1. What is the value of

$$8(7-5) + 24 - 8 \text{ of } 6 \div 3$$
?

A. 24

B. 64

C. 16

D. 18

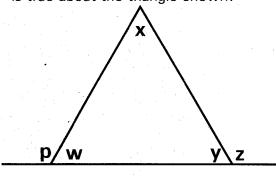
2. What is the sum of the LCM and GCD of 18, 36 and 48?

B. 147

C. 150

D. 146

3. Which one of the statements given below is true about the triangle shown?



$$A.x + y = z$$

B.
$$x + w = p$$

C.
$$p - x = z$$

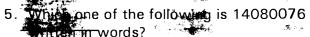
D.
$$z - x = w$$

4. What is 1.9996 rounded off to the nearest hundredth?



B. 2

D. 2.0



- A. One million four hundred and eight thousand and seventy six
- B. One hundred and forty million eighty thousand and seventy six
- C. Fourteen million eighty thousand and seventy six
- Fourteen million eight thousand and seventy six
- 6. What is the place value of digit 3 after working out 2.148 ÷ 16?
 - A. Hundreds
 - B. Three hundredths
 - C. Thousandths
 - D. Hundredths
- 7. What is the next number in the sequence below?

A. 49

B. 66

005/ Std. 8

D. 57

8. The ratio of men to women in a meeting is 5:6. If there are 979 people in the meeting, how many more women than men are in the meeting?

A. 89

B. 445

C. 98

D. 534

9. What is sh 6820 when increased in the ratio 5:4?

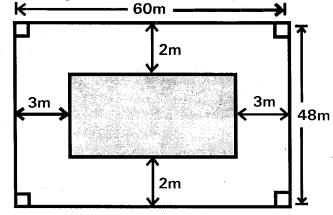
A. 1705

B. 5456

C. 10230

D. 8525

10. What is the area of the unshaded part in the figure below?



A. 528m²

B. 504m²

C. 2376m²

D. 2880m²

- 11. Which quadrilateral has the following properties?
 - (i) Opposite sides are equal
 - (ii) Its diagonals are equal
 - (iii) Diagonals bisect each other
 - (iv) It has two pairs of parallel lines
 - A. Trapezium C. Rectangle

B. Parallelogram

D. Rhombus

12. What is the value of
$$3x^2 + 4y$$

$$x + 2p$$

Given that x = 4, p = 2x and

$$y = x + p$$
?

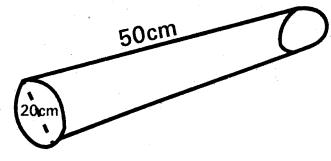
A. $4^{4}/_{5}$

B. 15

c. $9^{3}/_{5}$

D. 5

13. The diagram below represents a pipe of diameter 20cm and length of 50cm



What is the surface area of the pipe? (Take II = 3.14)

- A. 3768cm²
- B. 3454cm²
- C. 15700cm²
- D. 3140cm²
- 14. Which one of the following statements is true?
 - A. 0.003 > 0.02
 - B. $12^2 < \sqrt{144}$
 - C. $\frac{1}{2}$ are = 50m²
 - D. $\frac{4}{5} < \frac{3}{4}$
- 15. Koech had sh 1280. He used the money to buy the following items from a shop ³/₄ kg of meat @ sh 400 1¹/₂ kg of rice @ sh 110 2kg of maize flour for sh 98 If he gave the shopkeeper a sh 1000 note, how much did he remain with altogether?
 - A. sh 717
- B. sh 619
- C. sh 339
- D. sh 437
- The table below shows the number of pupils who visited a library from Monday to Saturday

Day of	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
the week						
No of	126	180	117	195	126	-
pupils						

If the mean visit for that week was 162, how many more pupils visited the library on Saturday than on Thursday?

- A. 228
- B. 33

- C. 69
- D. 102
- 17. The area of a square piece of land is 16ha. What is its perimeter in metres?
 - A. 400
- B. 160
- C. 1600
- D. 2000

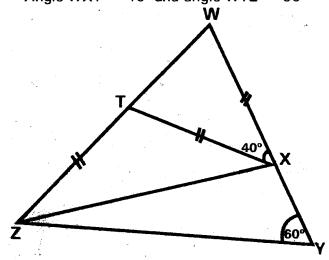
005/Std. 8

- 18. Twelve men working for 8-hours a day can dig a shamba in 10 days. If 4 men do not report to work, how many more days would the remaining working for 8 hours a day, take to dig the shamba?
 - A. 15

B. 5

C. 3

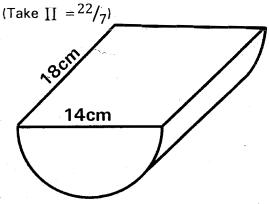
- D. 7
- 19. What is the value of w in the equation $\underline{4w-5} + 3w = 12$
 - A. $3^{1}/_{2}$
- B. $^{17}/_{22}$
- C. $3^{1}/_{22}$
- D. $2^{1/2}$
- 20. Okumu bought a radio for sh 6000 after being given a 20% discount. How much would he have paid had she been given a 10% discount?
 - A. sh 7,500
- B. sh 6,480
- C. sh 4,320
- D. sh 6,750
- 21. In the figure below, WTZ and WXY are straight lines. Lines WX = XT = TZ. Angle $WXT = 40^{\circ}$ and angle $WYZ = 60^{\circ}$



What is the measure of angle XZY?

- **A**. 15⁰
- B. 50⁰
- C. 35⁰
- D. 70⁰
- 22. Cylindrical tins of diameter 7cm and height 8cm were to be arranged in a box whose length is 1.4m width 84cm and height 96cm. How many tines were needed to fill the box?
 - A. 5760
- B. 288
- C. 2880
- D. 576

- 23. A cyclist cycled at an average speed of 15km/h for 2 hours. He then took a matatu that covered 100km in 1¹/₄ hours. Find his average speed for the whole journey?
 - A. 45km/h
- B. $47^{1}/_{2}$ km/h
- C. 80km/h.
- D. 40km/h
- 24. What is the surface area of the block of wood below?



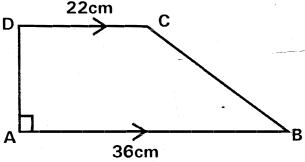
- A. 1386cm²
- B. 802cm²
- C. 550cm²
- D. 648cm²
- 25. Wekulo deposited sh 80,000 for 2 years in a bank which paid compound interest at the rate of 15% per annum. He withdrew all the interest after that period. How much did he withdraw?
 - A. sh 105,800
- B. sh 25,800
- C. sh 24,000
- D. sh 104,000
- 26. How many days are there between 13th March and May 24th?
 - A. 74
- B. 73
- C. 72

- D. 71
- 27. What is the area of a rhombus whose diagonals are 30cm and 16cm long respectively?
 - A. 960cm²
- B. 480cm²
- C. 240cm²
- D. 288cm²
- 28. Simplify

$$4m - 40 > m - 10$$

- A. m > 10
- B. m < 10
- C. m > 6
- D. m > $16^{2}/_{3}$

29. The diagram below is a trapezium ABCD. Line AB is parallel to line DC. Line AB = 36cm and line DC = 22cm



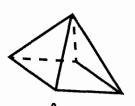
If the area of the trapezium is 522cm², what is the length of line AD?

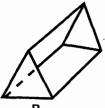
- A. 14.5cm
- B. 29cm
- C. 16cm
- D. 18cm
- 30. What is the value of

$$\frac{12.6 + 0.8 \times 3.6 - 9.2}{0.04}$$

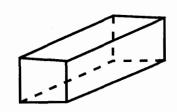
- A. 805
- B. 976
- C. 157
- D. 6.28
- 31. Opiyo ate 0.6 of a cake. He gave his sister 0.3 of the remainder and kept the rest. What percentage of the cake did he keep?
 - A. 12%
- B. 28%
- C. 10%
- D. 42%
- 32. On a map, the length of a railway line which is 108km long is represented by a length of 9cm. What is the scale used?
 - A. 1:200000
- B. 1:120000
- C. 1:12000
- D. 1:1200
- 33. A cylindrical container of radius 8.4cm has 11.088 litres of water. What is the height, in centimetres, of the water in the container?
 - A. 50cm
- B. 25cm
- C. 100cm
- D. 80cm
- 34. The diagram below is a net of a solid

If the net is folded, which one of the following diagrams represents the solid formed?









