<u>GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY</u> <u>GATUNDU SOUTH</u> <u>STANDARD EIGHT MID - TERM II</u>

ENGLISH

TIME: 1hr 40 mins

Read the following passage. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, select the best alternative.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & \text{Prevention,} & 1 & \text{than control, remains so far the greatest saviour} & 2 & \text{malaria. When they say} \\ & \text{that prevention is better than} & 3 & \text{, they most} & 4 & \text{have the prevention} & 5 & \text{this problem in mind.} \\ \end{array}$

Prevention of malaria includes a <u>6</u> of measures which <u>7</u> protect against infection or against the development of diseases in infected individue is. Measures that protect against infection are directed against the vector <u>8</u> as a personal protection aimed at protecting individuals or against infective or transmission control aiming at reducing the <u>9</u> of malaria to <u>10</u> communities.

Measures for protecting against diseases <u>11</u> preventing infection include immunization <u>12</u> is still at the experimental stage <u>13</u> the effectiveness of all preventive measures is <u>14</u> dependent on the incidence of malaria and <u>15</u> effects.

1.	A. also	B. rather	C. other	D. so
2.	A. from	B. for	C. to	D. on
3.	A. prevention	B. treatment	C. cure	D. help
4.	A. probably	B. certain	C. actually	D. likely
5.	A. against	B. for	C. towards	D. at
6.	A. many	B. variety	C. much	D. a lot
7.	A. can	B. will	C. need	D. many
8.	A. neither	B. sooner	C. either	D. or
9.	A. danger	B. risk	C. attack	D. unsafe
10.	A. entire	B. selected	C. few	D. every
11.	A. with	B. within	C. around	D. without
12.	A. when	B. whom	C. which	D. who
13.	A. but	B. and	C. very	D. that
14.	A. greatly	B. exclusively	C. highly	D. wholly
15.	A. their	B. it	C. its'	D. its
		the second se		

18. If they go out now, they For questions 16 to 18, complete each sentence with A. would get the bus the best alternative from the choices given. B. will get the bus C. will have got the bus 16. It was only after he was arrested D. would have got the bus. A. that he stopped going out at night B. but he stopped going out at night In question 19 to 21, select the alternative that can C. so he stopped going out at night best complete the sentence given. D. and he stopped going out at night. After the raging storm _____ people were The guests congratulated the bride 19. 17. found in the street. A. for her wedding B. to her wedding A. many B. a few D. few C. on her wedding C. most D. in her wedding. **GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY** 1 **ENGLISH STD.8**

20.	The renowned sold field.	ier was in the battle
	A. wounded	B. hurt
	C. injured	D. damaged
21.	The chef the	table before the arrival
	of guests. A. lay B. blaid	C. lied D. lains

For question 22 and 23, choose the sentence that means the same as the one given.

- 22. They should help the poor man. A. They must help the poor man.
 - B. They ought to help the poor man.
 - C. They needed to help the poor man.
 - D. They could help the poor man.
- 23. All the boys except Horrace have written an apology letter.

- A. All the boys have written an apology letter apart from Horrace.
- B. Only Harrace wrote the apology letter.
- C. All the boys wrote an apology letter.

D. All the boys never wrote an apology letter.

In questions 24 and 25, choose the correctly punctuated sentence.

- 24. A. We bought The daily mirror.
 - B. Theres someone who has taken its puppy.
 - C. Juma asked him what he was doing.
 - D. Letisia is late, isn't she?
- 25. A. The boy was given a five hundred shillings note.
 - B. Wow! you are smart.
 - C. Bundi, the school librarian was not there.
 - D. Mark asked, "What are you doing?"

Read the following passage carefully and then answer questions 26 to 38

A dusty, bumpy ride up a hill off Gill road brings us to Harrys house in Ridge Surburn village of East Gate town. It is an area mostly populated by the White settlers.

Hurry's house, a secluded bungalow popularly known as the Green House probably for its green roof sits on a five-acre piece of land on the slopes of one of the hills that dot the landscape.

However a young man called Tom thinks the house is labelled 'green' more for the evergreen lawn and hedge than the colour of its roof.

Harrys, a 55 - year - old farmer, teacher from Hereford, England, moved to East Gate in the 1990s to do charity work under the organization called VAA that flew English students to teach in deprived East Gate schools during holidays. He fell in love with the town, and henceforth divided his time between Britain and East Gate.

Under the same organization he hatched a plan to restitute street children by giving them an education.

This it would later turn out, was what made Tom who he is today. He can not stand tall and give back to the society what he acquired.

Tom grew up in the street of East Gate when all his parents <u>passed on</u>. He had been on the streets for as long as he can recall. Life in the street was unbearable. Food was a luxury. Tom and his peer used to scavange for food from the thrown away food. They competed for food with dogs and other animals. It was a matter of *'survival for the fittest'*.

They used to sleep outside the shops of East Gate town. Biting cold cut through his body but he had no place to call home. Then suddenly one afternoon which he will live to remember like a lover's words on an epitaph help came. Lady luck had knocked at his door.

"Come here little boys, what is your name?" Mr. Harry asked Tom.

"My name is To...m," he replied. Mr Harry took Tom from the street and took him to the Green House, a sharp contrasts with the life in the street. He brought him new clothes and from then Tom has never looked back. Mr. Harry made Tom who he is today.

Tom is now the Chief Executive Officer of the East Gate Bank. As we say the rest is history.

26. According to the paragraph it is true to say	guidebakarratarratarratini aheranarhe. Buvironnen tal co
that	27. The Harry's bouse joude stiller thereadly b
A. East Gate is a densely populated area	A. has a green paint on the wall
B. Harry's house is situated on top of a Hi	ll B. is found in a hilly area
C. Harry's house is situated on the outskir	
of East Gate town.	D. is in the form of a green house.
GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY	2 ENGLISH STD. 8

20.	The renowned soldier was in the battle field.	A. All the boys have written an apology letter apart from Horrace.
	A. wounded B. hurt	B. Only Harrace wrote the apology letter.
	C. injured D. damaged	C. All the boys wrote an apology letter.
21.	The chef the table before the arrival of guests.	D. All the boys never wrote an apology letter.
	A. lay B. blaid C. lied D. lains	In questions 24 and 25, choose the correctly
		punctuated sentence.
<u>For a</u>	uestion 22 and 23, choose the sentence that	24. A. We bought The daily mirror.
mean	s the same as the one given.	B. Theres someone who has taken its puppy.
22.	They should help the poor man.	C. Juma asked him what he was doing.
	A. They must help the poor man.	D. Letisia is late, isn't she?
	B. They ought to help the poor man.	25. A. The boy was given a five hundred

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•	A. East Gate is a densely populated area	A. has a green paint on the wall	
	B. Harry's house is situated on top of a Hill	B. is found in a hilly area	
	C. Harry's house is situated on the outskirts	C. sits on a five hectare piece of la	
	of East Gate town.	D. is in the form of a green house	•
GA	ATUNDU SUB - COUNTY	ENGLISH ST	D. 8

28.	Which one of the following best describes		A. the strong people can make it
· .	Harrys?	•	B. we must always be fit
	A. Generous, caring, harsh and kind.		C. a faint heart never won a fair lady.
	B. Educated, racist, kind and generous.		D. blood is thicker than water.
	C. Humble, generous, caring and kind.	34.	Why did Tom live in the streets?
	D. Generous, caring, philantrol and kind.		A. He did not have parents.
29.	What happened after Harrys fell in love with		B. He was deserted by his parents.
	East Gate town?		C. He joined the streets due to drugs.
	A. He relocated permanently to East Gate.	- 41g	D. He did not have a place to live.
*	B. He lived in Britain.	35.	What is the difference between life on the
	C. He started living in both East Gate and		street and life in the Green House?
	Britain.		A. Life in Green House was unbearable.
	D. He divided himself between Britain and		B. Life in the street was uncomfortable.
	East Gate.		C. Food was readily available in the street.
30.	Which one of the following is true according		D. One would not make it in the street.
	to the passage?	36.	VAA's mandate was to
	A. Tom's life in the street was unbearable.	1997 - A.	A. help needy pupils
	B. Tom grew up in the Green House.		B. provide food and shelter to poor families
	C. Tom started living in the street when his		C. help children deprived of food
	parents were alive.		D. bring English students to teach schools
· .	D. Tom is ready to reciprocate what he got		during vacations.
	from the Green House.	37.	Had Mr. Harry not come to East Gate Tom
31.	The phrase <i>passed on</i> cannot be replaced	- "	A. would not have gone to the street
	by		B. would have gone to live in Green House
	A. death B. demise		C. would not have become who he is today
	C. pass away D. fate.		D. would not have lost his parents.
32.	Which one of the following is not true about	38.	What lesson can be derived from the passage
	life in the street?		above?
	A. Life was a bed of roses.		A. Opportunity strikes once on every man's
	B. Life was hell on earth.		door.
	C. There was barely any food.		B. Only the best can make it.
	D. People slept in the street.		C. Think big in life.
33.	The phrase 'survival for the fittest' means		D. History will judge us harshly.
	that		

Read the passage below carefully and then answer questions 39 to 50.

One of the most tragic facts of human existence is that while physical maturity for normal people develops naturally with the passage of time, mental maturity does not come so easily. A large number of people who have the physique and age of adults, and are thus in possession of adults status and privileges, are not mentally mature. This is rather unfortunate, for, as Harry A. Over Street in The Mature Mind observes, 'The most dangerous member of our society are those grown ups whose powers of influence are adult but, whose motives and responses are infantile'. Adults who are incapable of carrying out their duties and obligations with a proper sense of responsibility cannot only give themselves unnecessary trouble, but also cause much harm to those over whom they have influence.

It is no doubt true that the mental growth of a person depends to some extent on the way his parents guided him when he was a child and on the chvironmental conditions he give hip fin However, included development, unlike physical growth, heed hot stop with the end of puberty. A man is what he makes himself. He can at any stage of his life, always develop himself further if he consciously makes the effort to do so. As Gautama Budha put it, 'The mind is everything; what you think you become.'

If a man wants to reach an unknown destination, it is always best for him to study an appropriate map of the region. Similarly, for a man to develop his mental and intellectual power, he should at the outset find out GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY 3 ENGLISH STD. 8 as much as he can what real maturity consists of. As Aristotle puts it. 'Those who wish to succeed must ask the right preliminary questions.'

Careful thinking and observation will enable one to see that a mature man is one with a keen sense of responsibility and a conscious awareness of what is proper. Thus he manages his affairs in accordance with explicit and reasonable <u>criteria</u> the foundations of which he has examined critically and analytically. He upholds his convictions firmly because he is clear about why he upholds them.

Yet he is conscious of the value of postponed judgement in certain weighty matters. Aware as he is of the complexity of certain affairs, he knows that the different ways of dealing with them entail different consequences which may be of varying degrees of acceptability. He is aware that in such matters, different reasonable men will inevitable come up with different opinions. So while he respects the judgements of other people, and is co-operative, he makes his own study of the problems in proper perspective by looking at them objectively from all angles.

