 48cm

13. What is  $\frac{3}{5}$  expressed as a percentage?

- A. 20%
- B. 80%
- C. 40%
- D. 60%

14. The diagram below shows a magic square. Calculate the product of the values of X and Y?

X		6
3	5	Y
4		

- A. 480
- B. 14
- C. 56
- D. 40

15. Work out:  $5\frac{1}{4} - 3\frac{1}{3} + 1\frac{1}{2}$

largest to the smallest.

A.  $\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{1}{2}$       B.  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{4}{5}$

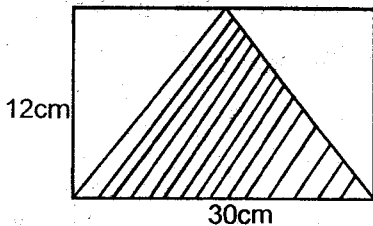
C.  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{4}{5}$       D.  $\frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{2}$

33. Work out :-  $6 - 0.784$

A. 5.784      B. 5.216

C. 6.216      D. 0.216

34. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below?



A.  $360 \text{ cm}^2$       B.  $180 \text{ cm}^2$

C.  $240 \text{ cm}^2$       D.  $120 \text{ cm}^2$

35. Work out :-  $488 \times 240 =$

A. 117120      B. 116120

C. 118220      D. 117220

36. Find the value of  $1.2 \div 0.06$

A. 0.2      B. 2

C. 200      D. 20

37. Round off 9.389 correct to two decimal places.

A. 10.40      B. 9.39

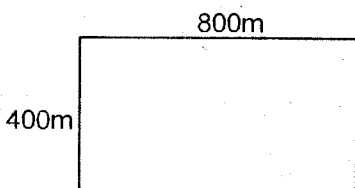
C. 9.40      D. 9.38

38. What is the sum of the prime numbers between 10 and 20?

A. 60      B. 30

C. 90      D. 41

39. The diagram below represents Hamis's plot of land. Calculate its area in hectares.



A. 32 ha      B. 3.2 ha

C. 320 h      D. 3200 ha

40. A school has 1450 pupils. Each pupil was given 13

exercise books but 348 remained in the store. How many books were there altogether?

A. 1811      B. 18850

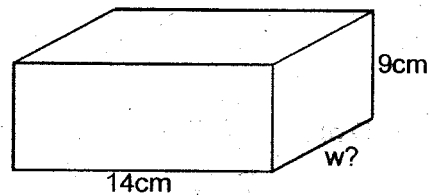
C. 19198      D. 19189

41. Increase sh 2000 by 15%.

A. sh 2600      B. sh 300

C. sh 2300      D. 23000

42. The volume of the rectangular box below is  $1512 \text{ cm}^3$ . Calculate the width of the box.



A. 14cm      B. 12cm

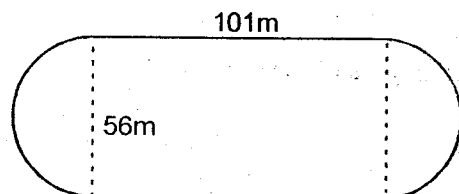
C. 24cm      D. 6cm

43. Otieno bought 120 fish. He later realised that 20% of them were bad. How many fish were good?

A. 96      B. 24

C. 48      D. 72

44. Calculate the distance round the figure below (Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )



A. 378m      B. 490m

C. 277m      D. 157m

45. A container holds 9.5 litres. June poured  $6\frac{1}{2}$  L of water into the container. How many more millilitres of water were needed to fill the container?

A. 3ml      B. 300ml

C. 3000ml      D. 0.003ml

46. A teacher had 90 pencils. He gave out 20 pencils to the girls, 40 pencils to the boys and kept the rest in the cabinet. What fraction of the pencils did the teacher keep in the cabinet?

A.  $\frac{2}{9}$       B.  $\frac{2}{3}$

C.  $\frac{1}{3}$       D.  $\frac{1}{9}$

- A.  $\frac{7}{12}$                       B.  $1\frac{5}{12}$   
 C.  $3\frac{5}{12}$                       D.  $1\frac{2}{7}$

16. What is the place value of digit 8 in the number 3821647?

- A. Hundreds of thousands  
 B. Millions  
 C. Tens of thousands  
 D. Thousands

17. What is the next number in the pattern below?

13, 18, 25, 30, 37, \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- A. 44                              B. 42  
 C. 54                              D. 39

18. At a wedding party, the number of men was 150 while that of women was 100 more than men. If children were twice the number of adults, how many people altogether were at the wedding?