C

D

- 35. What is the simplified form of $12m + \frac{5}{8}(4m 24p)$?
 - A. $2^{1}/_{2}m 15p$
 - B. $14^{1/2}$ m 15p
 - C. $14^{1}/_{2}m + 15p$
 - D. $10^{1}/_{2}$ m 15p
- 36. Chwazuri bought a piece of land for sh 4,000,000. He subdivided it into 20 plots of equal area. He then sold all the plots and made a 25% profit. What was the selling price for each plot?
 - A. sh 50,000
- B. sh 200,000
- C. sh 250,000
- D. sh 1,000,000
- 37. What is the value of

$$\frac{3 \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{3} \times 1 \frac{1}{4} ?}{2^{1}/3 + \frac{2}{5} \div \frac{1}{2}}$$

- A. $2^{5}/_{12}$
- B. $3^{2}/_{15}$
- C. $7^{103}/_{180}$
- D. $^{145}/_{188}$
- 38. The mean of six numbers is $8^{1}/_{3}$. Five of these numbers are 9, 10, 7, 11 and 6. What is the median of the six numbers?
 - A. 7

- B. 8
- c. $8^{1}/_{2}$
- D. $6^{3}/_{4}$

- 39. Thirty six 5 decilitres packets of milk emptied into a 50 litre container. How many more such packets of milk were needed to fill the container?
 - A. 100
- B. 32

C. 64

- D. 320
- 40. A rectangular plot measures 48m by 27m. What would be the length of the side of a square plot with the same area?
 - A. 36m
- B. 46m
- C. 44m
- D. 1296m
- 41. Which one of the following sets of measurements can be used to construct a right angled triangle?
 - A. 1cm, $1^{1}/_{3}$ cm, 2cm
 - B. $1^2/_3$ cm, 4cm, $4^1/_3$ cm
 - C. 1cm, $1^{7}/_{8}$ cm, $2^{3}/_{8}$ cm
 - D. $1^{1}/_{6}$ cm, 4cm, $4^{1}/_{2}$ cm
- 42. Construct triangle WXY such that line XY
 - = 7cm angle $YXZ = 40^{0}$ and angle XZY
 - = 65°. What is the length of line XZ?
 - A. 5.5cm
- B. 6cm
- C. 7.4cm
- D. 5cm
- 43. Mwende bought t oranges and Nekesa bought t + 3 oranges. Mido bought twice as many oranges as both Mwende and Nekesa. Which one of the following expressions shows the total number of oranges they bought?
 - A. 4t + 9
- B. 4t + 6
- C. 6t + 6
- D. 6t + 9
- 44. The hire purchase terms of a laptop computer is a deposit of sh 22,000 and six monthly instalments of sh 4,500 each. The hire purchase price is 175% of the cost price while the cash price is 25% more than the cost price. What is the cash price of the laptop?
 - A. sh 35,000
- B. sh 49,000
- C. sh 28,000
- D. sh 39,200
- 45. Given that

$$XY = \frac{42 \times 0.9}{6}$$

And y = 31.5, what is the value of x?

A. 2

- B. 0.2
- C. 0.02
- D. 20
- 46. The charges for sending a telegram were as follows:

The first 10 words or less sh 25 Any additional words sh 3.00 each Abbreviations and punctuation marks are counted as words

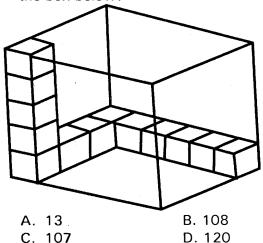
A tax of 20% is charged on the amount The total amount to be paid is rounded off to the nearest 50 cents. What was the cost of sending the following telegram?

TINA SIDIKA BOX 4689 BUNGOMA **OPERATION SUCCESSFUL COMING** HOME 15TH AUGUST ABABU SIBWOGA.

- A. Sh 37.00
- B. Sh 44,40
- C. Sh 44.50
- D. Sh 45.00
- 47. A rectangular card measures 50cm by 40cm. A square of side 6cm is cut from each corner of the rectangular card. The card is then folded to form an open cuboid. What is the surface area of the cuboid formed?
 - A. 2000cm²
- B. 1856cm²
- C. 1640cm²
- D. 6384cm²

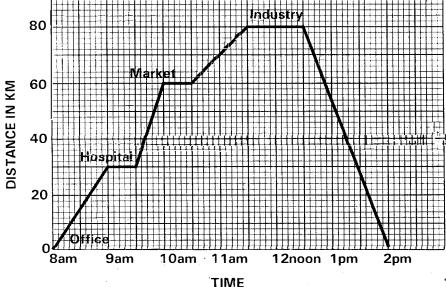
- 48. Which is the correct order of writing the fractions $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{3}{7}$ and $\frac{6}{11}$ from the largest to the smallest? A. $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{3}{7}$

 - B. $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{6}{11}$
 - c. $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{5}{8}$
 - D. $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{4}{9}$
- 49. How many more cubes are needed to fill the box below?



- D. 120

50. The graph below shows the journey made by Wetangula a government inspector



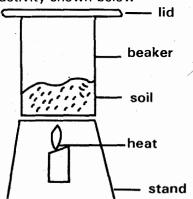
Between which two places was his speed $53^{1}/_{3}$ km/h?

- A. Office and hospital
- B. Hospital and market
- C. Market and industry
- D. Industry and office

- 1. Heat is transferred through liquids and gases by
 - A. Radiation only
 - B. Conduction and convection
 - C. Convection only
 - D. Convection and radiation
- 2. Standard seven pupils made the following mixtures:
 - (i) Salt, water and sand
 - (ii) Iron fillings, maize grains and beans
 - (iii) Sugar, water and salt
 - (iv) Water, maize grains and iron fillings

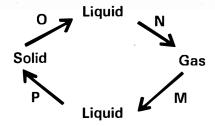
In which mixture did the pupils not recover individual substances?

- A. (i)
- B. (ii)
- C. (iii)
- D. (iv)
- 3. Which one of the following is NOT an example of force?
 - A. Weight
- B. Pressure
- C. Friction
- D. Effort
- 4. Standard four pupils carried out the activity shown below



The soil component under investigation

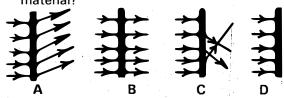
- A. Humus
- B. Air
- C. Animals
- D. Moisture
- The diagram below shows the processes that occur when matter is heated then cooled.



Which two letters represent the processes that need a decrease in temperature?

- A. P and M
- B. O and N
- C. N and M
- D. P and O
- 6. Which one of the following is a pair of animals that lay eggs and live partly in water?
 - A. Duck and toad
 - B. Frog and turtle
 - C. Newt and frog
 - D. Crocodile and shark
- 7. The following are reasons for breastfeeding. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Boost the immune system of the baby
 - B. Bond the baby and the mother
 - C. Encourage fast growth of the baby
 - D. Its free from contamination
- 8. Which activity when practiced will control sheet erosion?
 - A. Planting cover crops
 - B. Contour farming
 - C. Building gabions
 - D. Making terraces
- 9. Gram is the unit measure for
 - A. Weight
- B. Volume
- C. Pressure
- D. Mass
- 10. Which statement is NOT true about sandy soil?
 - A. It mixes easily with cement
 - B. It is poorly aerated
 - C. It is highly porous
 - D. It has the fasted capillarity
- 11. The following are some stages during parturation in human beings. Which one of them occurs last?
 - A. Dilation of the cervix
 - B. Contraction of the uterus
 - C. Bursting of the amniotic sac
 - D. Pushing out of the baby
- 12. Which of the following feeds are used in stall feeding of dairy cattle?
 - A. Pasture and hay
 - B. Fodder and concentrates
 - C. Fodder and silage
 - D. Pasture and concentrates

- The following are characteristics of a certain blood vessel in the human body.
 - (i) Carries deoxygenated blood
 - (ii) Carries blood under high pressure Which blood vessel is described above?
 - A. Pulmonary vein
 - B. Aorta
 - C. Pulmonary artery
 - D. Vena cava
- 14. Which diagram below represents how light behaves as it meets a translucent material?



- 15. Which of the following produces motion from electrical energy?
 - A. Bicycle dynamo
 - B. Motor in a fan
 - C. Torch bulb
 - D. Geothermal generator
- 16. Standard four pupils observed a certain cloud with the following characteristics:
 - (i) Was formed low in the sky
 - (ii) Was dark grey in colour
 - (iii) Looked like a mountain

Which type of cloud did the pupils observe?

- A. Nimbus
- B. Stratus
- C. Cumulus
- D. Cirrus
- 17. When making a model of the solar system, which planets would, you place in the 4th and 7th orbits from the sun?
 - A. Mars and Neptune
 - B. Earth and Jupiter
 - C. Earth and Saturn
 - D. Mars and Uranus
- 18. When using levers, which pair of levers is the effort distance longer than the load distance?
 - A. Wheelbarrow and bottle opener
 - B. Spade and fishing rod

- C. Claw hammer and see saw
- D. See saw and spade
- 19. Which one of the following materials will magnetism pass through?
 - A. Steel wool and iron nail
 - B. Staple pin and copper coin
 - C. Wooden ruler and aluminium foil
 - D. Iron nail and scissors
- 20. The property of thermos flask that prevents heat loss by convection is
 - A. Cork stopper
 - B. Vacuum
 - C. Plastic casing
 - D. Shiny surface
- 21. Standard six pupils listed the following uses of a component of air:
 - i. Breathing
 - ii. Preservation of soft drinks
 - iii. Making plant food
 - iv. Germination

Which components of air are used in the above uses?

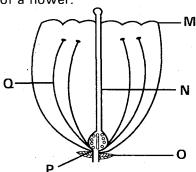
- A. Oxygen and Nitrogen
- B. Nitrogen and carbon dioxide
- C. Inert gases and nitrogen
- D. Oxygen and carbon dioxide
- 22. Which of the following weather instrument works on the fact that air occupies space and makes things to move?
 - A. Wind vane
 - B. Air thermometer
 - C. Wind sock
 - D. Rain gauge
- 23. Standard eight pupils used a solar panel to light up their classroom. Which one of the following shows correct order of the energy changes that took place?
 - A. Chemical → electrical → heat → light
 - B. Light \rightarrow electrical \rightarrow heat \rightarrow light
 - C. Chemical → electrical→ light → heat
 - D. Light → electrical → light → heat
- 24. Which one of the following shows diseases a child is immunized against

at the age of one and a half months old?

