## MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hours

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answe, mark it on the ANSWER SHEEET, not in the question booklet.

## HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil:
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-

## YOUR INDEX NUMBER <br> YOUR NAME <br> NAME OF YOUR SCEOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index Number (i.e. school Code Number and the three - figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the Questions 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A,B,C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the:correctanswer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter yqu have chosen is written.
Example
H the questió booklet:-
11. An employer increasest the salaries of his workers in the ratio $21: 21$. Find the new monthly salary of a worker who used to receive sh. 216,000 amnually.
A. Sh: 22680
B. Sh. 21800
C. Sh. 9000
D. Sh. 18900

The correct answer is $D(18900 \mathrm{~km})$

## On answer sheet:

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\(4[A][B][C][D] 14[A][B][C][D][4[A][B][C][D]=[A][B][C][D][:[A][B][C][P]\)
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In the set of boxes numbered 44, the box with letter $D$ printed in it is marked.
11. Your dark line MUST be within the box
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

1. What is 1100000.01 in words?
A. one million one hundred thousand and point one thousancis
 and one thentrand
C. ons wilitu one hamared and one acusandth
D. one xnillion one hundred ten tionusand and one thoysandth
2. What is the value of $12.3 \times 4.56$ rounded off to the nearest hundredth?
A. 56.09
B. 60.09
C. 56.9
D. 56.01
3. What is the next number in the series 7, 16, 32,57. $\qquad$ ?
A. 92
4. 89
C. 100
D. 93
5. How many groups of ten would represent the value of the digit 5 in the number 15643
A. 50
B. 5000
C. 500
D. 5
6. At Optimal printing press, there are 20 grade I, 100 grade II and 200 grade III workers. Each grade I worker earns sh. 2400 per month and each grade III workerearns sh. 1200 per month. If the company spends sh. 468,000 per month for paying all the workers, how much does a grade II worker earns per month?
A. sh. 1700
B. sh. 3200
C. sh. 2000
D. sh. 1800
7. What is the value of

$$
2 / 3+1 / 2 \text { of }(1 / 2-1 / 5) \div 2 / 5 \times 2 / 5
$$

A. ${ }^{23 / 30}$
B. ${ }^{17} / 36$
C. ${ }^{11 / 28}$
D. ${ }^{13 / 30}$
7. Mama Kayayi emptied twenty four 5 decilitres packets of milk into a 50 litre container. If she wanted to fill the container with the milk, how many more such packets of milk did she need?
A. 48
B. 78
C. 56
D. 76
8. What is the place value of digit 4 in the product of 2104.5 and 165.7 ?
A. Ten Thousands
B. hundred thousands
C. millions
D. four hundreds
9. In the figure below $\mathrm{DC}=\mathrm{BC}$ and EF is parallel to CD. Angle FED is $54^{\circ}$ and angle $\mathrm{CDB}=45^{\circ}$.


Find the size of angle $A B F$
A. $99^{\circ}$
B. $54^{\circ}$
C. $45^{\circ}$
D. $81^{\circ}$
10. A clock gains 12.5 seconds every hour. If it was set correct at 8:00 am on Sunday, what time will it show when the correct time is 8.00 am on Thursday?
A. 8.20 pm
B. 8.20 am
C. 9.20 am
D. 8.30 am
11. A triangular plot theasuring 3if by 13 h by 15 m is to be fenced. If postrs are put 3 m apart, how many posts are needed?
A. 36
B. 18
C. 12
D. 14
12. Which of the following shapes can not be folded to form a complete cube?

13. The hire purchase of a fridge was $25 \%$ more than the marked price. Onyango bought the fridge on hire purchase terms. If he paid a deposit ofsh. 2000 and eight equal monthly instalment of sh. 650 , what was the marked price of the fridge?
A. sh. 5200
B. sh. 5760
C. sh. 7200
D. $\operatorname{sh} 9000$
14. What is the value of $p$ in the equation $\frac{5 p-3}{4}+1 \frac{3}{4}=2 \frac{1}{2}$ ?
A. $2 \frac{1}{5}$

jegress

17. The charge for sending a telegram are Sh. 20 for the first ten wordis or point thereof.Any extra word after ten words is charged at 80 cts per word. The total amount is then rounded off to the nearest 5 cts. How much would it cost to sent this telegram?
IRENE WAITUTU BOX 103
KARATINA POLIO INIECTION SCHEDULED MONDAY
NOVEMBER $20^{\circ 4}$ KABATICHIEF CAMP BRING KARIUKI KARUE
A. Sh. 26.40
B. Sh. 25.60
C. Sh. 25.65
D. Sh. 20.85
18. Jalang' $\theta$ is $t$ years old. His father is eventimes as old as Jalang'o. What will be the total of their ages after 4 years?
A. $8 t+4$
B. $8 \mathrm{t}-4$
C. $8 \mathrm{t}+8$
D. $8 \mathrm{t}-8$
19. What is the value of $8 \div 0.02+1.35 \times 0.4$
A. 400.54
B. 500.54
C. 401.54
D. 501.54
21. Nawis wuild make a $25 \%$ loss if she sell her dress at sh. 225 . If she want to make a $5 \%$ roffi, at what price must she seil the dress?
A. shi. 2.75
B. sh. 415
C. sh. 325
D. sh 315
21. Ie 2007, Nanjala harvested 248 bags of maize and 37 bags of beans. If in 2008, her maize harvest dropped by 15 bags and her beans harvest increased by 20 bags, how many bags of maize and beans did she harvest altogether in 2008 ?
A. 290
B. 297
C. 390
D. 285
22. What is the value of $\frac{4 r-(p-m)}{p+r}$ If $\mathrm{m}=5, \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{m}+3$ and $\mathrm{r}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}+2$
A. 1
B. 2
C. $1 \frac{1}{2}$
D. $3 \frac{1}{2}$
23. Akinyi had sh. 11500. She changed sh. 7000 into one thousand shilling notes and the rest into five hundred notes. How many five hundred shilling notes did she get?
A. 9500
B. 9
C. 4500
D. 45
24. The ratio of girls to boys in a school is 3:2. If there are 120 more girls than boys in that school, how many boys are in that school?
A. 340
B. 248
C. 250
D. 240
25. Kilonzo earns sh. 15000 per month and a $6 \%$ commission on the sale of goods above sh. 60000 . How much did he earn in a month that he sold goods worth 130,000 ?
A. sh. 7800
B. sh. 22800
C. sh. 4200
D. sh. 19200
26. In a hotel, two hundred and forty five kilogram of sugar are consumed daily. How many tonnes are consumed in 48 weeks?
A. 117.60
B. 11760
C. 11.760
D. 1.176
27. The diagram below represents a cylindrical piece of wood sowed to two equal parts. What is the surface area of the figure in metres?