(Adapted from critical thinking by Kam Chusan)

39.	Which one of the following is dangerous	45.	What should one do to develop mentally?
	truth about human beings?	-	A. Study the map of the region.
	A. Physical maturity develops progressively.		B. Think carefully about the future.
	B. Mental maturity comes easily		C. Study about the true maturity.
	C. Mental growth can easily be recognized.		D. Ask pretiminar questions of exams.
	D. Physical growth is intrinsic.	46.	Which one of the following is not true about
40.	Who are the most dangerous people in the		a mature man?
	society?		A. Careful initiative of responsibility.
	A. Children who behave like adults.		B. Management of activities reasonably.
	B. Infertile children.		C. Setting goals and targets.
	C. Grown ups whose responses are mature.		D. Expresses assertiveness.
· .	D. Grown ups whose behaviour is childish.	47.	Why does a mature person uphold his
41. (Adults who are immature		conviction firmly?
	A. are harmful than a bomb		A. Because he is sure about what he believes.
	B. are a disgrace to themselves only		B. Because he does not have stand for his
	C. are a great disgrace to themselves and		beliefs.
·	other people	n an	C. Because he looks at things awkwardly.
	D. can cause much harm to children.		D. Because his opinion can easily be changed.
42.	Which one of the following greatly	48.	The word inevitable means
	influences mental growth?		A. avoidable
2 	A. Types of school one attended.		B. prohibited
	B. Parental style.	an a	C. compulsory
	C. Inborn abilities.	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	D. unavoidable.
•	D. Intrinsic motivation.	49.	While mature people respect the judgement
43.	It is true to say that mental growth		of other people
	A. stops with age	• *	A. they make decision without thinking
	B. starts from birth to puberty		B. they handle situations with an open mind
	C. ends with age		C. they dictate what they want
	D. starts from birth to death.		D. they are poor listeners.
-44.	The phrase <i>'the mind is everything; what</i>	50.	The most appropriate title to the passage
	you think you become' means that		above is
	A what you conceive in your mind is what		A. physical maturity
· ·	vou can become	trans	B. Tragedy of life.
	B. thoughts in the mind are useless	19일 · 11 · (19일3)	C. Mental maturity.
•	C. the mind is the most important thing in		D. How growth takes place.
	life		
	D. all dreams are valid.		
		1	

GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

ENGLISH STD.8

<u>GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY</u> <u>GATUNDU SOUTH</u> <u>STANDARD EIGHT MID - TERM II</u>

SCIENCE

TIME: 1hr 40 mins

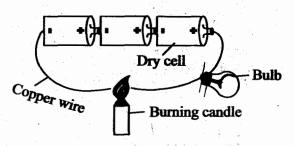
1.	What is the function of the amniotic sac that is present in the womb of an expectant mother?		X
	A. It connects the foetus to the mother.		
	B. It facilitates the foetus with food.		
			$= \left\{ \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) \left\{ \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ 1 \\ \left\{ 1 \end{array} \left\{ $
	C. It protects the foetus from shock.		Y X
	D. It encloses the amniotic fluid.		
2.	Which one of the following is not a		
	component found in sweat?		Which one of the following is a
	A. Carbon dioxide.		characteristic of blood vessel Y?
	B. Excess salt.		A. It has valves.
	C. Excess water.		B. Blood in it is not under pulse.
	D. Lactic acid.		C. It has a wide lumen.
3.	The following are effects of drug abuse;	5. 	D. It has a thick wall.
	(i) Rape	7.	The digestive juice that helps to digest fats
	(ii) Fits		is stored in the
	(iii) Truancy		A. duodenum B. stomach
	(iv) Withdrawal symptoms		C. gall bladder D. liver.
	(v) Stigmatization	8	Three of the following are values of breast
	(vi) Loss of concentration		milk. Which one is not?
	Which lists comprises of health effects	*	A. It's at right temperature.
	only?		B. Contains less nutrients.
	A. iii, vi, iv B. vi, iv, ii		C. Bonds the mother and the baby.
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{A. in, vi, iv} \\ \text{C. i, iii, v} \\ \end{array} \qquad \qquad$		D. It's not contaminated.
4.	The upper jaw of herbivores have no teeth	9.	Which one of the following is the main
4.			difference between a seed and a fruit?
	but a hard pad. What is the role of the hard pad?		A. A fruit has two scars while a seed has one scar.
	A. It helps in chewing hard foods.	- -	B. A seed has two scars while a fruit has one
	D: It helps in turning food while chewing.	-	scar.
	C. It helps in holding grass.		C. A fruit has two cotyledons while a seed
	D. It helps in boring food.		has one.
5.	Which of the following processes involves		D. A seed is a fertilized ovary while a fruit
	losing of heat to the environment?		is a fertilized ovule.
	A. Freezing and condensation.	10.	In the male reproductive system, what is the
	B. Evaporation and melting.		function of the sperin duct?
	C. Melting and freezing.	. •	A. It produces sperms.
	D. Condensation and evaporation.		B. It stores sperms.
			C. It transports sperms from the testis to the vagina.
6.	The diagram below represents the human		D. It transports sperms from the testis to
	circulatory system.		the urethra.

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SCIENCE STD. 8 TURN OVER

- 11. Which one of the following shows only pair of animals that have a constant body temperature? A. Shark and whale. B. Alligator and eagle. D. Goat and lizard. C. Owl and seal. The following are signs and symptoms of a 12. sexually transmitted infection. (i) Painless sore (ii) Skin rash (iii) It may affect the brain The disease described above is, A. genital herpes **B.** syphilis C. chancroid D. gonorrhea During the inhaling process, three of the 13. following happen except A. the volume of the lungs increases
 - B. the ribs move upwards and outwards
 - C. the diaphragm flattens
 - D. the ribs move upwards and inwards.
- 14. Std. 7 pupils performed the experiment drawn below. After sometime they observed that wires connected and the bulb produced light.



Which conclusion did the pupils make from the experiment?

A. Metals conduct heat.

B. Metals expand when heated.

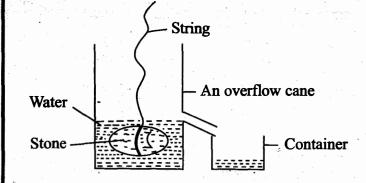
- C. Metals conduct electricity.
- D. The bulb lit brightly.
- 15. Which one of the following list forms balanced diet?
 - A. Fish, rice, pawpaw.
 - B. Chapati, beef, eggs.
 - C. Cassava, oranges, sukumawiki.
 - D. Irish potatoes, meat, chapati.
- 16. In which of the following activities would friction be an advantage?
 - A. When pushing a heavy load on the floor.
 - B. When carrying bricks.
 - C. When stopping a moving vehicle.
 - D. When pulling a wheelbarrow.
- 17. Which set of the below diseases is a or child immunized at 14 weeks in the a immunization schedule?

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- A. Tuberculosis and polio.
- B. Polio and pertussis.
- C. Measles and whopping cough.

D. Tetanus and tuberculosis.

18. A stone was immersed in water in an over flow can. The water that overflowed was collected in a container as shown below.



- The amount of water that was collected wasequal to the ______ of the stone.A. volumeB. mass
 - C. density D. weight.

19. The most appropriate way of controlling tsetse fly is by

- A. destroying tsetse fly breeding places
- B. pouring oil on stagnant water
- C. spraying the animals with an acaricide solutions
- D. dipping animals.
- Which one of the following is **not** a straight fertilizer?
 - A. Urea.

20.

22.

- B. Sulphate of ammonium.
- C. Diammonium phosphate.

D. C.A.N

- 21. Which one of the following blood components is responsible in controlling loss of blood during an injury?
 - A. Platelets. **B.** Plasma.
 - C. Red blood cells. D. White blood cells.
 - Which of the following statements is true about the type of tooth illustrated below?



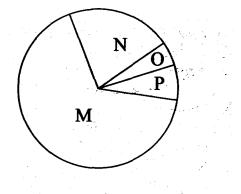
B. It is used for chewing and grinding food.

SCIENCE STD. 8

- C. It is a deciduous tooth.
- D. They are four in number in the mouth. Which one of the following is a common characteristic of both honey and oxygen?
 - A. Both are invisible.

23.

- B. Both take the shape of the container.
- C. Both have a definite volume.
- D. Both have a definite mass.
- 24. Which of the following pairs below is made up of non-green and non-flowering plants?
 - A. Algae and mould.
 - B. Conifers and fern.
 - C. Toadstool and bread mould.
 - D. Mushroom and lichen.
- 25. All the following are uses of water for re-creation. Which one is **not**?
 - A. Scenery. B. Maling brew.
 - C. Skating. D. Swimming.
- 26. The chart below shows the composition of air in the atmosphere.



Which letter represents the gas that is used in florescent bulbs?

A. M		B. O
C. N		D. P
TT 71 · 1	0.1 0.11	• 1

27. Which set of the following planets consist of the brightest and the largest planet respectively?

A. Jupiter and venus.

- B. Mercury and jupiter.
- C. Venus and jupiter.
- D. Saturn and venus.

GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

28.

Std. 6 pupils did the experiment below to investigate a certain property of matter.

Water Heat Icecube 10 SEC C Anino Cothes

Which conclusion did the pupils make from the experiment? A. Water is a poor conductor of heat. B. The ice cube melted. C. Water is a good conductor of heat. D. Water changes to steam when heated. 29. The following are effects of crop pests except one. Which one? A. Reduced yields. B. Spots and streaks on leaves. C. Low quality yields. D. Transmission of disease to animals. 30. What is the function of a fuse in an electric circuit? A. To complete a circuit. B. To diverse electricity from a point. C. To break the circuit when necessary. D. To incomplete a circuit. Which one of the following is a source of 31. static electricity? A. Lightning. B. Car battery. C. Torch cells. D. Generator. 32. The soil that has large air spaces has also all the following properties except A. It has the best drainage. B. It has the highest rate of capillarity. C. It has a rough texture. D. It has the poorest water retention ability. 33. Which one of the following is a function that is performed by all roots? A. Making food. B. Transpiration. C. Absorption of water and minerals salts. D. Storage of food. 34. The following are adaptations of plants that grow in dry areas. Which one is not? A. They have few small sized stomatas. B. They are deep rooted. C. They have a thick cuticle. D. They have broad leaves. 35. The diagram below represents a periscope. (iii) Which letter represents the position of the

> SCIENCE STD. 8 TURN OVER

D. (i)

object?