- A. Tuberculosis, polio, diphtheria and yellow fever
- B. Tetanus, measles, diphtheria and tuberculosis
- C. Polio, tetanus, diphtheria and whooping cough
- D. Measles, polio, yellow fever and tuberculosis
- 25. When making compost manure, which two components are used to introduce decomposers to the heap?
 - A. Farm yard manure and top soil
 - B. Ash and kitchen refuse
 - C. Top soil and maize stalks
 - D. Farm yard manure and ash
- 26. Which one of the following shows a pair of plants that store food in the swollen tap root?
 - A. Irish potato and cassava
 - B. Cassava and yams
 - C. Yams and sweet potato
 - D. Carrot and arrow roots
- 27. Standard four pupils collected some crops. They were asked by their science teacher to group them according to their correct groups. Which one of the following shows the correct grouping?

Cereals	vegetables	legumes
A. Maize	carrot	cassava
B. Wheat	onion	peas
C. Beans	kales	potato
D. Ginger	tomatoes	beans

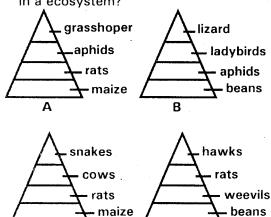
28. The diagram below shows some parts of a flower.



Which two letters represent the calyx and corolla?

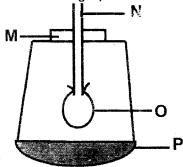
- A. M and O
- B. Q and P
- C. M and N
- D. N and P

29. Which diagram below correctly shows a feeding relationship that would exist in a ecosystem?



- 30. Which one of the following shows examples of fodder rich in proteins?
 - A. Sweet potato vines and Napier grass
 - B. Lucerne and Napier grass
 - C. Maize stalks and Desmodium
 - D. Desmodium and Lucerne
- 31. Which one of the following groups of food is suitable to a child suffering from anaemia?
 - A. Spinach, liver, kales
 - B. Meat, beans, milk
 - C. Eggs, ugali, cabbage
 - D. Carrots, oranges, spinach
- 32. The following are signs and symptoms of certain water borne disease.
 - i. Itching of the bowels
 - ii. Skin rash
 - iii. Passing out urine with blood
 - iv. Coughing at a later stage Which of the following disease is described above?
 - A. Typhoid
- B. Cholera
- C. Bilharzia
- D. Dysentery
- 33. The following are effects of HIV and AID. Which one of them explains the effect to the family?
 - A. Lack of parental care
 - B. Lowering of self esteem
 - C. Increase in number of school drop outs
 - D. Poor performance at school

- 34. Which of the following uses of water are recreational only?
 - A. Swimming, mixing chemicals, boat racing
 - B. Transport, cleaning, swimming
 - C. Boat racing, skiing, swimming
 - D. Cleaning, bathing, fishing
- 35. The following are pollutants of the environment. Which one of them causes global warming?
 - A. Tobacco smoking
 - B. Aerosol sprays
 - C. Inorganic fertilizers
 - D. Oil spillage
- 36. The diagram below shows a model of the breathing system.



Which letter represents the part that helps in trapping dust?

A. **M**

B. N

C. O

- D. P
- 37. Which method of parasite control would be used to control both ticks and roundworms?
 - A. Spraying
 - B. Drenching
 - C. Dipping
 - D. Rotational grazing
- 38. Which one of the following characteristics of solids and liquids are correctly matched?

 Solids Liquids

	Solius	Liquius
Α.	No definite shape	Definite
		volume
B.	Definite volume	Definite shap
C.	Definite shape	Definite
		volume
D.	No definite volume	Definite
		volume

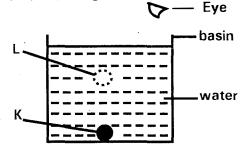
- 39. In an experiment to investigate factors affecting sinking and floating standard four pupils placed a small nail and a big nail in a basin full of water. From this experiment the pupils concluded that
 - A. Weight affects sinking and floating
 - B. Size does not affect sinking and floating
 - C. Material affects sinking and floating
 - D. Shape does not affect sinking and floating
- 40. Which of the following activities will NOT affect pressure in liquid?
 - A. Adding more water to the container
 - B. Using a container with a smaller diameter
 - C. Pouring water in a large container
 - D. Raising the container above the ground
- 41. The main reason why car tyres have treads is to .
 - A. increase the speed of the car
 - B. Make the tyres more durable
 - C. Increase grip on the road
 - D. Make the tyres more attractive
- 42. Farmers keep goats and sheep on the farm mainly to get
 - A. Milk and wool
 - B. Mutton only
 - C. Wool and mutton
 - D. Milk and mutton
- 43. The following are processes that are involved in the formation of a zygote in plants. Which one of them occurs second?
 - A. Growth of pollen tube
 - B. Fusion
 - C. Pollen tube breaking
 - D. Pollination
- 44. Which one of the following shows liquids that form a uniform mixture when added to each other in a glass?
 - A. Kerosene, cooking oil and petrol
 - B. Spirit, water, and petrol
 - C. Ink, kerosene, and water
 - D. Spirit, petrol and milk

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- 45. The following are activities carried out when investigating how light travels but not in the correct order?
 - i. Arrange the boxes in a straight line
 - ii. Make hole in the three boxes at the same point
 - iii. Observe through the holes
 - iv. Place a lit a candle in front of the boxes

Which one of the following shows the correct arrangement of the above steps?

- A. (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)
- B. (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)
- C. (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)
- D. (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)
- 46. Which one of the following pairs of materials will pollute both water and soil?
 - A. Waste gases and exhaust fumes
 - B. Oil spills and inorganic fertilizers
 - C. Inorganic fertilizers and waste gases
 - D. Waste gases and oil spills
- 47. The diagram below shows a set up used to demonstrate a certain property of light?



What conclusion can be drawn from the set up shown above?

- A. Light changes speed as it moves from water to air
- B. Light travels in a straight line
- C. Light can be split into seven colours
- D. Light passes in water faster than in air
- 48. Which one of the following shows foods that belong to the same group?
 - A. Maize, wheat flour, cabbage and rice
 - B. Peas, rice, ugali and spinach
 - C. Groundnuts, sim sims, maize and rice
 - D. Green banana, cassava, yams and arrow roots
- 49. Which statement about soft water is correct?
 - A. It is suitable for drinking
 - B. It produces scum with soap
 - C. It wastes soap
 - D. It lathers easily with soap
- 50. A standard five pupil spoke through a folded paper. Which type of sound did the pupil produce?
 - A. Special sound
 - B. Loud sound
 - C. Noise
 - D. Soft sound

The passage below contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space choose the BEST alternative from the choices given.

Not	1	bovs	and girls gr	ow and d	evelop	at the same	2	. This
							glands	
beair	n to	5 h	normones at	the same	time a	s vour friend	6 i	s the
						or later than y		
						·		•
Girl	ls8	<u> </u>	egin adoleso	ence betv	ween t	he age of ele	ven and thirte	en. Boys
	9 a	dolescence	e between tl	he ages of	twelv	e and fourtee	en. This is 🔙	10
man	y girls are	taller and	11	develo	oped th	an boys when	they are eleve	n and
fourt	een years (of 12	. Ce	cilia and J	ames a	are 13	They ju	st had
							15	
	they grov		,					
				•				
	Α .		В		(3	D	
1. s			more			nost	all	
2. la			age			ate	ages	
3. a			more	.5		some	many	
	hould		may			are	could	
5. re	educe		provide	•	t	oring	produce	
6. w	vhose		whom		,	which	who	
7. s	oon		sooner		5	soonest	sooneres	it
8. a	lmost		gradual			usually	later	
9. b	egins		continue			commence	develops	;
10.v	vhen		why			SO	to	
11.a	II	**	so		1	00	more	
12.a	go		ages		(olds	age	
13.t	win		old		;	same	twins	
14.t	welfth		twelve			all	good	
15.c	hart	*	measure		١	ruler	weight	
				·				
			oose the wor	<u>'d</u>	20.		oesn't look exp	
<u>that</u>	LEAST fits	into the g	roup.				e food is well p	
16.	A. alike		B. similar	1			B. eve	
	C. familia		D. same	1		C. because	D. wh	iile
		•			_ ′			
17.	A. use		B. feed		-		- 23, choose	
*	C. eat	Š	D. consum	е			PPOSITE of the	<u>1e</u>
						erlined word.		
18.	A. foe		B, adversa	ry	21.		smart to be a	
	C. enemy		D. ally			A. Stupid	B. Go	10.5
						C. Polite	D. Cle	ever
For	questions	19 - 20,	choose the					
			ompletes the	,	22.		trange people o	on her way
	tence.			-		to Lokiriama.	5.0	
19.		r tour to O	l Pajeta, we s	saw		A. Similar		mmon
	_		the	1		C. Popular	D. Fa	miliar
	A. up	, .	B. in	1	20	The same of	a (2a. 3	
	C. by	•	D. on	1	23.		d lady was give	
	•		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			A. sturdy	B. fee	
				[C. timid	D. de	licate

For questions 24 – 25 arrange the sentences given to make a sensible paragraph.