- A. 400                              B. 800  
 C. 750                              D. 1200

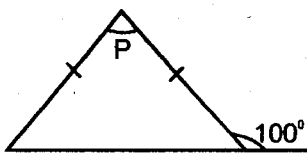
19. Simplify:-  $2(x+3y) + 6(3x-2y)$

- A.  $20x - 12y$                       B.  $20x + 6y$   
 C.  $20x - 6y$                       D.  $20x + 12y$

20. Work out :-  $3.63 \times 0.4 =$

- A. 145.2                              B. 14.52  
 C. 1.452                              D. 0.1452

21. What is the value of the angle marked P?



- A.  $20^\circ$                               B.  $100^\circ$   
 C.  $80^\circ$                               D.  $160^\circ$

22. Round off 5673 and 49469 to the nearest thousand then find their sum.

- A. 60000                              B. 55000  
 C. 55142                              D. 56000

23. Which of the fractions will form a recurring decimal?

- A.  $\frac{3}{8}$                               B.  $\frac{2}{5}$   
 C.  $\frac{2}{3}$                               D.  $\frac{1}{4}$

24. Divide :-  $4 \overline{) 47 \text{ h } 5 \text{ min } 4 \text{ sec}}$

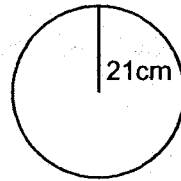
- A. 11h 46 min 15 sec              B. 16 h 47 min  
 C. 11h 46 min 16 sec              D. 10 h 47min 16 sec

25. Work out :-  $12 \div \frac{3}{4}$

- A. 15                                  B. 9  
 C. 4                                      D. 16

26. What is the circumference of the circle drawn below?

(Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )



- A. 132cm                              B. 88cm  
 C. 66cm                              D. 44cm

27. Express  $\frac{16}{25}$  as a decimal.

- A. 1.5625                              B. 0.64  
 C. 0.375                              D. 0.625

28. What is the value of P in the equation below?

$$\frac{1}{5}p + 4 = 6$$

- A. 5                                      B. 40  
 C. 2                                      D. 10

29. Three alarm clocks are set to ring at regular intervals of 8 min, 6 min and 10 minutes respectively. If they rang together at 8.00am, at what time would they ring together again?

- A. 10.02 a.m                              B. 8.20 a.m  
 C. 10.00 a.m                              D. 11.00 a.m

30. A doctor had two and two third litres of medicine. He gave a sixth of a litre to each of his patients. How many patients got the medicine?

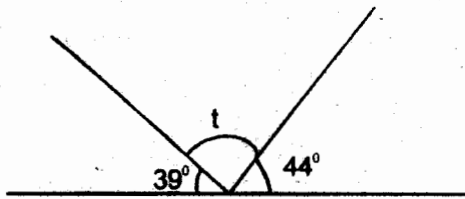
- A.  $\frac{4}{9}$                                       B. 16  
 C.  $2\frac{1}{6}$                                       D. 48

31. Find the value of :-  $\sqrt{961} + 5^2$

- A. 786                                      B. 1024  
 C. 966                                      D. 56

32. Arrange the fractions  $\frac{3}{5}$ ,  $\frac{7}{10}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  from the

47. What is the value of the angle marked  $t$ ?



- A.  $43^\circ$                       B.  $83^\circ$   
C.  $97^\circ$                       D.  $87^\circ$
48. Mutito had  $5x$  cows and  $2y$  goats. He sold  $2x$  cows and bought  $3y$  more goats. How many animals did Metito end up with?
- A.  $5y + 7x$                       B.  $3x + 5y$   
C.  $5y - 3x$                       D.  $8xy$

The table below shows the pupils present in a class from Monday to Friday. All the girls were present on Monday while all the boys were present on Wednesday. Use it to answer questions 49 and 50.

DAY	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI
BOYS	17	16	18	14	16
GIRLS	17	15	15	13	17

49. How many pupils were absent of Friday?
- A. 3                                      B. 33  
C. 2                                      D. 5
50. Which day had the highest number of absentees?
- A. Monday                              B. Wednesday  
C. Friday                                      D. Thursday

# STEGA SERIES

## STANDARD SIX

### ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

**Choose the most appropriate alternative to fill the blank spaces numbered 1-15.**

There are three flowers 1 I love. These are the daisy, the lily 2 the rose. The daisy is beautiful, but it is not as 3 as the lily. The most beautiful 4 the three is the rose.

5 petals, 6 are red, yellow or white, are very pretty. In addition, the rose has the 7 smell.