3

36.	Std. 6 science teacher during a science	43.	Which of the following methods of grazing
*	practical lesson took a sharp stick and made	•	involves use of a mobile fence?
	small channels on the soil. He then poured	K the second	A. Paddocking. B. Herding.
	water on the channels little by little. What		C. Stall feeding. D. Strip grazing.
	type of erosion was he demonstrating?	44.	The following are natural ways of lighting
-	A. Landslide. B. Rill erosion.		a house. Which one is not ?
	C. Gulley erosion. D. Splash erosion.		A. Use of translucent roof.
37.	Which one of the following is an example		B. Opening doors and windows.
0.11	of a non-renewable source of energy?		C. Use of a candle.
	A. Coal. B. Firewood.		D. Use of shinny objects.
	C. Charcoal. D. Biogas.	45. [°]	Which of the following is a pair of
38.	Which one of the following is a feature		immiscible liquids?
001	found in insect pollinated flower?	er en er Vit	A. Water and paraffin. B. Milk and water.
	A. Has loosely hanging anthers.		C. Alcohol and spirit. D. Milk and alcohol
	B. Has nectar and scent.	46.	Which one of the following methods of
•	C. It has a small petal.		irrigation best conserves water?
	D. It produces a lot of pollen grains.		A. Sprinkler irrigation method.
39.	Which one of the following is a pair of		B. Drip irrigation method.
0,71	omnivores only?		C. Basin irrigation method.
	A. Cheetah and pig.		D. Furrow irrigation method.
	B. Chimpanzee and hyena.	47.	Which one of the following least pollutes
	C. Monkey and human being.		soil?
	D. Pig and lion.		A. Non-biodegradable objects in the soil.
			B. Excess fertilizers.
40.	The diagram below shows a maize seed.	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	C. Excess farm chemicals.
	The unifran octor shows a made secu.	-	D. Dumping vegetables refuse into the soil.
	7	48.	The diagram below shows water in a
	\sim		container being heated.
· · ·		·	
	W		Sufuria Y
			Watan
	Y-t		water X
			Candle Stand
		1	
	The part labelled W is used for	Ann	Heat transfer from point X to point Y is by
	A. it develops to a shoot		which two processes?
	B. it protects the embryo	1 - A	A. Conduction and convection.
	C. it develops to a root		B. Convection and radiation.
	D. it stores food for the seed.		C. Radiation and convection.
41.	Which one of the following pairs has the	а 1. р	D. Conduction and radiation.

- 41. Which one of the following pairs has the load between the fulcrum and the effort?A. Door hinges and wheelbarrow.
 - B. Hammer and crow bar.
 - C. Fishing rod and a spade.
 - D. Bottle opener and a pair of scissors.
- 42. Which one of the following weather instruments is correctly matched with
 - its function?
 - A. Raingauge \rightarrow humidity.
 - B. Windvane \rightarrow speed of wind.
 - C. Thermometer atmospheric pressure.
 - D. Windsock --- strength of wind and ant stars

SCIENCE STD. 8

Which of the following is a list of reptiles

Which one of the following is not a use of

ð,

*

49.

50.

only?

light?

A. Shark and aligator. B. Salamander and frog.

D. Seal and whale.

B. Chasing pests.

C. To see clearly.

Do Ironing clothes.

C. Lizard and crocodile.

A. Making of plant food.

GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY GATUNDU SOUTH STANDARD EIGHT MID - TERM II MATHEMATICS

TIME: 2 hours

thousand four hundred and thirty one. C. Nine hundred and seventy six thousand five hundred and thirty one. D. Ninety seven thousand sixty five thousand four hundred and thirty one. What is the difference in the total value of digit 3 and the total value of digit 7 in the number 83479? A. 3070 B. 3930 C. 6970 D. 2930 What is the value of $1\frac{1}{4}$ of $(3\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{4}) - 4\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{3}{4}$ A. $3\frac{1}{6}$ B. $3\frac{1}{4}$ C. $2\frac{1}{6}$ D. $2\frac{11}{12}$ A. Solve the value of y in the equation 2y+2(4+y)=27 A. 3 B. 5 C. $4\frac{3}{4}$ D. 5	1.	 What is the largest 7 digit number that can be formed using the digits 5, 9, 3, 7, 4, 1, 6 written in words? A. One million three hundred and forty five thousand six hundred and seventy nine. B. Nine million seven hundred and sixty five 	7.	Michael spends $\frac{1}{5}$ of his monthly earnings on food, $\frac{3}{4}$ of the reminder on rent. He spends the remaining amount on clothing, savings and entertainment, which amounts to sh. 8740. How much money does he earn? A. sh. 21875 B. sh. 40750
2. What is the difference in the total value of digit 7 in the number 83479? A. 3070 B. 3930 C. 6970 D. 2230 3. What is the value of $1 \pm 1 \pm 0 \pm 1 \pm 3 \pm 3 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 3 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 3 \pm 4 \pm 1 \pm 1$		thousand four hundred and thirty one.C. Nine hundred and seventy six thousand five hundred and thirty one.D. Ninety seven thousand sixty five thousand	8. ,) :	C. sh. 43700 D. sh. 26220 A coffee factory collected a total of 13.125 tonnes of coffee berries from the farmers in 15days. If the factory collected equal masses
C. 6970 D. 2930 3. What is the value of $1\frac{1}{4}$ of $(3\frac{1}{2} \div 1\frac{1}{4}) - 4\frac{1}{3} \div 3\frac{3}{4}$ A. $3\frac{1}{6}$ B. $3\frac{1}{4}$ C. $2\frac{1}{6}$ D. $2\frac{11}{12}$ 4. Solve the value of y in the equation 2y+2(4+y)=27 A. 3 B. 5 C. $4\frac{3}{4}$ D. 5 5. The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. 10cm A. 120cm ² B. 65cm ² C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ⁴ 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones A. Tenths A. T	2.	What is the difference in the total value of digit 3 and the total value of digit 7 in the number 83479?		did the factory collect each day?A. 0.857B. 875C. 8750D. 85.7
$1\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } (3\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{4}) - 4\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{3}{4}$ A. $3\frac{1}{6}$ B. $3\frac{1}{4}$ C. $2\frac{1}{6}$ D. $2\frac{11}{12}$ 4. Solve the value of y in the equation $2y+2(4+y)=27$ A. 3 B. 5 C. $4\frac{3}{4}$ D. 5 5. The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. 10cm A. 120 cm^2 B. 65 cm^2 . C. 30 cm^2 D. 60 cm^2 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.277 A. Tenths control the triangle R H under this C. Ones control the transmitter R H under this R H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	3	C.6970 D.2930	9.	while its width is 0.7km. It was fenced round
 A. 3¹/₆ B. 3¹/₄ C. 2¹/₆ D. 2¹¹/₁₂ 4. Solve the value of y in the equation 2y+2(4+y)=27 A. 3 B. 5 C. 4³/₄ D. 5 5. The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. 24m 26m 24m 26m A. 120cm² B. 65cm² C. 30cm² D. 60cm⁴ 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths control the triangle drawn below is control to the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths control the triangle drawn below is control to the triangle drawn below is 36cm. 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths control the triangle drawn below is 36cm. 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths control the triangle drawn below is 36cm. 7. Tenths control the triangle drawn below is 36cm. 7. Cones control the triangle drawn below is 36cm. 8. 4. 860 B. 0.86 C. 0.086 D. 86 11. A tank was half full of water. 30% of the water leaked out. If 420 thres remained in the tank of the canacity of the tank when full? A. 28000L B. 14000L C. 600L D. 1200L 	5.			entrance 20m wide. If the posts used were placed 60m apart, how many posts were used? A. 71 B. 70
C. $2\frac{1}{6}$ D. $2\frac{11}{12}$ 4. Solve the value of y in the equation 2y+2(4+y)=27 A. 3 B. 5 C. $4\frac{3}{4}$ D. 5 5. The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. 10cm A. 120cm ² B. 65cm ² C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ² 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths valuation B. H. Hundreaths C. Ones velocity The D. theoremaths C. Ones velocity The D. theoremaths C. 00cs velocity of the tank when full? A. 280001 B. 140001 C. 600L D. 1200L			10.	The figure below represents Mr. Okonkwo's
$\begin{array}{c c} 2y+2(4+y)=27\\ A.3 & B.5 & C.4\frac{3}{4} & D.5\\ \hline \\ S. & The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. \\ \hline \\ 10cm\\ \hline \\ 10cm\\ \hline \\ 10cm\\ \hline \\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ D.60cm^2\\ \hline \\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ D.60cm^2\\ \hline \\ C.30cm^2\\ C.30cm^2\\ \hline \\ C.30cm^2\\$		C. $2\frac{1}{6}$ D. $2\frac{11}{12}$		piece of faiki. Calculate its area in flectares.
 5. The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is 36cm. Calculate its area. 10cm A. 120cm² B. 65cm² C. 30cm² D. 60cm² 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones Church B. H. undreaths C. Ones C.	4.	2y+2(4+y)=27		* 18m
A. 120cm ² B. 65cm ² C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ² 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones Vebroiv B. H undredths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. 4006 B. 0.86 C. 0.086 D. 86 11. A tank was half full of water. 30% of the water leaked out. If 420 httres remained in the tank Find the capacity of the tank when full? A. 28000L B. 14000L C. 600L D. 1200L	5.	The perimeter of the triangle drawn below is		24m 26m
A. 120cm ² B. 65cm ² C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ² 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones Vebroiv B. H undredths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. 4006 B. 0.86 C. 0.086 D. 86 11. A tank was half full of water. 30% of the water leaked out. If 420 httres remained in the tank Find the capacity of the tank when full? A. 28000L B. 14000L C. 600L D. 1200L				
A. 120cm ² B. 65cm ² C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ² 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones Vebroiv B. H undredths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. 4006 B. 0.86 C. 0.086 D. 86 11. A tank was half full of water. 30% of the water leaked out. If 420 httres remained in the tank Find the capacity of the tank when full? A. 28000L B. 14000L C. 600L D. 1200L			74	
A. 120cm ² B. 65cm ² C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ² 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones Vebroiv B. H undredths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousandths C. 4006 B. 0.86 C. 0.086 D. 86 11. A tank was half full of water. 30% of the water leaked out. If 420 httres remained in the tank Find the capacity of the tank when full? A. 28000L B. 14000L C. 600L D. 1200L		<u>10cm</u>		
 C. 30cm² D. 60cm² What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths C. Ones Vebroiv D. Thousand the second second				
	6.	C. 30cm ² D. 60cm ² What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 23.94 x 0.27? A. Tenths	11.	A tank was half full of water. 30% of the water leaked out. If 420 titres remained in the tank Find the capacity of the tank when full? A. 28000L B. 14000L
	GAT	the state of the second the second		