- 24.(i) She immediately reported the news of the dead woman to the authorities.
 - (ii) It was established that the unfortunate woman had no living relatives.
 - (iii) However, Wanjiru's husband did not like the idea of his wife bringing an additional mouth in the family.
 - (iv) Wanjiru took the baby and went with him to her home.
 - A. (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
 - B. (iv), (iii), (i), (ii)

- C. (iv), (ii), (iii), (i)
- D. (iv), (i),(ii), (iii)
- 25.(i) Exercise increases the amount of oxygen available to our body organs.
 - (ii) It helps all our muscles -even the ones we use to sit at our desks.
 - (iii) Physical fitness may improve our marks in school
 - (iv) Exercise helps us to think more clearly
 - (v) Exercise improves the blood circulation of our bodies.
 - A. (v), (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)
 - B. (iii), (v), (i), (iv), (ii)
 - C. (iv), (ii), (v), (iii), (i)
 - D. (i), (iv), (iii), (ii), (v)

Read the passage below and then answer questions 26 - 40.

"Hurry up and fetch water," Aunt Nyakiega shouted at Nyakio. "You are turning into a little spoilt girl. Do you think I feed you to just sit here and do nothing?" "I am sorry Aunt Nyakiega. I was just finishing up doing the dishes, "Nyakio replied. "And who do you think will wash the house and do the laundry? At the slow pace you are moving, nothing will get done on time today. Hurry up, you lazy good for nothing girl!"

Nyakio grabbed the water container and off she went to the community borehole to fetch water. On the way she brokedown and cried. Lately her aunt had become very harsh and often beat her in front of her cousins. Her cousins Gatu and Nyiha went to a private school in Nanyuki. Their father, uncle Muria drove them in his sleek new Mitsubishi Lancer. She longed to go to school but no one had suggested it. Furthermore her aunt kept complaining that she was spending too much money on Nyakio's upkeep.

As she walked to the borehole she thought of her happy days she had spent with her grandmother at Kabati in Miharati. Unfortunately, her grandmother was too weak and poor to raise her. Her mother had left her when she was only three years old and eloped with her husband who she said did not like children. She knew very little about her real father as she was still very young when her mother left. Her mother seldom came to visit her save for those rare times when a close relative died and duty called.

It was only then that she came and bought Nyakio a new dress and a pair of shoes. Unfortunately her mother rarely wanted to talk about anything important with her daughter Nyakio. Several weeks had elapsed but no signs of going to school were evident. When she asked her aunt about it, she was scolded. Slowly, she was turned into a house maid. It was unfortunate that she received nothing for the work she did.

- 26. Aunt Nyakiega referred to Nyakio as
 - A. A good little girl
 - B. A hardworking little girl
 - C. A well behaved little girl
 - D. Bad little girl

- 27. Nyakio had to work hard to
 - A. Earn some money
 - B. Pay for her school fees
 - C. Buy shoes and clothes
 - D. Eat food

28.	According to story it's FALSE to say	35.	According to the passage we can
	that		conclude that, Murai was
	A. Nyakio was overworked		A. A healthy man
	B. Nyakio had to sit and be fed		B. A cruel man
	C. Nyakiega was cruel to Nyakio		C. A wealthy man
	D. Nyakiega had two children		D. A miser
29.	The words broke down has been	36.	
	underlined they mean		say that
	A. Falling B. Walking		A. Nyakio was always happy
	C. Weeping D. Running		B. Nyakio was happy when she lived at Kabati
30.	According to the passage Nyakio can		C. Nyakiega was a very kind lady
	be described as		D. Nyakiega was a poor lady
	A. mischievous B. naughty		
	C. industrious D. lazy	37.	Nyakio moved to stay with her uncle
			because
31	When aunt Nyakiega shouted at		A. Her grandmother had become
• • •	Nyakio, Nyakio was		weaker to raise her.
	A. Fetching some water		B. Her uncle had taken his children to
	B. Eating food		a private school.
			C. Her aunt had requested to stay
	C. Washing the house		with her.
	D. Cleaning utensils		
22	A second section and the second section is a second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the section of the second section of the section of the second section of the second section of the section of the second section of the sect		D. Her mother had suggested so
32.	According to the passage, Nyakio was	20	A) 1. 5 fe 11 fe
	expected to	38.	•
	A. Launder, fetch water, clean utensils		grandmother because
	B. Cook, fetch water, feed		A. Her father hated babies
	C. Fetch water, clean the house, take		B. Her mother hated children
	children to school		C. Her grandmother liked babies
	D. Feed, cook, do the dishes		D. Her uncle like babies
33.	At the community bore hole, Nyakio	39.	Nyakio's mother visited her when
	had		,
	A. Water B. run		A. She had to attend a burial
	C. A container D. broke down		B. She bought her shoes
			C. She was on duty
34.	, , ,		D. She fell sick
	would be done because		
	 A. Nyakio had done nothing 	40.	The best title for the passage is
	B. Murai was hungry		
	C. Nyakio was slow		A. rays of hope
	D. Gatu would be late		B. dim future
			C. light at the end of the tunnel
			D. bright future
		1	· ·

Read the passage below and then answer 41 – 50.

Scientist who study birds have <u>found out</u> that birds can migrate for long distances. Birds have the ability to travel without the use of maps or compasses. It remains a mystery, how this is done. Wagtail, a small grey bird whose underneath is bright yellow hop about on the grass wagging its tail feather up and down appear in Africa in the season between November and March each year. They live and breed in Europe during summer. The arrival of winter they fly south for thousands of kilometers to evade cold and snow. They enjoy months of warmth in Africa before they get back to their breeding <u>abode</u>.

People are amazed when they learn how animals migrate. One famous migration can be seen every year in the Serengeti National Park. Over twelve monthly hundreds of thousands of wildebeests make a journey right round the park. They usually pass through Kenya's Maasai Mara Game Reserve between July and September. Some migrations cause farmers great damage of crops. For many years Kenya has not suffered from swarms of locusts. But sometimes back they were a great danger to agriculture. If locust invade a farm, they could eat all the farmer's crops and all the leaves of his trees in a single night. Quelea, an African bird who travel in large flocks, is a great threat to farmer's grain. They cause havoc to food as locust and so they are referred to as the locust bird.

41.	According to the passage, what is referred to as a mystery?		1	Α.	Are seen in Ken every year	ya before Jul y
	A. Scientists who stubirds travel			В.		ya after June ever
-	B. Migration to long	distant places		C.	Are seen in Sere	engeti between Jul
	C. Ability of use of n				and September.	
	compassed when			D.		engeti throughout
	D. Ability to travel w				the year	
	and compasses		1			
			47.		the second parag	
42.	The phrase found out means	is underlined, it		abo	ode has been und 	derlined, it means
	A. recognized	B. discovered		Α.	residen c e	B. flight
	C. showed	D. seen	•	C.	foreigner	D. habitat
43.	Wagtail birds got the	names from	48.	Fro	\ -	it is TRUE to state
	A. behaviour	B. migration		Α.	Locusts still atta	ack Kenya to date
	C. tail	D.feather		B.	Kenya u sed to blocusts	e invaded by
44.	Wagtail birds travel to	o Europe for the	1	C.	Locust eat trees	and crops quite
	purpose of	•			slowly	
	A. snowing	B. wagging		D.	Wagtail birds tra	avel north betweer
	C. breeding	D. flying			November and I	March
45.	From the passage it i	s FALSE to say	49.	Fro	om the passage t	here are similaritie
	that				•	
	A. People are amaze				Locusts and que	
	learn how animals				Quelea and locu	
	B. Some migrations	cause trouble to			Wild beasts and	
	people			D.	Serengeti and v	vild beats
	C. Wagtail birds bree	•	E0	Th	b	a automorional an
	between Novemb		50.	111	e passage can be	e summorised as
	D. Wagtail birds bree	ed in Europe in		Δ	Stories of the ju	ınale
	warm months				Scientists of mi	
46	According to the pas	sage wild heasts			Tourists attract	-
→ 0.	According to the pas	Jugo, Wild Dedata	{		Wonders of nat	
	<u> </u>		1	٥.		