- |                 |         |                   |                |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. those     | B. who  | C. these          | D. that        |
| 2. A. as well   | B. also | C. and            | D. in addition |
| 3. A. beautiful | B. more | C. most beautiful | D. beautifully |
| 4. A. than      | B. for  | C. of             | D. from        |
| 5. It is        | B. Its  | C. It             | D. It's        |
| 6. A. whom      | B. what | C. these          | D. which       |
| 7. A. nicest    | B. nice | C. nicer          | D. best        |

The Nairobi team 8 leading by two goals 9 the one scored 10 the Mombasa team. The goals had 11 scored by 12 team-captain, Mutegi Mukasi.

Towards the end 13 the match, 14, the Mombasa team scored two goals and 15 the game.

- |                  |            |            |            |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 8. A. was        | B. has     | C. is      | D. would   |
| 9. A. into       | B. because | C. to      | D. with    |
| 10. A. with      | B. through | C. by      | D. over    |
| 11. A. were      | B. been    | C. being   | D. was     |
| 12. A. a         | B. any     | C. as      | D. the     |
| 13. A. of        | B. with    | C. for     | D. to      |
| 14. A. therefore | B. so      | C. then    | D. however |
| 15. A. wins      | B. won     | C. winning | D. win     |

**For questions 16 and 17 choose the correct arrangement to make a sensible paragraph**

16. (i) Once a upon a time there lived a greedy hyena  
 (ii) He decided to take the two paths at the same time.  
 (iii) In the end he could not get to the feast  
 (iv) One day he came to a place where two paths forked
- A. (iv), (ii), (iii), (i)      B. (i), (iv), (ii), (iii)  
 C. (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)      D. (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)
17. (i) He then read the national news  
 (ii) Finally, he read a news summary  
 (iii) Firstly, he read the news in brief  
 (iv) After reading the national news, he read the international news.
- A. iii, i, iv, ii      B. iii, ii, i, iv  
 C. iii, ii, iv, i      D. i, ii, iv, iii

**Question 18 replace the underlined words with the best alternative from the choices given**

18. He did not speak loud enough, no one could hear him.  
 A. whispered      B. was inaudible  
 C. was soft      D. mumbled
19. Wangu lives alone. She is a woman whose husband died.

- A. widower      B. widow  
 C. bachelor      D. divorcee

**For questions 20-22 choose the best alternative to fill in the blank spaces**

20. We shall all listen \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. attentively      B. carefully  
 C. totally      D. softly
21. The little baby was as playful as a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. kitten      B. baby  
 C. goat      D. sheep
22. Walk is to walked as burst is to \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. burst      B. bursted  
 C. bursts      D. bursty

**For questions 23 and 24 choose the odd one out**

23. A. furniture      B. chair  
 C. cup      D. egg
24. A. kindness      B. cruel  
 C. lovely      D. special

**For question 25 choose the opposite of the underlined word.**

25. The door was open so we didn't use the key?  
 A. shat      B. shut  
 C. close      D. a jar

**Read the following passage carefully and then answer questions 26-38.**

The window of the pub exploded as a big stone hit it from outside. The men in the pub could hear more shouting and running out in the road. The policeman jumped up on a bench and looked out the window to see who it was. "I see no one!" he said. "It must be him!"

The owner was standing in front of the counter where Marvel was hiding. He looked at the broken window and then moved over to the two other men. The noise stopped "I need my stick," said the policeman, walking slowly to the door. "When he comes in, there will be no stopping him". "Think before you open that door," said the coach man, who was shaking with fear.

"Open the lock," said the man from America, "and if he comes in...." he showed them a gun in his hand. "You cannot do that," said the policeman. "You will kill him". "I know how you think about things like that in this country," said the man with the black moustache. "I do not plan to kill him. I will shoot his legs. Open the lock".

"Not with me standing between you and the door," said the owner, who was looking over the curtains. "Very well," said the man with the gun. He walked over and lifted the locking timber himself. The owner, policeman and each man were standing together now, looking at the door.

"Come in," the man with the black moustache said quietly his gun pointing at the door. The door did not open. For a long time the men waited. After sometime, another coach man opened the door and looked in. "I think he has left," he said. Marvel lifted his head from behind the counter and said. "He is looking for another way in. He is as smart as the devil. Are all the doors of the house locked?"

"Good God!" said the owner. "Close the doors!" He looked around himself, not knowing what to do. The door to the sitting room was behind the counter, and Marvel quickly locked it. "There is the back door and the door to my rooms. Oh no! The back door-" and he was quickly out of the drinking room. He returned carrying a sharp knife. "The back door was open," he said, his bottom lip dropping. "It is locked now, but we do not know if he is in the building. The workers in the cooking room do not think he could have come through to this part of the building: but the door through to the sitting room was open and they do not know about that."