1

12.	What is the sum of the next two numbers in	20.	The total surface area of an open cube is
	the sequence below?	20.	
	-		605 cm^2 . What is the total length of its edges?
	4,9,25,49,121,		A. 11cm B. 121cm
	A. 169 B. 225 C. 458 D. 394		C. 132cm D. 22cm
13.	The length and the width of a rectangular plot	21.	36 pupils received 5dl packet of milk each
	was 80m by 60m. The width and the length		twice a week. How much millilitres of milk
	were reduced by 10% and 15% respectively		did they get in one week?
	to create room for a road going round the plot.		A. 180 B. 18000
	Calculate the area of the plot left aside for		C. 360 D. 36000
	road?	22.	The mean mass of 5 boys is 43kg. 4 of the
	A.1128m ² B.4800m ²		boys weigh 41kg, 46kg, 42kg and 44kg.
	$C. 3672m^2$ $D. 1228m^2$		What is the modal weight of the five boys?
14			
14.	Ahmed travelled from Garissa to Nairobi a		A. 42kg B. 43kg
· •••	distance of 324km in $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours. At what speed		C. 41kg
	in metres per second was he driving?	23.	A cylindrical water tank whose radius is 0.7m
	A. 72m/s B. 36m/s		and a height of 5m was full of water. What
	C. 20m/s D. 25m/s		was the height of the water in the tank after
1 /			3080 litres was drawn?
15.	The figure below represents a parallelogram		
	ABDC. CDE is a straight line 28cm long.		A.2m B.3m
	Calculate the area of the parallelogram		C. 4m D. 1m
	ABDC.	24.	The rectangular box below was painted all
· ·		,	round except its top and bottom face. What
	A 20cm B		was the total area of the surfaces painted?
		•	
			8cm
			ociii
	17cm /		
			9cm
	cE		9cm
			15cm
	C		
	$C = \frac{1}{E}$ A. 1200 cm ² B. 300 cm ²		15cm A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ²
16.	C $-\frac{1}{2}$ $-\frac{1}{2$	25	$\begin{array}{c} 15 \text{cm} \\ \text{A. 192 cm}^2 & \text{B. 554 cm}^2 \\ \text{C. 224 cm}^2 & \text{D. 384 cm}^2 \end{array}$
16.	C A. 1200cm^2 C. 150cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5	25.	15cm A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is
16.	C A. 1200cm^2 B. 300cm^2 C. 150cm^2 D. 340cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys.	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract
16.	C A. 1200cm^2 C. 150cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5	25.	15cm A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is
16.	C A. 1200cm^2 B. 300cm^2 C. 150cm^2 D. 340cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school	25.	15cmA. 192cm²B. 554cm²C. 224cm²D. 384cm²The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino
16.	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether?	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by
16.	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C A. 1200cm^2 B. 300cm^2 C. 150cm^2 D. 340cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly
16. 17.	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly instalment of the dress.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial institution that charged simple interest at the	25.	IscmA. 192cm^2 B. 554cm^2 C. 224cm^2 D. 384cm^2 The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly instalment of the dress. A, sh. 1200B. sh. 900
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly instalment of the dress.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial institution that charged simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum. After how long was he	25.	A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly instalment of the dress. A. sh. 1200 B. sh. 900 C. sh. 800 D. sh. 960
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C A. 1200cm ² B. 300cm ² C. 150cm ² D. 340cm ² The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial institution that charged simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum. After how long was he expected to pay back a total of sh. 15 050?		A. 192cm ² B. 554cm ² C. 224cm ² D. 384cm ² The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly instalment of the dress. A. sh. 1200 B. sh. 900 C. sh. 800 D. sh. 960 25 equal square cards were arranged to form
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C A. 1200cm^2 B. 300cm^2 C. 150cm^2 D. 340cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial institution that charged simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum. After how long was he expected to pay back a total of sh. 15 050? A. $1\frac{1}{2}$ years B. 2years		15cmA. 192cm2B. 554cm2C. 224cm2D. 384cm2The marked price of a wedding gown is sh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract 20% more than the marked price Awino bought the dress on hire purchase terms by paying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remaining amount in 8 months. Calculate the monthly instalment of the dress.A. sh. 1200B. sh. 900C. sh. 800D. sh. 96025 equal square cards were arranged to form one big a square. If the area of each card is
17.	C A. 1200cm^2 B. 300cm^2 C. 150cm^2 D. 340cm^2 The ratio of boys to girls in a school is 7:5 respectively. There are 18 less girls than boys. How many pupils were there in the school altogether? A. 228 B. 90 C. 108 D. 216 Suleiman borrowed sh. 14000 from a financial institution that charged simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum. After how long was he expected to pay back a total of sh. 15 050? A. $1\frac{1}{2}$ years B. 2years C. $2\frac{1}{2}$ years D. 3years		IscmA. 192cm^2 B. 554cm^2 C. 224cm^2 D. 384cm^2 The marked price of a wedding gown issh. 15000. The hire purchase terms attract20% more than the marked price Awinobought the dress on hire purchase terms bypaying a deposit of sh. 8400 and the remainingamount in 8 months. Calculate the monthlyinstalment of the dress.A, sh. 1200B. sh. 900C. sh. 800D. sh. 96025 equal square cards were arranged to formone big a square. If the area of each card is $4\frac{21}{25}$ cm², what is the length of one side of the
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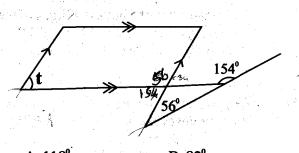
GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

2

MATHEMATICS STANDARD 8

28. A trapezium has an area of 68 cm². The perpendicular distance between the two parallel sides is 8cm. If one of the parallel side is 6.5cm, what is the length of the other parallel side? A.9.5cm B. 10.5cm C. 6.5cm D.7.5cm 29.

What is the value of angle t in the figure below?



 $B.1\frac{3}{5}$

A.118^o **B. 82**° C. 56° D. 124° What is the value of

2y + (z - x)

A.1

30.

(2x + y)

If x=3, y=x+1 and z=5

C. $\frac{5}{2}$ To send a telegram the first 10 words are 31. charged sh. 12. Each extra word is charged 80 cents. A tax of 15% of the total amount is also included. How much did Ali pay for sending the following telegram? FATUMA MUSA BOX 20071 MOMBASA WELCOMING YOU TO MY, BIRTHDAY **ON 18TH AUGUST SEE YOU THERE AND BE PUNCTUALALI** A. sh. 20.00 B. sh. 23.00 C. sh. 21.50 D. sh. 20.30 32. A road 7.2km long is represented on a map by a line 0.6cm long. What is the scale used in that map? A.1:12 **B. 1:120000** C. 1:120 D.1:1200000 33. Which one of the following digits must be added to 72830 to make it divisible by 11? **B.4** A.2 **C.3 D**.1 Simplify the following algebraic expression. 34. $\frac{3}{4}(12x+20)+2(\frac{1}{2}-4x)$ A. 7x + 16

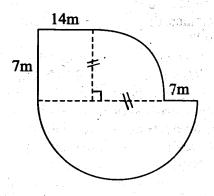
C. 0015hrs. Monday. D. (All-Stos Gn Tuesday. C. 7x - 14

GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

35. Janet received a discount of sh. 600, which represented 12% discount. What was the marked price of the item?

A. sh. 6000	B. sh. 5000
C. sh. 5600	D. sh. 681

36. What is the perimeter of the figure drawn below?



A. 76m	B. 83m
C. 105m	D. 94m

37. Halima is three times as old as his son who is 6 years older than his sister. If his sister is x years old, write an equation to show the sum of their ages.

A. $5x + 24$	B. $3x + 24$	
C.3x + 18		D.5x + 18

38. The scale used on a map reads 1:20000. What is the actual distance of a road represented by a line 4.5 cm long on the same map? A. **0.9km** B. 9km

C. 90km D. 900km 39. A lorry weighs 9.65t when loaded with 60 bags of beans. It weighs 6.35t when offloaded half of the load. Calculate the weight of each bag of beans in kilograms.

- A.60 **B.220** C.110 D.70
- Atailor bought $16\frac{1}{3}$ m length of a cloth 40. to make 12 pairs of trousers. If each pair required $2\frac{1}{3}$ m of the cloth. How many pairs of trouser remained not mended? A. 12 **B.5 C.9** D.7

After an increase in the ratio 13:9, Aggrey's 41. salary rose to sh. 10400. What was his salary before the increase? -1 0000 1. 7300

	A. SII. $1/200$	D. SII. 9000
	C. sh, 9600	D. sh. 12000
2.	A saleslady earn	s a basic salary of sh.

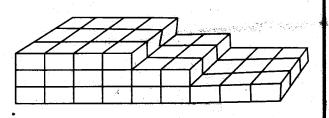
C.sh. 140000

3

4 8400. She also earns a 7% commission on the value of goods she sells above sh. 50000. In one month she received a total of sh. 14700. bis What was ber tetel sales that mostly A. sh: 71,000 B. sh. 1 200 000

MATHEMATICS STANDARD 8

D. s/ 1250000



- A. 108 C. 57
- B. 72 D. 60

Murimi made 2308 rows to plant vegetable seedlings. If he planted 174 seedlings in each row, how many seedlings did he plant altogether?

A. 411492

44.

48.

B.411592

C.401592

D.401492

45. A trader bought 3.6tonnes of rice. Half of it was packed into 2kg packets, half of the remainder was packed into 1kg packets and the rest into 500g packets. How many packets did he obtain altogether?

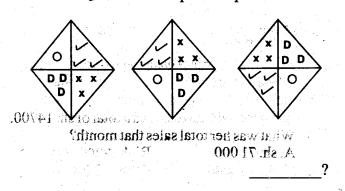
A. 2230		•.		D,	1000
Ø. 900	2	•		D.	3600
<u></u>	C* 1	1 .	1 .	21	

46. Tap A can fill a tank in 3hours. Tap B can empty the same tank in 5 hours when full of water. The tank was empty and the 2 taps were opened at the same time. How long did it take for the tank to be full of water?

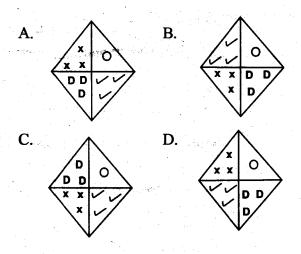
A. $\frac{2}{15}$ hrsB. $7\frac{1}{2}$ hrsC. $3\frac{1}{2}$ hrsD. 4 hrs

47. Makario deposited sh. 36 000 in a bank that paid compound interest at the rate of 10% p.a. After one year he withdrew all the interests earned that year. How much money was in his account by the end of $2\frac{1}{2}$ years?

A.sh.3600	B. sh. 45 100
C. sh. 5580	D. sh. 41500
What is the next sh	ane in the nattern?



GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

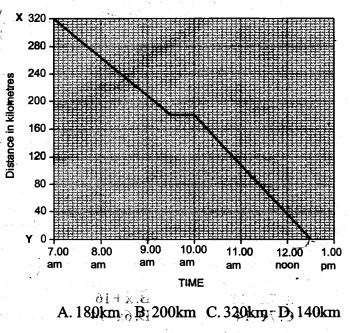


49. The table below shows postal charges for international parcels.

Weight steps	East Africa	The rest of Africa	The rest of the world
	sh cts		sh cts
Upto 500g	68 00	11500	17500
over 500 upto 1kg	11400	201 00	370,00
over 1kg -upto 2kg	215 00	31500	545 00
over 2kg upto 3kg	490 00	51000	800 00
over 3kg upto 5kg	505 00	650 00	91500
over 5kg upto 8kg	61000	72500	1020 00
over 8kg upto 14kg	760 00	89000	1305 00
over 14kg upto 20kg	900 00	112500	175000

Henry sent 2 parcels to his son in South Africa weighing 3kg and $9\frac{1}{2}kg$ and another one to his sister in Britain weighing 15.5kg. How much money was she charged for the parcels? A. sh. 3660 B. sh. 3250

C. sh. 2790 D. sh. 3150
50. The graph below shows Jefferson's journey from town X to town Y. How many kilometres had he covered when he rested?



MATHEMATICS STANDARD 8

ENEO JIMBO DOGO LA GATUNDU GATUNDU KUSINI DARASA LA NANE MTIHANI WA KATIKATI YA MUHULA WA PILI

KISWAHILI SEHEMU YA PILI

KISWAHILI: INSHA MUDA: Dakika 40

NAMBARI YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

- 1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
- 2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi uliyoachiwa.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopigwa chapa.

<u>Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako, ifanye iwe nzuri zaidi</u>

.

Andika insha ya kusisimua ukimalizia hivi

.