Soma vifungu vifuatavyo, vina mianya 1- 15. Jaza kila mwanya kwa jibu sahihi

Babu asiye na meno au _	2	shamba kubwa l	a miboga. Miboga hiyo
ilizaa 3 men	ıgi zaidi. Maisha ya babu	ı huyo 4 m	iboga yake. Kila siku
alivuna mawili matatu hiv	vi akapeleka sokoni au	5 Baada ya	kuuza aliweza
	mengine kama sabuni, c		beriti na sukari.
7aliamini k	uwa bidii ni8	·	
Α	В	С	D
1. ajuza	buda	budaa	bunda
2. alizilima	aliilima	aliyelima	alilima
3. mboga	miboga	boga	maboga
4. ilitegemea	yalitegemea	zilitegemea	ulitegemea
5. chengoni	maskani	hashuoni	cheteni
6. kuuza	kukidhi	kueneza	kufuja
7. Mtaka yote	Achanikaye kwenye		Kazi mbi si
hukosa yote	mpini hafi njaa		mchezo mwema
8. kazi	wajibu	pato	juhudi
Ufisadi si jambo9			10ufisadi Kwa wale wapendao kutoa
12 au	13mashtaka ya	amewangoja 14	liwe funzo
	zao wenye tabia kama h		nwc runzo
III Well	tao wenye tabla kama n	120.	
Α	. В	C	D
9. zuri	mzuri	nzuri	ngeni
10. juzi	fasili	jadi	mbele
11. wetu	zetu	yetu	letu
12. fidia	mlungula	mapoza	arbuni
13. fidia	arshi	kadhongo	koto
14. ili	kwa kuwa	maadam	mandhali
15. mwao	kwenu	kwao	hao
Kutoka swali la 16 -30,	iibu kulingana na	19. Sahihisha sen	tensi hii:
maagizo	 	Kiatu ambayo	imepakwa rangi imeng'ara
16. Kamilisha semi ifuat	avo:	kabisa:	
	azi darasani utakiona:	A. Kiatu amba	acho imepakwa rangi
A. Cha mtema kuni	B. cha firauni	imeng'ara	
C. cha chachadu	D. cha mvuvi	B. Kiatu amb	acho kilichopakwa rangi
	•	kimeng'ara	
17. Andika maneno sah	ihi ya akisami hii: $^4\!/_{10}$		acho kimepakwa rangi
A. ushuru kumi		kimeng'ara	
B. Robo kumi		l .	acho kimepakiwa rangi
C. ushuri nne	•	imeng'ara	kabisa
D. kumi kwa nne			
		į.	shi cha pekee - o –ote
18. Nyambua kitenzi lia	a katika kauli ya	kujaza pengo:	
, kutendesha:	•	Niitie mtoto -	aje
A. lisha	B. liliwa	A. yoyote	B. wowote
C. lilishwa	D. liza	C. yeyote	D. wowote
 			

- 21. Methali inayoweza kupigiwa mzazi anayemdekeza mtoto mwenye matendo maovu ni:
 - A. Asiyekujua hakuthamini
 - B. Asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu
 - C. Mchelea mwana kulia hulia mwenyewe
 - D. Ada ya mia hunena mungwana ni kitendo
- 22. Fumbua fumbo hili. Mama mmoja alikuwa akianika mtama, karibu naye walikuwa ndege wawili waliosubiri aondoke ili wale mtama ule. Punde si punde alipita kipanga juu. Ni macho mangapi yaliyomtazama kipanga zaidi?

A. sita

B. mawili

C. manne

D. hakuna

- 23. Sauti za konsonanti ambazo zinapotamkwa nyuzi sauti huwa zinatikisika ni:
 - A. sauti ghuna
 - B. sauti changamano
 - C. sauti sighuna
 - D. sauti mwambatano
- 24. Panga maneno haya ili kuleta mwambatano wa kuunga kitabu:

(i) silabi

(iv) aya

(ii) neno

(v) sentensi

(iii) sura

A. i, ii, iii, iv

B. iv, iii, ii, i

C. i, ii, v, iv, iii

D. i , ii, iv, v, iii

25. Tambua nomino katika sentensi ifuatayo : Kikosi cha askari kimeenda vitani.

A, cha

B. vitani

C. kimeenda

D. kikosi cha askari

26. Sentensi ifuatayo imetumia viambishingeli gani?

Mazulia yamefuliwa jana

A. YA-YA

B. U-ZI

C. U-YA

D. LI- YA

- 27. Chagua jozi ambalo lina wingi usio sahihi
 - A. ugoe-ngoe
 - B. mazingira- mazingira
 - C. miadi-miadi
 - D. uyoga- yoga
- 28. Kiatu <u>cha</u> mtoto ni kibaya Neno lililopigiwa **ms**tari ni:

A. kiunganifu- a-

B. kimilikishi

C. kiunganishi

D. kiwakilishi

29. Kamilisha methali: Limbukeni

hana____A. lake

B. siri

C. chaguo

D. nyofu

30. Unga mweusi wa makaa yaliyoungua au

moshi, unaopatikana kwenye chombo cha

🔋 kupikia ni

A. maskani

B. masizi

C. ukoko

D. ukoka

Soma ufahamu kisha ujibu swali 31-40

Kila mtu hutarajia kupata kazi yenye mshahara au mapato ya juu ili ajinufaishe si yeye tu, bali na watu wa familia yake pengine mshahara peke yake huwa haukidhi haja za mtu; basi humbidi atafute marupurupu kwa njia yoyote awezayo. Yawapasa wanafunzi wote kuyaweka macho yao na hata masikio yao wazi ili wasome na huku wajipangie maisha ya usoni yanayohusu kazi ambazo huenda zikawaangukia. Mojawapo ya kazi muhimu sana ni ile ya uaskari. Kabla ya kujiunga na kikosi yampasa kila mmoja kukata shauri kama anataka kuwa askari jela, askari kanzu, askari kanga, askari polisi au askari doria.

Kwa jumla, kazi hii ni ngumu sana.Sote tumeshawahi kuwaona askari wamejibanza na viambaza vichochoroni wakivizia wahalifu ambao nao hujiambata na kuta au miti ili wasionekane kwa urahisi. Amwonapo askari akisongea, mwizi huchutama au pengine akalala kifudifudi hadi askari apite. Kila mhalifu yuajua kinagaubaga kwamba, siku za mwizi ni arubaini; Kwa hivyo ujanja wake ni sawa na mbio za sakafuni. Mhalifu anapekamatwa hupelekwa katika kituo cha polisi ambako huhojiwa huku akiteswa mpaka akakiri makosa yake. Kwa bahati mbaya zaidi asipokiri makosa yake huwa si dawa kwani hupelekwa mahakamani. Hakimu huyasikiliza mashtaka na

ushahidi wa pande zote mbili. Mara nyingi maneno ya mhalifu husakama kooni. Uchunguzi wa askari nao hujulikana mahakamani. Mara kwa mara askari huhojiwa na hakimu. Hayo yatokeapo, mshtakiwa hupata wasaa wa kupumua.

Kila kesi ina tokeo lake. Kupata au kupatwa. Kwa hivyo, baada ya kesi kuamuliwa hutokea miguno upande mmoja na vicheko kutoka upande wa pili. Hata hivyo askari polisi wanastahili pongezi kwa kazi ngumu ya kujitolea hata kuhatarisha maisha yao kazi yao katika ya kulinda taifa wakati wananchi wanapojistarehesha au kulala fofofo.

- 31. Mwandishi aeleza kuwa mtu asipotosheka na mshahara:
 - A. akae mbumbumbu na kusubiri mabadiliko
 - B. akaibe ili azibe pengo la upungufu
 - C. atafute njia nyingine za kuongeza mapato
 - D. aweke macho na masikio wazi ili asipitwe na lolote
- 32. Wanafunzi wanahimizwa kuweka macho na masikio wazi ili:
 - A. wafaidi anasa za dunia wakiwa shuleni
 - B. wakawafumbue macho wazazi nyumbani
 - C. wasisinzie darasani
 - D. wajijengee msingi wa maisha mapema
- 33. Kazi ya uaskari hufanywa ngumu na
 - A. Nguo zao rasmi na mshahara
 - B. wahalifu na ujanja wao
 - C. kuwa na silaha
 - D. wanafunzi na walimu wao
- 34. Mhalifu anapokamatwa na polisi anafaa
 - A. kuchapwa kisha kufungwa jela
 - B. kufungwa jela kisha kupelekwa mahakamani
 - C. kufikishwa mahakamani kisha kujibanza kichochoroni
 - D. Kuhojiwa kisha akapelekwa mahakamani kushtakiwa
- 35. Maneno ya mhalifu husakama kooni kwa sababu:

- A. Huwa ameumizwa koo
- B. Huwa anakumbuka familia yake
- C. Huwa anatamani afungwe bila kesi
- D. Huwa hasemi ukweli.
- 36. Kesi iamuliwapo miguno husikika;
 - A. Upande usiofaulu kufanikiwa
 - B. Upande wa mashtaka
 - C. Upande wa mshtaki na mshtakiwa
 - D. upande wa hakimu
- 37. Kulingana na taarifa hii, ni kweli kusema:
 - A. wahalifu wote hukaa vichochoroni
 - B. wahalifu pia uhofia maisha yao.
 - C. Askari hunyatanyata mahakamani
 - D. Askari hana ujanja wa kumnasa mhalifu
- 38. Ikiwa mshtakiwa hajaridhishwa na uamuzi wa hakimu anafaa kufanya nini?
 - A. kutozwa faini
 - B. kukata rufaa
 - C. kutoa uamuzi wake mwenyewe
 - D. kuandaa mgomo mjini
- 39.askarikanzu.....askarikanga...hii ni aina gani ya nomino.
 - A. nomino za pekee
 - B. nomino halisi
 - C. nomino dhahania
 - D. nomino makundi
- 40. Mada bora zaidi ya taarifa hii ni:
 - A. Ujanja wa askari
 - B. Ujanja wa wezi
 - C. Mahakamani
 - D. Kazi ya askari

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Watoto ambao hawakupata malezi bora huyafanya mambo ambayo hayawapendezi watu wazima. Licha ya hayo, desturi za nchi mbalimbali pia huhitilafiana. Katika utamaduni wa makabila mengi ya kiafrika, watoto hawaruhusiwi kuzungumzazungumza wakati wa chakula, hutarijiwa wale

kimya kimya. Katika utamaduni wa baadhi ya jamii , watoto huhimizwa kusemasema ili eti wasionekane kuwa ni walafi.