26. Why did the window of the pub explode?  
 A. a bomb was thrown  
 B. a big stone was thrown  
 C. people were shouting and running  
 D. the policeman shot at it
27. What could the men in the pub hear?  
 A. a rowdy mob  
 B. a protesting mob  
 C. a marching parade  
 D. a congregation of worshippers
28. While Marvel was hiding, the owner  
 A. jumped on a bench  
 B. looked out the window  
 C. was standing in front of the counter  
 D. opened the door
29. Who had a gun?  
 A. The American                      B. The policeman  
 C. Marvel                                D. The watchman
30. It is true to say that  
 A. killing was a crime in that country  
 B. shooting was a crime in that country  
 C. having a gun was a crime in that country  
 D. it was is not a crime to kill, in that country
31. Which of the men in the pub had a moustache?  
 A. The owner                      B. The coach man  
 C. The American                  D. Marvel
32. The door was locked using  
 A. heavy padlock                  B. a metal bar  
 C. a timber lock                    D. a chain
33. For how long did the men wait after opening the door?  
 A. a short while                    B. a bout a minute  
 C. for a whole day                D. for a long time
34. Who said these words "I think he has left",  
 A. the coach man  
 B. another coach man  
 C. the American  
 D. the policeman
35. According to the passage how many more doors needed to be locked?  
 A. 4                                      B. 3  
 C. 2                                      D. 1
36. "His bottom lip dropping," means  
 A. he was shocked  
 B. he was happy  
 C. he was excited  
 D. he was sad
37. According to the passage  
 A. The workers in the cooking room knew the man was in the pub  
 B. The workers in the cooking room did not know that the man was in the pub  
 C. Only the coach man knew that he was in the pub  
 D. The man was in the sitting room
38. The BEST summary for this passage would be  
 A. The scare  
 B. The pub  
 C. The policeman  
 D. The explosion

**Read the passage below and then answer questions 39-50.**

I had now been in this country for two years and I used to attend the King's reception once or twice a week. There, I would often see him with the barber which was indeed to me at first, very terrible to behold as the razor the barber used was almost twice as long as an ordinary scythe. His majesty, according to the custom of the country, was only shaved twice a week. I once asked the barber to give me some of the suds or lather, out of which, I picked out forty or fifty pieces of hair. I then took a piece of fine wood and cut it like the back of a comb, making several holes in it at equal distances with a small needle that I got from Glumdalclitch. I fixed the pieces of hair artificially and made a comb for myself. I did this as my own comb was quite useless with all its broken teeth and I did not know anyone there who would be able to make me a new one.

The King, who delighted in music, held frequent concerts at court, which I was sometimes carried to. However, the

noise was so great that I could hardly distinguish the different tunes. I am sure that even if all the drums and trumpets of an entire army were sounded together, it could not equal to the noise that I was made to listen to during the concerts.

During such concerts, I used to ask the people to place my box as far away as possible from where the performers sat. After that I would shut the doors and windows of my box and draw the curtains. Only after I did all this, did I find their music not so disagreeable. I still hoped to find a way home. When the King and Queen travelled to the South Coast, Glumdalclitch and I accompanied them. I wanted to see the Coast, something I hadn't seen in a long time.

When Glumdalclitch was ill, a servant boy tended to me. He carried me in a travel box and placed me on the beach, while he went in search of eggs. I looked sadly at the sea but remained in my box. I soon fell asleep. A little while later, I woke up to the sound of wings flapping. I felt my box being lifted in the air.

39. For how long had the writer been in the country  
A. one year  
B. two years  
C. three years  
D. one week
40. What scared the writer at the barber?  
A. the size of the razor  
B. the seythe  
C. the barber himself  
D. it was the first time
41. The custom of the country dictated that  
A. The King shaves annually  
B. The King shaved fortnight  
C. The King shaved two times a week  
D. The King shaved once a week
42. What was the King's pastime?  
A. music  
B. dance  
C. parties  
D. shaving
43. The word distinguish is underlined. It means?  
A. tell apart  
B. comprehend  
C. understand  
D. extinguish
44. According to the passage, it is true to say  
A. The music was pleasant to the writer  
B. The writer enjoyed the concerts very much  
C. The noise from the concerts was too much for the writer  
D. The music from the drums and trumpets was inaudible
45. Where was the writer's box normally placed during the concerts?  
A. near the King  
B. near the performers  
C. Far away from the performers  
D. far away from the King
46. In order to accomodate their music, the writer  
A. shut the windows of his box  
B. asked the performers to sing softly  
C. shut the doors of the box  
D. shut the doors, windows of the box and drew the curtains
47. Who looked after the writer when his caretaker fell ill?  
A. The King  
B. The Queen  
C. A servant boy  
D. Glumdalclitch
48. I looked sadly at the sea..... means the writer  
A. longed to swim in the sea waters  
B. was happy to be in the box  
C. was unhappy to be out by the sea  
D. was unhappy and therefore slept
49. What do you think lifted the box in the air?  
A. the servant boy  
B. his caretaker  
C. a large bird  
D. the queen
50. The best title for the passage would be:  
A. A strange country  
B. The King  
C. The large land  
D. Giants