...... Nilipofika katika eneo la mkasa na kuutambua mwili wake, nilijua wazi kuwa alikuwa amepuuza nasaha za wazazi wake.

ENEO JIMBO DOGO LA GATUNDU

.

.

INSHA DARASA LA NANE

.

.

ENEO JIMBO DOGO LA GATUNDU GATUNDU KUSINI DARASA LA NANE MTIHANI WA KATIKATI YA MUHULA WA PILI -

KISWAHILI SEHEMU YA KWANZA

MUDA:

Soma vifungu vifuatavvo. Vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

Kwa muda mrefu tumekuwa_____ chokoraa. Wengi wetu tupitapo karibu nao hufunga_____ na kuchepukia mbali tukiwaambaa <u>3</u>. Hivyo basi jamii imechangia pakubwa katika ongezeko la <u>4</u> hawa wa mitaani. 5____kunaweza pia kuwafanya vijana wakose insi wa____6___hivyo mjini. Umaskini 7 8 aidha hurutubisha ongezeko la machokoraa 9 ukata huo hauna chakula 10 libasi.

1.	A. tukiwadhamini	B. tukiwathamini	C. hatuwadhamini	D. hatuwathamini
2.	A. pua zetu	B. mapua yetu	C. mapua zetu	D. pua yetu \setminus
3.	A. kama wenye hewa y	a kupumulia	B. kama mizizi ya mawe	
	C. kama wenye ugonjw	va wa ukoma	D. kama wenye misimamo n	nikali
4.	A. walalahai	B. walalahoi	C. walalakheri	D. wakwasi
5.	A. kuvujika kwa doa	B. kuvunjika kwa doa	C. kuvunjika kwa ndoa	D. kufujika kwa ndoa
6.	A. kutegemewa	B. kutegemezwa	C. kutegemea	D. utegemezi
7.	A. kutoroka	B. kuhama	C. kugura	D. kutorokea
8.	A. uliodhikiri	B. uliokidhiri	C. uliokithiri	D. uliomithili
9.	A. ingawa	B. kwani	C. labda	D. isitoshe
10.	A. wala	B. ila	C.cha	D. na

Ni 11 ya kila mmoja kuhakila sha kuwa machokoraa wanashughulikiwa ipasavyo. Ila wezekana kila mzazi achukue chokoraa mmoja 12 kumlea vizuri. Wapewe mahitaji 13 ya kimsingi. Asilimia kubwa ya machokoraa hawa 14 tayari kubadilisha maisha yao. Najua kuna wale hawana shukrani na kutufanya daima kuifuata ile methali 15 va

11.	A. wajibu	B. shughuli	C. dhima	D. maoni
12.	A. wa	B. kwa	C.na	D. cha
13.	A. zote	B. yote	C. lote	D. vyote
14.	A. wako	B. ziko	C. yuko	D. iko
15.	A. mtwangia jaani huondoka na mtitigo		B. asante tupu haijazi c	hungu
	C. fadhila mpe mama	na Mola atakubarilai	D. faragha ya nyani hui	ishia ngokoni

`			
<u>Kuan</u>	zia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30, iibu swali kulingana	18.	Chagua sentensi yenye kiwakilishi cha idadi.
na ma	lagizo.	1.0	A. Wewe ungali unazungumzia habari hizo.
	14 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		B. Wawili walitumwa nyumbani kuwaarifu
16.	Chagua jibu lenye ala za muziki pekee.		wazazi.
	A. Filimbi, udi, mvukuto, chapuo.		C. Ambaye atakuja ni mshauri mkuu
	B. Njuga, tari, kinubi, fidla.		D. Gani mlileta na sioni chochote.
÷	C. Harimuni, marimba, msondo, maleba.	19.	Chagua sentensi yenye kivumishi cha sifa.
	D. Siwa, zeze, upatu, nembo.		A. Wasichana wanene watavushwa daraja.
17.	Chagua sentensi yenye kitenzi kisichoelekeza		B. Mayai yote yalivunjika.
	A. Mwanangu ameumia.		C. Kitabu kingine kilinunuliwa.
B. Oluoch anaipiga ngoma.			D Mwalimu vuni humfunza somo la Kiswahili
-	C. Ronaldo anaucheza mchezo wa soka.	5W 5 I I	MITTARY LINE REVIEW IN A SUPPORT
	D Vora ADIMERIA		ET RWB2

D. Yeye atawapikia wageni wali.

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KISWAHILI DARASA LA NANE

20.	Kutokana na kitenzi 'teta' tunapata nomino	26.	Chagua jina baki,
	gani?		A. fizi
	A. Mtetezi.	1	B. taya
	B. Mtetea.		C. ulimi
	C. Utesi.		D. ini.
	D. Uteti.	27.	Shangingi ni mwanamke aliyekubuhu katika
21.	Chagua sentensi yenye -ji- ya hali		maisha ya raha na starehe nyingi. Shangingi
	A. Wanjira ni mchezaji hodari sana.		pia ni
	B. Uogeleaji wake unatusisimua sana.		A. gari la kifahari
1999 - 1999 	C. Nilijijulia haya kivyangu.	n managarita ata da George esperante	B. ni kisawe cha shabiki
4	D. Jichwa la gombe hilo ni kubwa.	• *	C. mwana aliezaliwa nje ya ndoa
22.	Ni nini maana ya <i>'kula kisogo'</i>		D. kushangilia kwa sauti.
	A. Vunja uaminifu.	28.	Fundi anawatengenezea wageni redio. Nyambua
	B. Endea mtu shughuli fulani.		katika kauli ya kutendwa
	C. Fanyia mtu hisani.	a settin da	A. Wageni na fundi wanatengenezeana redio.
	D. Kupata mabaki ya kitu.		B. Fundi anatengeneza redio ya wageni.
23.	Ni sentensi ipi yenye sitiari		C. Redio ya wageni inatengenezwa na fundi.
	A. Marende ni mchwa kazini.		D. Redio inatengenezwa na wageni wa fundi.
	B. Sote tulifika salama salimini.	29.	Tegua kitendawili:
	C. Asiye na mwana na alieleke jiwe.		Kina mkono na uso lakini hakina uhai
	D. Bawabu anatengeneza bawaba.		A. Dakika.
24.	Chagua kiambishi kifaacho kujazia pengo.		B. Saa.
	Kitwitwi litaga yai dogo.		C. Jua.
	A. ki B. li		D. Mwezi.
	C.a D.i	30.	Chagua sentensi inayoonyesha hali ya mazoea
25.	Mtu anayetumiwa na mwingine kwa manufaa		A. Mimi huenda shuleni asubuhi.
	ya anayefanyiwa shughuli hiyo bila kujali		B. Mimi ninaenda shuleni asubuhi.
	madhara wanayopata wenzake huitwaje?		C. Mimi nilienda shuleni asubuhi.
	A. Mlowezi. B. Msaliti.		D. Mimi nitaenda shuleni asubuhi.
	C. Mzalendo. D. Kibaraka.		
	and the second secon	1	

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31 mpaka 40.

Tangu utotoni Rita alikuwa mtoto mpole, mnyenyekevu na mwenye bidii za mchwa anayeaka kingulima kwa mate. Alipendwa na wazazi wake na hata majirani ambao waliwahimiza watoto wao waige tabia za Rita. Wazazi wake walikuwa wanyonge kifedha kwa kuwa walikuwa wakifanya kazi ya bora mkono uende kinywani. Hata hivyo licha ya kuwa maskini wa mali, familia ya akina Rita walikuwa matajiri wa moyo maadamu waliwaauni wengi palipohitajika.

Rita alisoma kwa taabu hadi alipofika katika darasa la nane. Mara nyingi alikuwa akifukuzwa kwa sababu ya karo. Alifikia mahali mpaka mwenyewe akaanza *kuona kamba yake ya matumaini ilitishia kukatika*. Hata hivyo kwa sababu ya wema wake, Majirani waliandaa mchango ili wamlipie Rita karo pamoja na pesa za mtihani wake wa kitaifa. Hapo Rita aliweza kurejea shuleni kuendelea na masomo yake. Ikabainika wazi kuwa jina njema ni sawa na mali.

Shuleni Rita alikuwa taa ya kuwamlikia wengine. Alipowaona wenzake wakipanga maovu aliwakanya. Walipokataa alijitenga nao. Alijua wangegundulika wangekipata cha mtema kuni. Wanafunzi hasa wasichana wa hirimu yake walimchukia kwa kukataa kushiriki katika utundu wao. Walisikika wakimdhihaki, "Anajifanya malaika. Tutamlia njama hadi aadhibiwe na mwalimu. Hatuwezi kuendelea kucharazwa na walimu na kupalilia maua yeye akibaki darasani akisoma. La hasha!"

Walichosahau wasichana hawa ni kuwa, Rita alikuwa amepangiwa mengine na Mola. Siku moja alipokuwa akielekea shuleni aliweza kumwokota mtoto kichakani. Rita alishika kiguu na njia hadi shuleni. baadhi ya wale wasichana walimfuata nyuma huku wakimrushia maneno ya kukata ini na kuvunja moyo. Rita alipofika langoni pa shule alikaribishwa na umati mkubwa wa wanafunzi na hasa wale <u>visu butu</u> aliowahi kusaidia na waliokuwa na udhaifu mkubwa wa msaomo kisa chake cha kumwokoa mtoto kilikuwa kimefika shuleni na maeneo jirani. Hata wakazi waliwatazama kwa mbali wakiwa na hamu ya kujua zaidi.

C. Ronaldo anaucheza mehezo wa solca.

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2

<u>Chanda chema huvishwa pete.</u> Mwalimu mkuu alimkweza Rita cheo cha kuwa kiranja mkuu shuleni. Kisha alimpatia mwalimu mmoja waandamane naye hadi katika kituo cha polisi kuripoti kisa hicho. Afisa mkuu aliwakaribisha na kupigia simu makao ya watoto. Afisa huyo mkuu aliweza kumshukuru Rita kwa wema na utu na kumtaka aendelee na moyo uo huo.

Baada ya saa chache, wasimamizi wa makao ya watoto waliwasili na kumpa Rita <u>hundi</u> ya shilingi elfu hamsini kwa kuyaokoa maisha ya malaika huyo. Kweli kwendako hisani hurudi hisani hakurudi nuksani.