Pia katika tamaduni nyingine, watoto hawaruhusiwi kuingiliaingilia mazungumzo ya watu wazima. Kwa hivyo, mahali wanapojadiliana wakubwa, watoto huwa kimya kabisa kama waliopigwa na bumbuazi. Katika nchi za magharibi, watoto wenye tabia ya kuigaiga maneno kama hayo husifiwa kwa uchangamfu wao. Kilichosababisha tofauti hiyo pia ni wazi kwamba watu wa huko hutarajia akili za watoto wao kupevuka mapema maishani. Huku kwetu wazazi huwa hawataki udaku ambao wakati mwingine huwa kiini cha mazungumzo yenyewe. Watoto pia huwa hawaruhusiwi kuchezacheza karibu na mahali penye nong'onong'o. Sababu ya sheria hii pia ni wazi, vijana hawakosi kutupatupia vijiti au mawe, na hapo huenda wakawapiga wazee wao pengine kwa ajali au kwa makusudi kwani wakuu hupigwa jengoni.

Malezi ya watoto wadogo ni jambo muhimu sana kwa sababu mtoto umleavyo ndi**vyo** akuavyo. Pia twajua kwamba "ukichelea mwana kulia mwisho utalia wewe." Zaidi ya yote, udongo upatilize ungali maji. Misemo hiyo yote ina lengo moja ambalo ni kumfunza mtoto tabia njema tangu akiwa mdogo kabisa. Shuleni kwa mfano tabia za wanafunzi mara nyingi hutegemea walivyolelewa na wazazi wao. Pana wanafunzi kutoka mazingira mbalimbali ya humu nchini na hata pengine kutoka nchi za ng'ambo. Ni rahisi sana kuwagawanya katika mafungu mengi. Wako wale wanaopenda kuwachokozachokoza wenzao.

Pia kuna wale waliozoea kufanyafanya fujo kila wakati darasani, au pengine wanatukanatukana hasa mwalimu akiwa hayupo. Kuna baadhi ya watoto ambao hawaoni raha wasipoibaiba vitu vya wenzao. Tukiangalia upande wa pili tutawakuta wale ambao saa zote ni watu wa kuchekeshachekesha au kuimbaimba. Tukitaka kuujenga msingi mathubuti wa maisha yetu, ni lazima maadili mema yafunzwe mapema. Tusingoje mambo yaende mrama na baadaye tukalaumu kwamba jamii haina maadili mema. Yatupasa tukumbuke kwamba majuto ni mjukuu, huja kinyume na usipoziba ufa, utajenga ukuta.

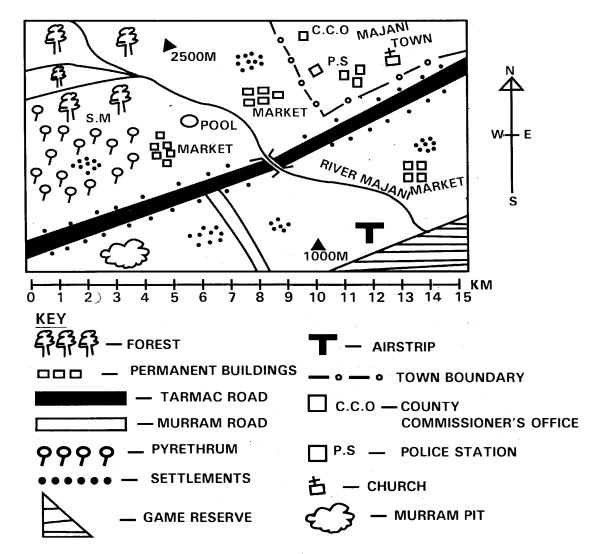
- 41. Katika utamaduni wa mwandishi wakati wa mlo, watoto hawaruhusiwi kuzungumza ili:
 - A. Washibe upesi
 - B. Wasionekane wadaku
 - C. Inzi wasiingie mdomoni
 - D. Wasisakamwe na chakula
- 42. Kule kwa mwandishi watoto hawaruhusiwi kuigaiga maneno kwa sababu
 - A. Desturi za jamii hazikubali wafanye hivyo.
 - B. Hawaelewi na nong'onong'o
 - C. Akili zao huwa hazijapevuka
 - D. ya kelele zao nyingi
- 43. Mwandishi anasema kuwa:
 - A. Ni vigumu kumfunza mtoto maadili mema.
 - B. Si vigumu kumrekebisha mtu mzima tabia

- C. Si rahisi kumfunza mtoto tabia njema
- D. Ni bora mtoto afunzwe maadili memaa mapema
- 44. Majuto ni mjukuu ina maana kuwa
 - A. huzaliwa kama mtu
 - B. hayana kinyume
 - C. hutokea baadaye
 - D. huja kinyume
- 45. Mwandishi amesema kwamba desturi nzuri mahali fulani:
 - A. ni nzuri kila mahali
 - B. yaweza kuwa mbaya mahali pengime
 - C. ni mbaya kila mahali
 - D. haikubaliki pahali pengine duniani
- 46. Ukichelea mwana kulia utalia wewe kwa sababu
 - A. atakuchapa
 - B. atakucheka

- C. atakuheshimu
- D. atakuaibisha
- 47. Chagua kauli iliyo sahihi kulingana na ufahamu
 - A. Msingi mathubuti wa maisha ya kesho hutegemea maisha ya leo
 - B. Watoto kote duniani hawaruhusiwi kuzungumza wakati wa mlo.
 - C. Watoto wa magharibi wana tabia sawa na wale wa kiafrika
 - D. Maisha ya watoto hutegemea kama wanaongea wanapokula
- 48. Ni kweli kusema:
 - A. Mila za jamii tofauti hutofautiana
 - B. Watoto wasioongea wakati wa mlo ni walafi.
 - C. Mchezo wa kutupatupia wazee vijiti umekubalika Afrika.

- D. Malezi ya mtoto hayategemei Mazingira
- 49. Malezi ni ngazi
 - A. Kwani maisha ya mwana na tabia zake hufuata hatua fulani
 - B. Kwa sababu wanamagharibi huwaruhusu wana wao kuongea wanapokula
 - C. Kwa sababu kula Kimya kimya kunaashiria wewe si mlafi.
 - D. Kwa sababu mwana hupanda kuanzia juu hadi chini.
- 50. Katika aya ya mwisho mwandishi anasema. "Uwahi udongo ungali maji' Tumia maneno mengine badala ya haya.
 - A. Damu ni nzito kuliko maji
 - B₁ Mtoto umleavyo ndivyo akuavyo
 - C. Ngozi ikunje ingali mbichi
 - D. Mla nawe hfi nawe ila mzaliwa naye

MAJANI AREA



Use the map of Majani area answer questions 1-7

1. Which of these administrative areas in Kenya is Majani area likely to represent?

A. a county

B. a district

C. a division

D. a location

2. What is the direction of the game reserve from the forest?

A. North - East

B. North - West

C. South - West

D. South - East

3. The airstrip in Majani area is frequently used by one of the following categories of people. Which one is it?

A. Farmers

B. Teachers

C. Doctors

D. Tourists

4. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in the area represented by the map except one. Which one is it?

A. Mining

B. Fishing

C. Transportation

D. Crop farming

5. Majani area rises from one of the following directions. Which one is it?

A. South - East

B. North - West

C. North - East

D. South - West

6. One of the following statements is true of the area covered by the map?

A. All parts of Majani area receive inadequate rainfall.

B. The town located in the map has no administrative function.

C. The western part of the map is likely to have red volcanic soils.

D. The main economic activity in Majani area is mining.

7. The types of settlements in Majani area area _______.

- A. Clustered and nucleated.
- B. Linear and-clustered.
- C. Linear and even settlement
- D. Clustered and even settlement.
- 8. Three of the following skills were learnt through apprenticeship in the traditional African communities except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Honey harvesting
- B. Iron working
- C. Medicine
- D. Sweeping
- 9. Three of the following are reasons for people to migrate from Kenya to other countries. Which one is it?
 - A. To search for further studies.
 - B. To search for employment opportunities.
 - C. To search for better spouses in other countries.
 - D. To seek for political asylum in other countries.
- 10. During the pre-colonial period the Baganda were ruled by A. A council of elders:

 - B. An elected chief
 - C. A hereditary king
 - D. A hereditary chief
- 11. Three of the following are problems associated with rapid population growth in a country. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Increased cases of unemployment
 - B. Reduced agricultural productivity
 - C. Inadequate social amenities
 - D. Underutilization of natural resources
- 12. In the traditional African communities people interacted through the following ways except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Through warfare
 - B. Through games and sports
 - C. Through the social media
 - D. Through trade
- 13. The following describes an early visitor to Eastern Africa.
 - (i) He came to Eastern Africa in search of missionary David Livingstone
 - He found Livingstone at Ujiji near Lake Tanganyika.
 - (iii) He explored along River Congo The visitor described above was?
 - A. Henry Morton Stanley
 - B. Vasco Da Gama
 - C. William Mackinnon
 - D. John Speke
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- 14. Who among the following came to Eastern Africa around 1840 in order to control trade in Zanzibar?
 - A. Cecil Rhodes
 - B. Seyyid Said
 - C. Johannes Rebmann
 - D. Carl Peters
- 15. Three of the following statements are true about the rotation of the earth. Which one is NOT?
 - A. It causes differences in length of day and night.
 - B. The direction of the rotation of the earth is from West to East.
 - C. Rotation causes occurrence of day and
 - D. It takes twenty four hours for the earth to make one complete rotation.
- 16. One of the following mountains was formed as a result of accumulation of lava on the surface of the earth after eruption took place. Which one is it?
 - A. Mount Pare
 - B. Danakil Alps
 - C. Karas mountains
 - D. Mount Tibest:
- 17. Which of these sets of communities is made up of plains nilotes of Eastern Africa?
 - A. Giriama, Digo and Chonyi
 - B. Sebei, Falasha and Orma
 - C. Nandi, Pokot and Nuer
 - D. Iteso, Karamajong and Njemps
- 18. One of the following weather recording instruments has both a wet bulb and a dry bulb thermometer. Which one is it?
 - A. Barometer
 - B. Hygrometer
 - C. Sunshine recorder
 - D. The six's thermometer
- 19. Soil erosion is caused by the following human activities except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Overstocking
 - B. Up the slope cultivation;
 - C. Setting up of bush fires
 - D. Terracing of land
- 20. One of the following BEST explains why the highland region of Kenya is densely populated. Which one is it?

- A. The region has good roads
- B. The region receives adequate amount of rainfall
- C. The region experiences very low temperatures.
- D. The region experiences a hot and wet climate
- 21. In succession and inheritance the authority given by a court of law for one to manage the property of a deceased person is known as
 - A. Letter of administration
 - B. A will
 - C. The estate
 - D. Inheritance
- 22. Which of the following was a humanitarian reason for the scramble of colonies of Africa by European powers?
 - A. To acquire areas where to settle their surplus population
 - B. To get raw materials for their industries
 - C. To stop slave trade
 - D. To get markets for their manufactured goods
- 23. One characteristics of Mediterranean climate is that
 - A. There is high rainfall throughout the year
 - B. The climate region experience two rainfall maximas
 - C. Rainfall is influenced by the westerly winds
 - D. The region experiences heavy rainfall during summer
- 24. Who among the following African leaders is NOT correctly matched with the community led during the colonial period in Africa?
 - A. Chief Mkwawa Chagga
 - B. Lewanika Lozi
 - C. Lenana Luhya
 - D. Samori Touré Mandinka
- 25. The following are methods of fishing.
 - (i) Angling.
 - (ii) Basket traps.
 - (iii) Purse seining.
 - (iv) Net drifting.
 - (v) Trawling.
 - (vi) Harpooning.

Which of the above fishing methods can be used for commercial purposes?

- A. (i), (ii) and (iv)
- B. (iii), (iv) and (v).
- C. (ii), (iii) and (V)
- D. (iv), (v) and (vi)
- 26. Which of the following aspects of fish farming in Japan is true?
 - A. There is little research on fish farming in Japan
 - B. All fish farmers in Japan market their fish individually
 - C. Most of fish farming in Japan is done in dams and lakes
 - D. Some fish are reared for ornamental use
- 27. Which of these pre-historic sites are found in Uganda?
 - A. Biggo and Ntusi
 - B. Nsongezi and Olduvai Gorge
 - C. Peninj and Kalambo falls
 - D. Melka Konture and Meroe
- 28. Children are abused in the following ways except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Being involved in child labour
 - B. Use of harsh and abusive language against the children
 - C. Educating children on their rights
 - D. Discouraging children from taking part in games
- 29. The following describes a pastoral community in Africa.
 - (i) They occupy the savannah area between Chad and Senegal.
 - (ii) They keep traditional cattle.
 - (iii) They practice transhumance in search of green pasture and water.

The community described above is the

- A. Fulani
- B. Khoikhoi
- C. San
- D. Tswana
- 30. Who among the following is NOT a member of the school management committee?
 - A. A representative from the District Education Board
 - B. The head teacher of the school
 - C. A parent representing one of the classes
 - D. The school's employed accountant
- 31. Three of the following conditions favour the growth of sisal in Kenya. Which one is NOT?

- A. Rainfall of between 500 mm to 750 mm
- B. Cool temperatures ranging between $10^{0}\mathrm{C}$ to $15^{0}\mathrm{C}$
- C. Plenty of sunshine
- D. A variety of soils including those that are not very fertile
- 32. Which of these statements is true Gamal Abdel Nasser of Egypt?
 - A. He led his country to independence.
 - B. He encouraged the establishment of Sharia courts.
 - C. He participated in the formation of organization of African Unity(0.A.U)
 - D. He abolished slavery in his country
- 33. Below are statements about a mineral mined in Kenya.
 - (i) It is used in preserving fertilizers.
 - (ii) It is used as a heat insulator.
 - (iii) It is used to make paints.
 - (iv) It is obtained through the open-cast method.

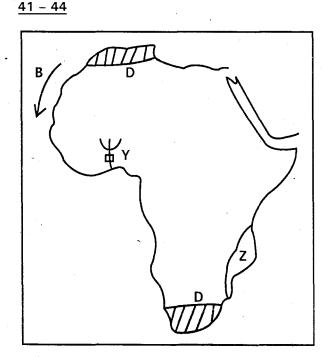
The mineral described above is

- A. Gold
- B. Diatomite
- C. Fluorspar
- D. Soda ash
- 34. Three of the following are processing industries. Which one is NOT?
 - A. The fruit canning factory at Athi- River
 - B. The milk factory at Nyahururu
 - C. The paper factory at Webuye
 - D. The cotton ginnery at Bura
- 35. The following are functions of Nakuru towns except one. Which one is it?
 - A. It is a transport and communication centre
 - B. It is a tourist centre
 - C. It is an agricultural collection centre
 - D. It is a Lake port with cargo handling services
- 36. Which of these wildlife conservation parks is located in Uganda?
 - A. Mikumi national Park
 - B. Meru National Park
 - C. Nyungwe National Park
 - D. Bwindi National Park
- 37. One of these forms of transport is BEST suited in transport suited in transporting gemstones from Kenya to overseas markets. Which one is it?
 - A. Road transport
 - B. Rail transport

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- C. Water transport
- D. Air transport
- 38. Which of these sets of countries were all former French colonies?
 - A. Benin, Chad and Senegal
 - B. Senegal, Nigeria and Malawi
 - C. Chad, Uganda and Egypt
 - D. Ivory Coast, Libya and Togo
- 39. Kenyans can demonstrate patriotism through the following ways except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Reporting cases of corruption to relevant authorities.
 - B. Giving money to voters in order to influence election results
 - C. Volunteering to defend the country against attacks
 - D. Speaking positively about the country
- 40. A similarity between the government of Kenya and that of Swaziland is that
 - A. The head of state is elected by citizens after every five years
 - B. The head of state gets his or her position through inheritance
 - C. The parliament has two houses in both countries
 - D. There is multiparty democracy in both countries

Use the map of African to answer questions



- 41. Which of the following statements is true of the development projects marked Y on the map of Africa?
 - A. The project was mainly established in order to create a tourist attraction site
 - B. The project was mainly established in order to provide adequate water for irrigation
 - C. The project was established along River Congo
 - D. The project was established at the time Kwame Nkrumah was the president of Ghana
- 42. The current marked B is _____
 - A. A warm current.
 - B. Known as the Benguela current.
 - C. A cold current
 - D. Known as the Agulhas current
- 43. Which of these types of trees is LIKELY to be found in the vegetation zone shaded and marked D on the map?
 - A. Teak

B. Sapele

C. Fir

- D. Rosewood
- 44. The country marked Z on the map of Africa
 - A. Attained independence through peaceful negotiations
 - B. Attained independence in 1960
 - C. Has its capital city at Lilongwe
 - D. Attained independence through armed struggle
- 45. The organization of African Unity (O.A.U) was transformed into African Union (AU). In which of these years was the African Union launched in Durban, South Africa?

A: 1963

B. 1980

C. 2000

- D. 2002
- 46. Three of the following are effects of drugs and substance abuse. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Psychological instability
 - B. Poor health and increase in diseases
 - C. Financial stability among abusers
 - D. Increase in cases of road carnage
- 47. One of the following lakes was formed through down warping. Which one is it?
 - A. Lake Bangweulu
- B. Lake Manyara
- C. Lake Tana
- D. Lake Kivu
- 48. Which of the following is NOT an abuse of human rights?

- A. Keeping a suspect in a police cell for many days
- B. Torturing of suspects in police cells
- C. Arresting people for expressing their opinions
- D. Taking suspected criminals to a court of law
- 49. One of the following countries is a member of both SADC and COMESA trading blocs. Which one is it?