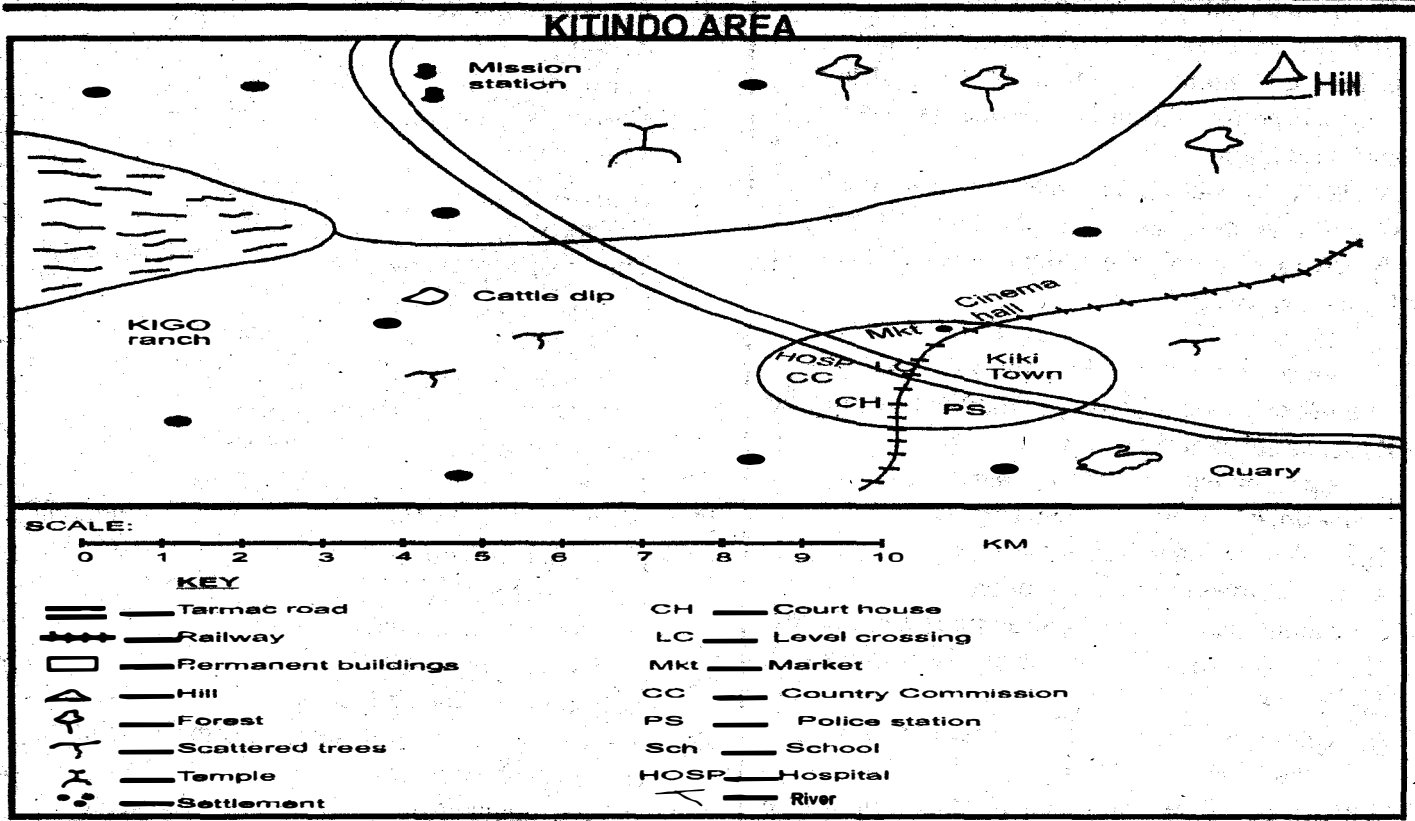


# STEGA SERIES

## STANDARD SIX

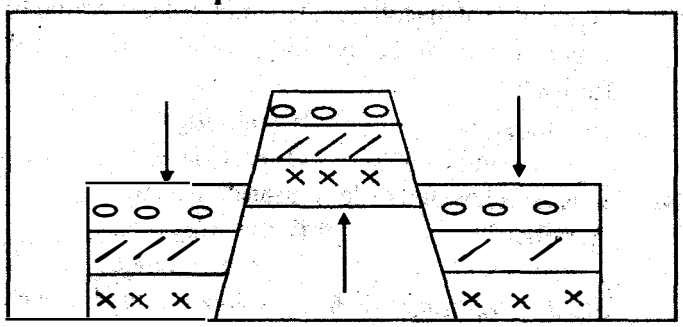
### SOCIAL STUDIES

Time: 2 hours :15 Min



- What is the direction of the quarry from the Hill?  
A. South                      B. South East  
C. North west                D. North East
- The approximate length of the railway line in Kitindo is about \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 6 km                        B. 7 km  
C. 8 km                        D. 9 km
- The main type of natural vegetation in the area covered by the map is  
A. scattered tree              B. swamps  
C. scrub                        D. forest
- The following economic activities are carried out in Kitindo area except  
A. trading                      B. mining  
C. cattle keeping              D. fishing
- The distribution of settlement in Kitindo area can mainly be described as  
A. dense                        B. clustered  
C. dispersed                    D. linear
- Three of the following social services are available in Kitindo area. Which one is NOT?  
A. religious services        B. educational services  
C. recreational services    D. health services
- The land in Kitindo area slopes from  
A. North East to West  
B. West to North East  
C. South East to South West

D. South West to North East  
*The diagram below represents a landscape use it to answer question 8 and 9*



- The landscape was formed as a result of  
A. faulting                      B. erosion  
C. volcanic activity          D. desposition
- Which one of the following mountains was formed as a result of the process?  
A. Mount Meru                B. Mount Elgon  
C. Mount Ruwenzori        D. Mount Kenya
- Which one of following communities in Kenya was ruled by kings during the pre-colonial period?  
A. Ameru                        B. Abawanga  
C. Agikuyu                      D. Somali
- Which one of the following weather recording instrument is correctly matched with the element of

weather it measures