31.	Kinachoonyesha kuwa wazazi wa Rita walikuwa		A. Hawakutaka mtoto huyo aokolewe,
	y maskini ni , ^{tik} a de la salar de la sa	e e de Asp	B. Uchungu wa mwana aujuaye ni mzazi.
	A. walikuwa na mtoto mmoja tu		C. Walijua Rita angepewa sifa na kila mmoja
	B. walifanya kazi yenye mapato duni sana	an tha tea	kwa utu na wema wake.
	C. Rita alichukiwa na watoto wenzake		D. Walitaka Rita akasirike na kumtupa mtoto
	D. hakuna hata mmoja aliyetaka kuwakaribia.		huyo.
32.	Wazazi wa Rita walikuwa maskini wa mali na	36.	Shida kubwa ya Rita shuleni ilikuwa,
	matajiri wa moyo kwa kuwa,		A. karo, pesa za mtihani
	A. hawakuwa na pesa lakini hawakuudhika kwa		B. pesa za mtihani, vitabu
	kutumia nguvu zao kusaidia hata bila malipo		C. vitabu, karo
	B. hawakuwa na pesa na watu wengi waliwaomba		D. sare, vitabu.
	msaada.	[·] 37.	Kulingana na taarifa hii, maana ya <u>visu butu</u> ni,
	C. hawakuwa na mali na watu wengi walitaka		A. visu visivyopata makali
	kuauni wanao		B. wanafunzi wasiofanya bidii masomoni
	D. hawakuwa na pesa na walipendwa na watu		C. wanafunzi watundu shuleni
	wengi wakiwemo majirani.	•	D. wanafunzi wasiofanya vyema masomoni.
33.	<u>Akaanza kuona kamba yake ya matumaini</u>	38.	Kitendo kisichoonyesha ukweli wa methali;
	inatishia kukatika inamaanisha.		<u>Chanda chema huvikwa pete</u> ni,
	A. amekikosa kabisa alichotarajia		A. afisa mkuu wa polisi kumshukuru Rita baada
	B. alilolitegemea huenda asilipate	Р	ya kumwokoa mtoto mchanga
	C. amelikosa alilotumainia		B. mwalimu mkuu kumpandisha Rita cheo na
	D. aliloazimia halitakuja.		kumfanya awe kiranja wa wanafunzi
34.	Wasichana watundu,	•	C. shirika la masilahi ya watoto kumpa Rita
	A. walimwonea Rita wivu kwa kufanya vizuri		hundi ya shilingi elfu hamsini
	darasani kuliko wao		D. majirani kumchangia Rita pesa za karo na
	B. walimwona Rita kama kiumbe cha Mungu		mtihani kutokana na wema wake kwao.
	kisichoweza kufanya hatia yoyote	39.	Hundi ni,
	C. walichukia masomo ya darasani kwa kuwa		A. pesa taslimu
	wakati mwingi walipenda kuwa nje wakipalilia		B. kitita cha pesa
•	maua		C. hati ya fedha
	D. waliamua kumpangia Rita mkutano wa siri		D. pesa nyingi.
	kuhakikisha kuwa hata yeye amejipata na	40.	Kichwa kinachofaa zaidi kwa taarifa hii ni,
	doa.	. •	A. Rita kupata shida maishani
35.	Kwa nini baadhi ya wasichana watundu		B. Ni muhimu kusaidia.
	walimrushia Rita maneno ya kuvunja moyo?		C. Wema hauozi.
			D. Tusikate tamaa.
		1	

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41 mpaka 50.

Mja kinyume na wanyama ameandamwa na shida na bughudha kila uchao. Ushahidi kamili wa shida ni kuangalia vile binadamu anavyotaabikia maisha yake. Ni binadamu tu walio na roho ngumu kama paka wanaoweza kufaulu. Hii inamaanisha kuwa ushindi kamili katika aushi ya mtu ni kule kukabiliana na matatizo na hatimaye kuyashinda. Anayetamauka baada ya kukabiliana na shida huishia kupata maisha yaliyo na tabu. Tunaweza kudai kuwa hakuna aliye na kinga ya shida lakini tofauti huwa jinsi ya kusuluhisha matatizo. <u>Mtoto anayelelewa katika familia ambapo kuna mafarakano baina ya wazazi, hata akikua ataendelea na zahama hizo.</u>

Hakuna haja ya kuchelea kumkosoa mtoto anapokosea. Ni vizuri aelewe jahara alivyofanya ni makosa. Ikiwezekana ni vizuri aonyeshwe jinsi ya kuepuka kadhia hiyo wakati mwingine. Sijamaanisha wazazi wawe kama

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mahakimu kwa watoto wao. La hasha. Hata hivyo watoto walelewe kwa huba ya dhati bila kudekezwa wala kuengwaengwa kama yai wanalohofia lisivunjike. Daina tujue kwamba mchelea mwana kulia hulia yeye.

Waswahili husema kuwa upandacho ndicho uvunacho. Huwezi ukapanda sukumawiki ukavuna maembe. Ni nadra na tukizi kama pembe za sungura kupeana kile ambacho huna. Iwapo nyoyo zetu zimesheheni matusi, uhasama, chuki, tadi na inda, matendo yetu yataonyesha uozo huu huu. Wenye sifa hizi ndio utawasikia ati wakishtumiwa kwa makosa ya ubakaji, ufisadi au hata kuwa na kinywa cha salata. Kwa mizani hiyo hiyo, iwapo tutajaza roho zetu kwa upendo, uvumilivu, upole na utii ndivyo vitu tutakavyotoa vinywani mwetu na katika vitendo vyetu. Nao ulimwengu wa sasa ni wa kupokea unachowapa. Hata hivyo nawasihi walimwengu wawe wa kulipa mabaya kwa mazuri kwa kuwa hiyo ndiyo kinga kamili.

Dawa nyingine ya kuleta suluhu katilar maisha yetu ni ukweli. Kumbuka Waswahili walisema kuwa panapo ukweli uongo hujitenga. Tunapojaribu kutafuta suluhu ya matatizo na majojo latika maisha, ni vyema tuongozwe na ukweli. Mapenzi na ukweli ndizo silaha shakiki za kibudili maisha ya wale wanaotukosea. Makali ya ukweli na nguvu za mapenzi huyeyusha uhasama kabisa. Ukweli na mapenzi ndizo silaha na ngao za <u>kumaliza</u> uadui ulimwenguni. Mwenzako akikukosea muonyeshe mapenzi na umweleze ukweli. Ni vyema kuwatendea wengine vile ambavyo tungependa kutendewa. Hata inasemekana kuwa mtenda jamala huitendea nafsi yake.

41.	Makala haya yanatushauri,		B. wazazi kuyafumbia macho makosa ya
	A. tuziondokee shida kwa kukimbilia katika	· ·	watoto wao
	mambo yatakayotufanya tuzisahau		C. wazazi kuwa wakali sana kwa watoto wao
	B. tupatapo shida tuombe msaada kwa wale		D. wazazi kutowajali wazazi wao.
	walio na ujuzi	46.	Huwezi ukapanda sukumawile na kuvuna
	C. kuwa tupatapo shida tujue ni hatua ya maisha		maembe ina maana ya kuwa,
	na hakuna haja ya kuona kama tumelaaniwa		A. mtu mwovu huandamwa na mazuri
	D. tunapopata shida, tubuni njia za kukabiliana		B. mtu mwovu anaweza kuandamwa na mazuri
• •	nazo mpaka ziishe.		C. mtu mzuri anaweza kufanya mabaya
42.	Maisha ya usumbufu,		D. mtu hujulikana kwa matendo yake.
	A. huwapata wale wanaopoteza matumaini	47.	<u>Kinywa cha salata</u> ni kuwa na,
	baada ya kufikwa na shida fulani		A. tabia ya kuwaunganisha watu
	B. huwapata wale wanaotaabikia suluhu za	1	B. tabia ya kufitinisha na kuchonganisha watu
	kuzikomesha shida zilizowakumba	n Xorona	C. tabia ya kutoa hukumu bila kuiwazia
	C. huwa na wengi wanaojaribu kutafuta tiba		D. kudanganya.
- 	D. huwapata wachache walio na imani kuwa	48.	Suluhu ya <u>mzandiki</u> ni,
	shida hazidumu.		A. mapenzi na ukweli
43.	Ujumbe uliopigiwa kistari katika aya ya		B. mapenzi na mahaba
	kwanza unalenga methali gani?		C. ukweli na halai
	A. Asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu.		D. mapenzi na chuki.
	B. Mwana hutazama kisogo cha nina.	49.	Makala haya yanajaribu kutuonyesha kuwa,
	C. Mwana mtukutu hali wali mkavu.		A. wanyama pia huandamwa na shida kama
	D. Mwana wa yungi hulewa sembuse wa		binadamu
	binadamu.		B. wanyama huwa na shida nafuu kuliko
44.	Njia bora zaidi ya kumkosoa mwana aliyekosea		binadamu
	ni,		C. wanyama hawaathiriki na shida kama
	A. kumwadhibu kwa makosa hayo aliyoyafanya		binadamu
	B. kumweleza mtoto alivyofanya ni makosa		D. binadamu hakumbwa na shida nyingi kuliko
	C. kumwonyesha makosa na njia ya kuyaepuka		wanyama.
	makosa hayo	50.	Maana ya <u>'huba'</u>
	D. kumsamehe mwana huyo kwa kuwa hakuna		A. kujitolea
	asiyekosa.		B. upendeleo
45.	Wazazi kuwa mahakimu kwa watoto wao ni		C. mapenzi
	sawa na,	· · ·	D. kujinyima.
	A. wazazi kuwapenda watoto wao kupita kiasi		
		1	
n Nationa	Har and the second at		the strange the second states and the second states of the second states
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6.40

KISWAHILI DARASA LA NANE

<u>GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY</u> <u>GATUNDU SOUTH</u> STANDARD EIGHT MID - TERM II

SECTION B

ENGLISH: COMPOSITION

TIME: 40 mins

DDDV	- pau	 • •	
INDEX NUMBER			
YOUR NAME			
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	ana Ar Araba Arta		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. In the spaces provided above, write your full index number, your name and name of your school.
- 2. Now open the page, read the heading of the composition carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

You have 40 minutes to write your composition.

The following is the beginning of a composition, write it in your own words making it as interesting as possible.

The games teacher gave us instructions on how we would tackle our opponents. I got motivated to play even harder