A. Tanzania

B. Egypt

C. Malawi

D. Mozambique

- 50. Three of the following will cause conflicts in the society except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Inequality before the law
 - B. Having popular government policies
 - C. Discrimination based on gender
 - D. Poverty among the people
- 51. Who among the following members of the cabinet of the government of Kenya is the head of the legal system?
 - A. President
 - B. Deputy President.
 - C. Attorney General
 - D. Cabinet secretary
- 52. Cases related to divorce among members of Islamic faith in Kenya are handled by the
 - A. Courts martial
 - B. Kadhi's court
 - C. Supreme Court
 - D. Industrial court
- 53. The National Assembly of Kenya is composed of the following except?
 - A. Two hundred and ninety elected members
 - B. Forty seven women elected to represent counties
 - C. Twelve members nominated by political parties
 - D. Two ex-officio members who are elected by members of the National Assembly
- 54. Which of the following arms of the government of Kenya approves the government budget?

A. Legislature

B. Judiciary

C. Executive

D. Treasury

55.	Alfred was born in Uganda although his parents are Kenyans. Alfred is a Kenyan		C. God breathed life-giving breath into man's nostrils
	citizen by		D. Human beings were as intelligent as
	A. Adoption B. Birth		God
	C. Registration D. Application		
		62.	During the great flood God saved Noah
56.	Which of these communities migrated and		mainly because
	settled in parts of West Africa?		A. He was righteous
	A. Hutu and Tutsi		B. He was good at carpentry
	B. Ndebele and Shona		C. He had many children
	C. Wolof and Dendi		D. He had built an ark
	D. Baluba and Lozi		
		63.	Shechem was involved in sexual misuse
57	Three of the following statements are true		with one of the following personalities
• • •	of Mwea -Tebere irrigation scheme.		mentioned in the Bible. Whom is he?
	Which one is false?		A. Rahab B. Dinah
	A. It was established to settle the land		C. Leah D. Ruth
	less people.		C. Lean B. Huti
	B. It is located in Kirinyaga County.	64	Which of these books found in the Bible i
	C. It is located in Murang'a County.	04.	classified as a poetic book?
	D. Water used in the scheme is directed		A. Job B. Isaiah
	to the farms through canals.		C. Judges D. Haggai
c 0	TI	0.5	NA/I NA
58.	The time at Accra in Ghana is 1:00 p.m.	65.	When Moses was called by God in
	When the time at Mogadishu is 4.00 p.m.	, ,	Midian, He
	At what longitude is Mogadishu located?		A. Was running away from Egypt
	A. 45^0 East B. 45^0 West		B. Was preaching to the Jews
	C. 30 ⁰ East D. 30 ⁰ West		C. Was looking after Jethro's sheep and goats
59.	Who among the following government	}	D. Fighting an Egyptian
	officials is NOT elected by registered	-	
	voters during a general election in Kenya?	66.	Oholiab helped Bezalel. The father of
	A. The President		Oholiab was called .
	B. A Senator		A. Ahisamach B. Joab
	C. A ward representative		C. Uri D. Eliezer
	D. A county commissioner	67.	Joseph practised assertiveness in the
00	The fellow are a seasonable days a Keepe	1	house of Potiphar. From this story of
60.	The following events took place in Kenya.	1	Joseph in the house of Potiphar Christian
	Which among them was the first to take		learn to
	place?		A. Have self-control
	A. Kenya attained internal self-rule,	1	
	B. Kenya became a republic.		B. Be courageous
	C. A state of emergency was declared by	1	C. Forgive the enemies
	Governor Baring.	[D. Obey their masters
	D. The Africans were elected to the	- 00	
	legislative Council for the first time.	68.	Prophet Isaiah referred to the Messiah as
			-
CH	RISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION		A. The light of the world
1		1	B. The wonderful Counselor
61.	Which one of the following statements		C. The great rabbi
• • • •	about the Genesis story of creation is	1	D. The Lamb of God
	FALSE?		
	A. Man and woman were created in the	69.	'The brook will supply you with water to
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.	drink and I have commanded ravens to
	image of God	1	bring you food there'. These words in 1
	B. The sea, earth and plants were created		Kings 17:4 were spoken by God to
	on the third day of God's creation	1	J

B. The sea, earth and plants were created on the third day of God's creation

C. Kin Hezekiah D. Prophet Nathan 70. The fourth commandment of God instructs us A. Not to accuse anyone falsely B. Not to commit adultery C. To observe the Sabbath and keep it holy D. To respect our parents so that we may have a long life 71. One characteristic of the new covenant that God promised through prophet Jeremiah is that A. Each person will be punished for their B. It would be between God and the entire community C. It would be between God and the High **Priests** D. The laws of God would be written in the Bible 72. Who among the following was NOT a patriarch amongst the Israelites? A. Abraham B. Esau C. Moses D. Jacob .73. In the parable of the sower the soil represents A. God himself B. The word of God C. Different people who hear God's word D. The church 74. Which parable of Jesus reminds us to assist those in difficulties? A. The parable of the Pharisee and the tax collector B. The parable of a friend at midnight C. The parable of the Good Samaritan D. The parable of the master and the three servants 75. We learn on the importance of being loyal in the story of A. Ruth and Naomi B. Cain and Abel C. Cain and Laban D. Mary and Elizabeth 76. The following are gifts of the Holy Spirit. Which among them is NOT? A. Faithfulness B. Healing 005/Std. 8

A. Prophet Elisha

B. Prophet Elijah

- C. Wisdom
 D. Speaking in tongues
- 77. Three of the following facts about Paul are true. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Gamaliel was his teacher
 - B. He was a preacher to the gentiles
 - C. He was a Samaritan
 - D. He was baptized by Ananias
- 78. Peter did one of the following mirac'es at Joppa. Which one is it?
 - A. Healing the ten lepers
 - B. Raising Lazerus daughter back to life
 - C. Raising Dorcas back to life
 - D. Healing the man who had been paralyzed for eight years
- 80. The following are independent churches found in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Legio Maria
 - B. Dini Ya Msambwa
 - C. Kenya Assemblies of God
 - D. African Divine Church
- 81. Joseph took Mary and baby Jesus to Egypt after receiving a message from
 - A. An angel of the Lord
 - B. The chief priests
 - C. The Pharisees
 - D. His parents
- 82. On which of these occasions did Jesus wash the feet of His Disciples?
 - A. During the transfiguration
 - B. During the triumphant entry into Jerusalem
 - C. During the last supper
 - D. During the call of the first four disciples
- 83. The following describes one of the twelve disciples of Jesus.
 - (i) He was called by Jesus from an office.
 - (ii) He organized a big feast for Jesus.
 - iii) He welcomed a large number of tax collectors and other people in his feast.

The disciples described above is

A. Thomas

B. Nathaniel

- C. Matthew
- D. Peter
- 84. Who were instructed by John the Baptist not to accuse anyone falsely according to Luke 3:14?
 - A. Soldiers
- B. Pharisees
- C. Tax collectors
- D. Judges
- 85. In which of these towns did a crowd want to throw Jesus over a cliff but they did not succeed?
 - A. Jerusalem
- B. Nazareth
- C. Jericho
- D. Bethlehem
- 86. Christians worship God in the following ways except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Singing and dancing
 - B. Giving offerings to God
 - C. Giving thanks to God
 - D. Questioning God on the misfortunes that we face
- 87. Children were important in traditional African marriage mainly because
 - A. Life was transmitted through them
 - B. The family got security through them
 - C. They were a source of labour for the family
 - D. They were a sign of wealth for the parents

- 88. Which of these Christian concepts of God is NOT acceptable in traditional African religion?
 - A. God is powerful
 - B. God is the creator
 - C. God is Holy
 - D. God exists as the Trinity
- 89. Three of the following are ways of reconciling with God in traditional African communities except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Offering animal sacrifices
 - B. Offering prayers to ask for forgiveness
 - C. Reciting verses from the Bible
 - D. Sprinkling of blood on the people as a sign of cleansing
- 90. Which of these activities BEST shows how Christians can spend their free time during the weekends?
 - A. Attending church retreats
 - B. Offering guidance and counselling services to people faced with various problems
 - C. Participating in games and sports organized by the local church community
 - D. Watching a Christian movie on the life of Jesus Christ



JARIBIO LA MTIHANI WA KCPE DARASA LA NANE INSHA

Muda: Dakika 40

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

- Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
- 2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa.

Kwa maelezo Mufti ya mbinu za uandishi wa insha pata nakala yako ya "HIGH FLYER SERIES INSHA SHESHE"



Fungua kurasa

Andika insha isiyopungua ukurasa mmoj	
Nilitiririkwa na machozi ya furaha nilipor	nwona
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KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD 8 COMPOSITION

Time: 40 minutes

YOUR INDEX NUMBER		
YOUR NAME		
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. In the spaces provided above write your full Index Number, Your Name and Name of your school.
- 2. Now open this paper read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

For tips on how to write best compositions, get a copy of "HIGH FLYER SERIES COMPOSITION"



TURN OVER

Below is the beginning of a story. Complete it making it as interesting as possible. The hall was packed to capacity as we sat silently waiting for the breaking of

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005/Std. 8