**Instrument**                      **Element of weather**

A. Barometer                      Air pressure

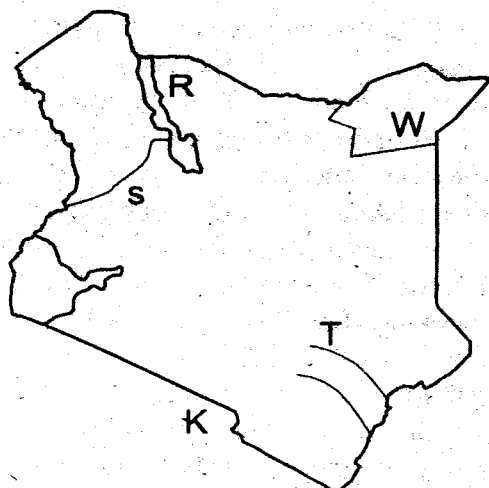
B. Hygrometer                      Rainfall

C. Rain gauge                      Temperature

D. Thermometer                      Humidity

12. The main tourism attraction in Kenya is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Sandy beaches                      B. variety of wildlife  
 C. people's culture                      D. mangrove vegetation
13. The main problem facing beef farming both in Kenya and Tanzania is  
 A. attacks by wild animals                      B. prolonged drought  
 C. pests and diseases                      D. shortage of workers
14. Which one of the following countries is NOT found in Eastern Africa?  
 A. Kenya                      B. Angola  
 C. Somalia                      D. Tanzania
15. The main economic activity of the Nandi during the Pre-colonial period was \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. crops growing                      B. trading  
 C. livestock keeping                      D. hunting
16. The main function of Nairobi town is  
 A. an industrial centre                      B. market centre  
 C. a mining centre                      D. an administrative centre
17. The Arabs came to Kenya during the pre-colonial days mainly to  
 A. explore the area                      B. spread christianity  
 C. spread Islam                      D. trade
18. Which one of the following is an example of a traditional industry?  
 A. radio assembly                      B. glass making  
 C. stone carving                      D. banking
19. Which one of the following methods of preserving fish was not used in Kenya before the coming of the British?  
 A. salting                      B. smoking  
 C. sun drying                      D. freezing
20. In Kenya law and order is maintained by  
 A. police                      B. the army  
 C. prisons                      D. youth service