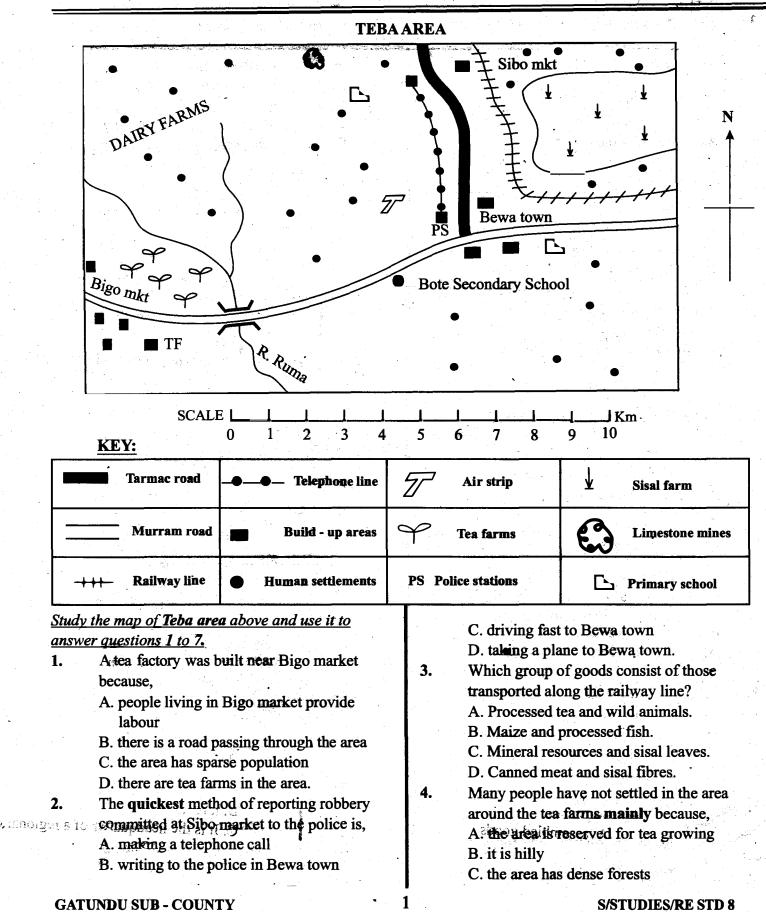
GATUNDU SUB - COUNTY

1

COMPOSITION STD 8

GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY GATUNDU SOUTH STANDARD EIGHT MID - TERM II SOCIAL STUDIES/R.E

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes



D. the area has tea plantations. 5. Land in Teba area generally slopes towards the, A. South B. North C. East D. West. The type of soil found in the South Western 6. part of Teba area is, A. black cotton soil B. alluvial soil C. sandy soil D. volcanic. The most important facility that should be 7. constructed in Teba area is. A. a prison B. a health centre C. a sports stadium D. an open-air market. The following are characteristics of a certain 8. vegetation zone in Africa; (i) Most trees are thorny (ii) Trees shed their leaves (iii) Grass is tall (iv) Baobab and acacia trees are common The vegetation type described above is, A. savannah vegetation B. mountain vegetation C. tropical rainforest D. semi-desert. The main economic benefit of lake victoria 9. is that, A. it is a source of water for irrigation B. it provides water for power generation C. it is a source of fish D. it is a source of salt. 10. Large parts of Northern and Northern Eastern regions of Kenya are sparsely populated mainly because, A. the areas have no natural resources B. the areas do not have big towns C. the areas have poor means of transport D. the area have low rainfall. 11. The work of a head teacher in a school is to, A. record pupils' class attendance B. allocate duties to teachers C. chair school committee meetings D. give the school money to put up classrooms. 12. Which one of the following statements about evolution of human beings is true? A. Crop farming was the first activity to practice.

- B. Hominid creatures have not changed much.
- C. Some human remains were discovered in Uganda.
- D. The early stone age hominid creatures used fire.
- Which one of the following methods was used to predict weather patterns before the 19th century?
 - A. Observing phases of the moon.
 - B. Collecting amount of rainfall.

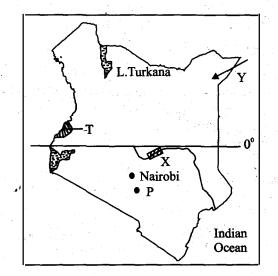
13.

14.

2

- C. Recording the speed of wind.
- D. Measuring water vapour in the air.
- Rural to rural migration in Kenya has led to,
 - A. dense population in high rainfall areas
 - B. large population in towns.
 - C. establishment of industries in towns
 - D. scarcity of jobs in urban areas.

<u>Use the map of Kenya below to answer</u> <u>questions 15 to 18.</u>



- 15. The river projects marked X has helped the country to,
 - A. stop flooding along the river
 - B. earn high foreign exchange
 - C. produce enough electricity in the country
 - D. increase land under agriculture.
- 16. Three of the following statements about communities that used the route marked Y during migration are true. Which one is not?
 - A. They practised nomadic pastoralism.
 - B. They disrupted other communities.
 - C. They practised age-set systems.
 - D. They settled in high rainfall areas.

17.	Which one of the following crops is grown in	26.	Some mountain slopes discourage human
· · · · ·	large plantations in the area marked T?		settlements mainly because they,
	A. Maize. B. Cotton.	•	A. are steep and hilly
	C. Sisal D. Rice.		B. have dense forests
18.	The mineral mined at the place marked P is		C. receive low rainfall
	used to make,		D. are inhabited by wild animals.
1	A. fertilizers B. cement	27.	Below are functions of physical features;
	C. plastics D. toothpaste.		(i) They are sites for offering sacrifices
19.	Civic elections in Kenya are conducted at		(ii) They are dammed to produce electricity
	the,	1999 - T	(iii) They are good for settlements
	A. county level B. ward level		(iv) They are good grazing areas
	C. national level D. constituency level.		Which of the following was a social function
20.	To prevent erosion in areas with gullies the		of hills in the pre-colonial period?
	best method to use is,		A. (ii) B. (i) C. (iv) D. (iii)
	A. ploughing across the slope	28.	Which one of the following is a constitutional
	B. planting grass		right of Kenyans who are 18 years and above?
	C. planting cover crops		The right to,
	D. by building gabions.		A. vie for a parliamentary seat
21.	The spread of HIV/AIDS in Kenya has	1	B. vie for the presidency
н	mainly led to,		C. do anything
	A. decrease in life expectancy		D. vote.
	B. decrease in population	29.	Flooding in the lower parts along river valleys
	C. decrease in educated people		mainly leads to,
	D. decrease in young people.		A. increase in food production
22.	Which one of the following statements		B. formation of deltas
	about horticultural farming in Netherlands	11 - 12 11 - 12 11	C. displacement of people
· · ·	is correct?	30.	D. construction of bridges.
	A. All horticultural products are exportedB. Flowers are grown under natural conditions.	30.	Air transport is not widely used in many parts in Kenya because,
× · ·	C. Some crops are grown in reclaimed lands.		A. it is expensive
	D. Crops are grown in the highland regions.	1	B. airports are few and scattered
23.	It is the right of all the children in a family		C. it is risky
201	to,		D. it can only transport light goods.
	A. do anything they want	31.	The main source of water for perkerra
	B. be paid when they work		irrigation scheme in Baringo county is,
•	C. share family property equally		A. lake Baringo B. lake Bogoria
	D. go to schools of their choices.		C. river Perkerra D. river Nyando.
24.	Rice farmers at Mwea irrigation scheme are		
	faced by the problem of,		Use the diagram below to answer questions
	A. low rainfall in the growing areas	la su terra	<u>32 and 33.</u>
	B. scarcity of water for irrigation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	C. inadequate farming equipment		
	D. delayed payments by rice buyers.		
25.	All major towns in Kenya are faced mainly		
	by the problem of,		Willing Rain
	A. lack of piped water		X
	B. congested slum dwelling of adams	vin	W
•	C. poor untarmacked roads	S 7933	
ene de la	D. lack of electricity in large areas.		
	elettra en fetter, secoles e un telligita grantfese e com	1 8	

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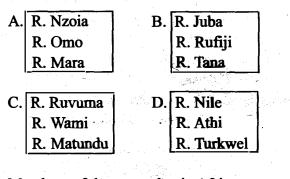
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- 32. Three of the following statements about the winds marked W are correct. Which one is 40. not? They A. are warm and moist B. cause relief rainfall C. are cool and dry D. condense and form clouds. 33. The area marked X receive less rainfall than 41. the opposite side because, A. the area lies at a lower altitude B. the area does not have dense forests C. the area experiences cool conditions D. winds blowing over the area are cool. Agro-foresty is the activity of, 34. A. conserving natural forests B. growing crops and planting trees together
 - C. fencing off forest reserves
 - D. establishing forests in water catchment areas.
 - 35. Many people who have moved out of Kenya to other countries have gone there to,
 - A. improve their living standards
 - B. get better medical treatment
 - C. escape from tribal clashes

D. look for better farming land.

36. Which group of rivers in Eastern Africa end in inland water bodies?



- 37. Members of the same clan in African communities are related by,
 - A. marriages B. language C. names D. blood.
- **38.** The person in charge of voting at a polling station is supposed to,
 - A. show voters the candidates to vote for
 - B. register voters in that ward
 - C. supervise counting of votes
 - D. campaign for the candidates.
- 20391 IBEI Most of the exports of Eastern Africa mainly consist of,
 - A. assembled goods
 - B. agricultural products
 - **GATUNDU SUB COUNTY**

- C. mineral resources
- D. manufactured goods.
- Japan uses better fishing methods to catch
- fish in the seas mainly because,
 - A. the seas around Japan have a lot of fish
 - B. more people in Japan eat fish
 - C. more capital is invested in fishing
 - D. Japan has a long coastline.
- . The Oromo people settled in northern Kenya during migration because,
 - A. the area was suitable for grazing
 - B. the area had many trade items
 - C. the area was good for crop farming
 - D. the area was well defended from enemies.

Use the table below to answer questions 42 and 43.

Rainfall and temperature records for station x

Months	J	F	Μ	Α	Μ	J	J	A	S	0	N	D
Temp (°c)	26	26	27	27	26	28	29	28	29	30	31	30
Rain(mm)	196	150	110	90	86	66	72	90	115	180	170	156

42. Average annual temperature at station x is

approximately.	
A. 31℃	B. 26⁰C
C. 28°C	D. 5℃

- **43.** Which one of the following towns in Africa is **likely** to experience the climatic records shown above?
 - A. Djibouti along the Red sea coast.
 - B. Libreville along the Atlantic coast.
 - C. Cape town in the Cape Region.
 - D. Dodoma in Central Tanzania.
- 44. On a polling day during general elections in Kenya a voter is required to produce,
 - A. an identity card
 - B. a birth certificate
 - C. a driving licence
 - D. a school leaving certificate.
- 45. Seyyid said came to Eastern Africa in 1840 mainly to,
 - A. trade in goods in the region
 - B. look for the source of River Nile
 - C. spread christianity
 - D. search for a sea route to India.
- 46. Which one of the following statements about
- deurous Arusha town is not true?
 - A. It is located in a highland region.
 - B. It receives adequate rainfall.
 - C. It is the headquarter of a regional body.

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			•
	D. It started as an Arab trading centre.		A. appoint the President
47.	Which one of the following minerals is		B. set election dates
	correctly matched with the place it is		C. amend laws in the constitution
	mined?		D. appoint members of the cabinet.
	Mineral Place	55.	The increase of refugees in Kenya from
	A. Fluospar Mwatate.		neighbouring countries has mainly led to,
	B. Marble Kajiado.		A. expansion of towns in the country
	C. Salt Kimwarer.		B. increase in skilled labour
	D. Gemstones Malindi.		C. increase in agricultural activities
48.	Population increase in Germany is low		D. strain on social facilities in refugee camps.
	because,	56.	Which one of the following countries in
•	A. the country has good health facilities		Africa was colonized by Germany up to
	B. most people live in towns		1919?
	C. young people are few in relation to		A. Namibia. B. Congo.
	population	•	C. Mauritius. D. Mozambique.
	D. there was few deaths among children.	57.	Game parks have been established in Kenya
49.	Large poultry farms are located near towns		mainly to,
	mainly because,		A. earn income for the country
	A. towns are supplied with electricity	· · · ·	B. protect wild animals
	B. poultry feeds are sold in the towns		C. create land for farming
	C. people living in the towns provide labour	• •	D. create employment in the country.
	D. towns have a large market for poultry	58.	The main role of prefects in school
	products		management is to,
50.	Tourists who visit Switzerland are mainly	e	A. prepare the school routine
	attracted by,		B. supervise development projects in the
	A. beautiful mountain scenery		school
	B. warm coastal beaches		C. advise the school management committee.
	C. large variety of wild animals		D. supervise other pupils in school activities.
	D. large urban centres.	59.	It is important to respect human rights in
51.	Which one of the following is an economic		order to,
. •	importance of natural forests? They,		A. reduce the work of police officers
	A. are homes to wild animals		B. stop making laws in the country
	B. are sources of timber		C. promote development and freedom in the
	C. are sources of river		country
	D. attract rainfall	1	D. reduce congestion in prisons.
52.	According to the law in Kenya a family starts	60.	The method of conflict resolution used
	when,		to bring peace after the 2007 elections
	A. a marriage certificate is issued		in Kenya was,
	B. a man and woman get children		A. mediation B. litigation
	C. marriage dowry has been paid		C. consensus D. reconciliation.
	D. an adult male and female live together as		
	husband and wife.		
53.	Among the Abawanga people major		
	decisions in the past were made by,		
	A. queens B. kings		
	C. chiefs D. headmen.		and the second se
54.	The legislative arm of the government in	ſ	prophets said that lesus would be carted
	Kenya has the power to,	1 .	
· .	OHIVE BUSINESS STREET, STORE STORE STREET, STORE STORE STREET, STORE STORE STREET, STORE STORE STORE STORE STREET, STORE	1	