**Study the map of Kenya below and answer questions 21-24**



21. The river marked S is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. River Turkwel                      B. River Kerio  
 C. River Tana                      D. River Athi
22. The country marked K is  
 A. Tanzania                      B. Somalia  
 C. Uganda                      D. Ethiopia
23. The county marked W is  
 A. Wajir                      B. Garissa  
 C. Mandera                      D. Marsabit
24. The traditional government in the area market T was founded by the  
 A. Abawanga                      B. Somali  
 C. Ameru                      D. Maasai
25. The most commonly used means of transport in Kenya  
 A. Air transport                      B. Railway transport  
 C. Road transport                      D. Water transport
26. The climate of the Coastal plains is  
 A. hot and dry                      B. hot and wet  
 C. cool and wet                      D. cool and dry
27. Which one of the following is a TRUE statement about lake Turkana in Kenya. It is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. the source of River Tana  
 B. a home of flamingoes  
 C. found in the great Rift valley  
 D. a source of Soda ash mining
28. Which one of the following mountains was formed as a result of faulting?  
 A. Pare mountains                      B. Mount Kilimanjaro  
 C. Mount Marsabit                      D. Mount Elgon
29. From which direction did the Bantus enter Eastern Africa?  
 A. The West                      B. The East  
 C. The South                      D. The North
30. Which one of the following communities was led by Mekatili wa Menza during the process of colonisation in Kenya?  
 A. The Abawanga                      B. The Akamba  
 C. The Agikama                      D. The Maasai
31. In Kenya democracy is important because elections are held regularly to choose  
 A. strong people                      B. popular leaders  
 C. wealthy people                      D. learned people
32. Which one of the following is a traditional method of transport  
 A. railway                      B. roads  
 C. animals                      D. aeroplanes
33. The molten rocks within the earth's crust is known as  
 A. ash                      B. vent  
 C. magma                      D. lava
34. Which one of the following is not a member of the nuclear family  
 A. brothers                      B. sisters  
 C. father                      D. nephew

35. The line of latitude that divides the earth into two equal parts is  
 A. Equator B. Prime Meridian  
 C. Tropical of Cancer D. Tropical of Capricorn
36. Which one of the following is not an example of a basic human need?  
 A. clothes B. clothings  
 C. food D. car
37. The highest mountain in Eastern Africa is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Mout Rwenzori B. Mount Kenya  
 C. Mount Kilimanjaro D. Moutain Elgon
38. In a society lack of unity may be caused by \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. a common language B. Debates  
 C. Games D. Tribalism
39. The lake that borders Kenya and Tanzania is  
 A. Lake Magadi B. Lake Turkana  
 C. Lake Natron D. Lake Rukwa
40. The capital city of Tanzania is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Dare salaam B. Dodoma  
 C. Arusha D. Tabora
41. A subsistence farmer is a farmer who \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. grows crops for use at home mainly  
 B. grows crops for export mainly  
 C. keps dairy cattle in small farms  
 D. keeps beef cattle for sale
42. Which one of the following is an example of a manufacturing industry?  
 A. paper making B. milk processing  
 C. watch repair D. maize milling
43. Which one of the following is an example of Western bantus?  
 A. Agikuyu B. Taveta  
 C. Abasuba D. Agiriama
44. The love for one's country is known as  
 A. Countrism B. Patriotism  
 C. Nepotism D. Tribalism
45. The Kenyan pipeline are mainly used to tansport  
 A. milk B. water  
 C. flowers D. gas
46. An age set is a number of  
 A. girls born almost about the same time  
 B. boys circumcised about the same time  
 C. girls who got married about the same time  
 D. boys who became warriors almost at the same time
47. Which one of the following is a staple food in both Kenya and Tanzania?  
 A. rice B. maize  
 C. bananas D. oranges
48. The main physical feature that covers most parts of Eastern Africa is  
 A. hills B. plateaus  
 C. plains D. Rift valley
49. An example of Semitic language group is  
 A. Amhara B. Boran  
 C. Waribe D. Agikuyu
50. Which one of the following lakes is not located in the Eastern Africa Rift valley?  
 A. Lake Kivu B. Lake Kyoga  
 C. Lake Malawi D. Lake Baringo
51. Who led the Ababukusu rebellion in Kenya?  
 A. Koitalel B. Mekatilili  
 C. Mukite D. Olonana
52. Dairy farming in Kenya is mostly carried out in the  
 A. plains B. coastal lowlands  
 C. lake basin D. highlands
53. The source of River Nile is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Lake Edward B. Lake Kyoga  
 C. Lake Victoria D. lake Turkana
54. The type of coffee grown in Ethiopia and Kenya is  
 A. Acidic B. Arabica  
 C. Robusta D. Ruin II
55. Lake Tanganyika was formed as a result of  
 A. volcanicity B. down warping  
 C. erosion D. faulting
56. The national game park found in both Kenya and Tanzania is  
 A. Tsavo B. Amboseli  
 C. Nairobi D. Maasai Mara
57. The country in Eastern Africa without a railway network is  
 A. Uganda B. Somalia  
 C. Kenya D. Ethiopia
58. In a horticultural farm, a crop that is most likely to be found is  
 A. sugarcane B. tea  
 C. rice D. french beans
59. What is urbanization? It is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. the origin and growth of towns  
 B. the total number of towns in a country  
 C. the functions of towns in a country  
 D. the number of people in a town
60. Trawling method of fishing uses  
 A. a refrigerator B. a small boat  
 C. a bag shaped net D. a well constructed net
- C.R.E**
61. God created man on day \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. one B. three  
 C. five D. six
62. God appeared to Moses in a form of \_\_\_\_\_ while taking care of  
 A. burning bush B. dove  
 C. smoke D. angle
63. How many people were saved from flood during the time of Noah  
 A. 1 B. 4  
 C. 8 D. 7
64. Which among the following was not done on the passover night in Egypt?  
 A. eating bitter herbs  
 B. drinking bitter water

- C. eating while standing  
D. eating bread without yeast
65. Abraham wanted to sacrifice his son Isaac on Mt \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Ararat B. Nebo  
C. Moriah D. Sinai
66. God rested on the 7<sup>th</sup> day of his creation mainly because  
A. it was the sabbath  
B. God was tired  
C. He had completed His work of creation  
D. He was bored
67. What was the occupation of Essau  
A. a tax collector B. a shepherd  
C. a crop cultivator D. doctor
68. An agreement between God and man is known as  
A. a coalition B. covenant  
C. promise D. Holy Ghost
69. Who was taken to heaven without dying?  
A. Elisha B. Elijah  
C. Jesus D. Jeremiah
70. Exodus means \_\_\_\_\_  
A. arrival B. journey  
C. departure D. universal
71. King Ahab wanted \_\_\_\_\_ killed because of His vineyard.  
A. Uriah B. Naboth  
C. Ananias D. Peter
72. Who announced about the birth of Jesus Christ?  
A. Angel Gabriel B. Isaiah  
C. Micah D. Joseph
73. The first miracle that Jesus performed was  
A. walking on water  
B. healing a paralysed man  
C. changing water into wine  
D. raising Lazarus
74. Who wrote the book of Revelation  
A. Luke B. Jeremiah  
C. Amos D. John
75. Jacob wrestled with God at a place called  
A. Bethel B. Peniel  
C. Dothan D. Shechem
76. Who among the following was healed by Peter when he was in Lydda?  
A. Dorcas B. Claudius  
C. Cornelius D. Aeneas
77. The departure of Israelites from Egypt to Canaan is recorded in the book of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Numbers B. Exodus  
C. Genesis D. Deuteronomy
78. Nicodemus went secretly to visit Jesus to seek advice on \_\_\_\_\_  
A. How to become a pharisee  
B. Where to bury Jesus  
C. How to protect Jesus from Romans  
D. What to do to enter God's kingdom
79. Blessed are the peacemakers for they shall  
A. see God B. be called sons of God  
C. obtain mercy D. be comforted
80. The main lesson we learn from the parable of the prodigal son is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. we should love sinners  
B. hate all the sinners  
C. we should forgive sinners when they repent  
D. we punish sinners
81. Who is remembered as Israel's wisest King?  
A. Solomon B. David  
C. Ahab D. Saul
82. Who among the following women had concern for the needy and the poor?  
A. Salome B. Tabitha  
C. Mary D. Esther
83. Which sin did David commit when he admired Uriah's wife?  
A. Adultery B. coveting  
C. killing D. fornication
84. Which one of the following prophets did God call when he was still a very small boy and he did not even recognize that it was God calling him to do His work?  
A. Jeremiah B. Samuel  
C. Moses D. Eli
85. Three of the following were miracles performed by Jesus. Which one was NOT?  
A. raised Lazarus B. healed Naaman  
C. Fed 5000 people D. walked on water
86. Which prophet in the Bible is called the prophet of doom?  
A. Micah B. Isaiah  
C. Hezekiah D. Jeremiah
87. King David had a BEST friend who helped him run away from the wrath of his enemy. His best friend was  
A. Samuel B. Solomon  
C. Jonathan D. Nathan
88. Working together in harmony involves three of the following EXCEPT?  
A. Jealousy B. Sympathy  
C. Cooperation D. Team work
89. Which apostle urged people to work?  
A. St Peter B. St Jude  
C. St Paul D. St Luke
90. Now your servant can die in peace. These words were said by  
A. Simon Peter C. Judas  
C. Jesus D. Simeon