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	SECTION II	70.	From the story of Angel Gabriel and
•	CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION		Zechariah in the temple christians learn that,
61.	As a result of their disobedience in the		A. God answers their prayers
	garden of Eden, human beings were made to,		B. they should thank God for their blessings C. they should believe in the scriptures
	A. cultivate the land		D. some dreams come true.
	B. bear children	71.	Joseph and Mary went to Bethlehem at the
	C. take care of the creation	10	time Jesus was born following the orders of,
	D. die in their lifetime.		A. Pontious pilate
62.	Noah showed obedience to God when he,		B. Emperor Augustus
	A. saved human beings from the flood		C. Governor Quinnius
	B. built the Ark	· .	D. King Herod.
	C. moved from Haran	72.	Which one of the following events happened
	D. accepted to sacrifice his son.		when Jesus was fasting in the wilderness?
63.	From the call of Moses near Mount Sinai		A. Jesus changed water into wine.
	christians learn to,		B. The devil talked to Jesus.
	A. give to the needy		C. Jesus' clothes changed to dazzling white.
	B. respect places of worship		D. Jesus changed stones into bread.
	C. ask God for their needs	73.	Jesus performed miracles mainly to,
	D. pray in humility.	1. A.	A. show God's love for his people
64.	An activity on the night of the Exodus that		B. show that he was the expected messiah
	showed the Israelites were in hurry to leave		C. make people accept his teaching
	Egypt was,		D. show mercy to the suffering.
	A. killing of Egyptian first borns	74:	The parable of Jesus about the two men who
	B. eating of bitter herbs	en an	went to pray teaches christians to have,
	C. eating of unleavened bread		A. kindness B. humility
	D. smearing of blood on their door posts.		C. knowledge D. courage.
65.	When God gave the Israelites the commandments	75.	Which one of the following was taught by
	he appeared on Mount Sinai in the form of,		Jesus during the last supper?
	A. a cloud B. rain		A. Who is the greatest.
"	C. rainbow D. a strong wind.	-	B. How to pray.
66.	The main duty of judges when the Israelites		C. The true vine.
	were living in Canaan was, A. offering sacrifices	. 76.	D. Light of the world.
	B. foretelling future events	/0.	Which one of the following women went to the tomb of Jesus early in the morning?
	C. appointing kings		A. Martha. B. Tabitha.
	D. leading soldiers to war.		C. Joanna. D. Lydia.
67.	From the story of David and Goliath, the	77.	Which command did Jesus give to his
••••	value christians should have is,		disciples when he was being taken up to
	A. humility B. faith		heaven?
	C. respect D. self-control.		A. "Go to all people and make them my
68.	Who became the king in Judah after the split		disciples"
	of the United Kingdom of Israel?		B. "Love one another as I have loved you"
	A. Jeroboam. B. Ahab.		C. "Be good to those who mistreat you"
	C. Solomon. D. Rehoboam.		Ø. "Ask and it shall be given to you"
69.	Which one of the following old testament	78.	Thomas could not believe that Jesus had
•	69. bollapad the work Adeal (SAV hist at a start or a	n ids	resurrected because,
	Immanuel? Service and shouting odd	1	A. the second states of the second se
	A. Isaiah. B. Jeremiah.		B. he had not gone to the tombuord .A
	C. Solomon. D. Rehoboam.		C. he was always doubting many things
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	D: he had not seen Jesus.		•
79.	In order to take the place of Judas Iscariot	89.	• • •
	the disciples elected,		
	A. Paul B. Matthias]
	C. Stephen D. Philip.		(
80.	The fruit of self control helps christians to,		. 1
00.	A. meet new friends	-90.	
	B. get good jobs		
- -	C. save for the future		
- 11- 	$\dot{\mathbf{D}}$. control their emotions.		1
41 ∉1	According to the teachings of traditional		•
8 1.			
	African religion, God,		
	A. is the creator of human beings		т
	B. is worshipped through Jesus		Ī
	C. lives in high mountains		
0.0	D. is three in one.	61.	
82.	Differences in traditional African communities		4
	are best solved by,		
	A. beating the person who is wrong	62.	
	B. reading the Bible		(
	C. involving elders		
	D. keeping quiet.		
83.	Names given to God in traditional African	63.	. •]
	societies symbolize his,		<u>_</u> 1
	A. power B. size		4
	C. anger D. strength.		
84.	A practice in traditional African societies	64.]
	which is also done in christianity is,		•
	A. polygamy B. worship		4
,	C. witchcraft D. wearing charms.		. (
85.	Christians teach against the misuse of drugs	65.	
	because,		<u> </u>
	A. makes people poor		-
	B. they are illegal		
	C. some of them do not have warning signs	66.	1
	D. endanger the user's health.		1
86.	Kiprotich has not done well in KCPE. As a		1
	christian the best advice to give him is,		
	A. to join a local polytechnic		. (
	B. to go to a big town to look for a job	67.	1
	C. to get married]
	D. to repeat standard eight.	1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
87.	Christians donate food to the poor in order	.	·
	to,		(
	A. support the government	l i e e	
•	B. do the will of God	68.	
	C. be popular		
	D. make themselves known.		
88.	Your classmate tells other pupils how rich his	69.	К
•	father is. Heishould be advised to the, A		1
	A. prouding a dt at a B. patient		
		Ľ	
	and the second	1.1	

C. kind D. humbel.
89. Which one is an act of charity? A. Paying fees for an orphan.
B. Building a good house.
C. Helping a child cross the road.
D. Buying good clothes.
90. The first missionary school in Kenya was started at,

A. ThogotoB. RabaiC. MasenoD. Kihuhia.

SECTION II ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61.	The holy Ouran	was revealed to prophet,						
	A. Daud	B. Musa						
	C. Ibrahim	D. Mohammad.						
62.	The wife of the	prophet, Aisha was the						
	daughter of,							
	A. Uthman	B. Abubakar						
	C. Umar	D. Ali						
63.	How many prop	hets of Allah (SW) are						
	mentioned in the							
	A. 40	<i>B.</i> 25						
	C. 124	D. 99						
64.	How many musl	ims participated in the battle						
	of Uhud?							
	A. 313	B. 10 000						
	C. 3000	D. 1000						
65.	The act of hiding	g goods by traders in order						
	to raise the price	es is known as,						
	A. hoarding	B. usury						
	C. ghush	D. riba.						
66.	Which one of th	e following surah warns						
	muslims against	backbiting and romour						
	mongering?							
	A. Fatiha.	B. Fiil.						
	C. Kauthar.	D. Humaza.						
67.	Who among the	following angels is correctly						
	matched with h							
	A. Mikail → l	oring wahy.						
	B. Izrafeel →	blowing the trumpet.						
	-	arding paradise.						
	D. Jibril → ta							
68.		th of the Islamic calendar is,						
	A. Muharram	B. Shaban						
		9. Which Cafar o double . ?						
69 .		Allah (SW) who was given						
		walking rod was,						
	A. Musa	B. Ii. ahim						

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	C. Nuh D. Isa.		C. Two. D. Four.
70.	Which surah of the Quran talks about the	81.	Which surah of the Quran talks about the
· · · .	favours of Allah (SW) to the Quraish?		story of Abraha?
	A. Kauthar. B. Aadiyat.		A. Fiil. B. Kauthar.
	C. Quraish. D. Asr.	1997 - 1997 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	C. Masad. D. Tiin.
71.	What should a muslim say before starting to	82.	Muslims thank Allah (SW) by saying,
	do something?		A. Alhamdulillah.
	A. Alhamdulillah.		B. Bismillahi.
	B. Bismillahi.		C. Jazakallah.
	C. Maashallah.		D. Astaghfirullah.
	D. Astaghfirullah.	83.	How many children did prophet mohammad
72.	The festival celebrated to mark the birth of		(SAW) have?
	prophet mohammad (S.A.W) is known as,		A. Seven. B. Six.
	A. Isra-wal-miraj		C. Four. D. Three.
	B. Milad-un-Nabii	84.	Which one of the following sunnah prayer is
	C. Idd-ul-fitr	•	the last prayer of the day?
	D. Aqiigah.		A. Taraweh.
73.	Which one of the following terms refers to	·	B. Witr.
/0.	heavy Najis?		C. Tahajud.
	A. Mughaladha.		D. Dhuha.
	B. Mutawisit.	85.	How many Idols had been placed in the
	C. Khafif.	021	Kaabah by the Quraish?
Э	D. Hadath.		A. 160 B. 60
74.	How many rakaat are there in swalat - ul-		C. 260 D. 360
/ 40	jumu'a?	86.	Which Surah of the Quran is known as
	A. Three. B. Two.		"Thuluthul - Quran"?
	C. Four. D. One.		A. Ikhlas.
75.	Who is famed for running between the two	1.1	B. Falaq.
/01	hills of safa and marwa?		C. Nas.
	A. Ismail. B. Ibrahim.		D. Fatiha.
	C. Hajar. D. Sarah.	87.	The fifth and last faradh prayer of the day is,
76.	The prayer performed to seek for rain from	0/1	A. Dhuhr B. Isha
,	Allah (SW) is,		C. Maghrib D. Asr.
· •	A. Istikharah B. Kusuf	88.	The attribute of Allah (SW) that shows he is
	C. Istisqai D. Taraweh.	001	the most merciful is,
77.	How many verses are there in Surah	- -	A. Ar-Rahman
	Al-Fatiha?		B. Al-Qudus
	A. Seven. B. Six.		C. Al-Aźiz
	C. Eight. D. Ten.		D. Ar-Raheem.
78.	Which of the following intoxicant is	89.	Who among the following prophets of Allah
	commonly abused by muslims?	0,21	(SW) was commanded by Allah (SW) to
	A. Marijuana. B. Alcohol.		build an ark?
	C. Cocaine. D. Miraa.	•	A. Nuh. B. Hud.
79.	Which one of the following is the second		C. Isa. D. Mohammad.
	pillar of Islam?	90.	Which one of the following is not done
	A. Kalima. B. Salat.		during Umrah?
	C. Saum. D. Zakat.		A. Arafat.
80.	How many rakaat are there in swalat - ul -		B. Sa'ay.
(19	Philbur?	a sana san	
	A. One. B. Three.		D. Tawaai.
			A. proud B potential

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