A. $3.465 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
B. $48.51 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
C. $25.065 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
D. $16.665 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
28. Lupita deposited sh 2000 in a bank which paid compound interest at the rate of $10 \%$ pa. If at the end of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ years he withdraw all his money, how much did he withdraw?
A. sh 2200
B. sh 3300
C. $\operatorname{sh} 2300$
D. sh 2700
29. The figure below shows a square $\mathbf{A B C D}$ inside a circle. $O$ is the centre of the circle.


What is the area of the shaded part? (take $\pi=\frac{22}{7}$ )
A. $28 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
B. $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
C. $14 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
D. $7 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
30. Find the next partern

31. Arap Songok produces five hundred litres of milk and then packs the milk into 200 ml bottles for sale. If he sells the milk at sh. 45 per packet, how much money did he make?
A. sh. 112.5
B. sh. 11250
C. sh. 112500
D. sh. 1125000
32. A staff meeting started at 10.45 hrs and took 3 his 15 minutes. At what time did the meeting end in a.m / p.m system?
A. 1400 hrs
B. 2 p.m
C. $\quad 7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$
D. $\quad 13.45 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$
33. Papa Shiradura paid sh 7600 for a radio after getting a discount of $5 \%$ discount on the marked price. If he was given a $15 \%$ discount instead of $5 \%$ discount, how much would he have paid for the radio?
A. sh 6400
B. sh 4800
C. $\operatorname{sh} 6800$
D. sh 5600
34. A Chinnise company hired 44 men to repair a stretch of a road in 14 days.If the government want the Chinnise company to repair the road in 12 days, how many more men should the company hire?
A. 9
B. 7
C. 6
D. 12
35. The figure below is a rectangle

| $(X+29) \mathrm{cm}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $(6 X-3) \mathrm{cm}$ |  |  |

Find the perimeter in cm
A. 102 cm
B. 126 cm
C. 190 cm
D. 108 cm
36. Kiberenge sat for ten subjects in an examination. His marks in the ten subjects were Math 78, English 81, Geograph 77, Religious Education 52 , English 73, Kiswahili 60, Agriculture52, Business Education 60, History 55 and 52 in Science. What was his modal mark?
A. 60
B. 68
C. 52
D. 75
37. Atieno bought 2 kg meat @sh. $135,1 \mathrm{~kg}$ suger for sh 48, 3kgrice @sh 42 and $1 /$ kg peas for sh 12 . She paid for the items with a sh 1000 note. What was her blance?
A. $\operatorname{sh} 456$
B. $\operatorname{sh} 263$
C. sh 550
D. sh 544
38. A rectangular tank of height 2.5 m has a base measuring 1.5 m by 2.0 m . The tank was full of water. If after the waily usage the level of water fell ta 2 , Ho, how many litres of wate ws used?
A. 980 il
B. 1200 L
C. 1100 L
D. 1050 L
39. Io the figure below line $Q R$ is parallel to ST line QS is parallel to RT. Angle RTP $=40$..


What is the size of angle $S Q R$.
A. $180^{\circ}$
B. $100^{\circ}$
C. $40^{\circ}$
D. $140^{\circ}$
40. The table below shows the rate for sending letters and post cards through a post office

| Types of articles | Weight | Charges <br> sh. |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Lts. |  |  |  |$|$

Namwamba sent the following letters and post cards
Threeletters each weighing $\quad 49 \mathrm{~g}$
Oneletrerweighng, 150 g
Five letter eath wetghing $\quad 800 \mathrm{~g}$
One letter weighing $\quad 1.5 \mathrm{~kg}$
Two postcards

How much did he pay for the postage?
A. sh 242
B. sh 564
C. sh 588
D. sh 599
41. Mwitwiri bought a goat at sh 4800 . He later sold the goat making a $20 \%$ profit. For how much did be sell the goat?
A. sh 5760
B. $\operatorname{sh} 960$
C. sh 4000
D. sh 9800
42. Draw a triangle $A B C$ such that $A B=3.5 \mathrm{~cm}, A C=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{BC}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$. Then draw a circle touching the points $A B C$. Find the radius of the circle
A. 5 cm
B. 2.5 cm
C. 3.5 cm
D. 500 cm
43. In a School two bells ring after every 30 min and 40 min . If the two bells rang together at 8.15 am , at what time did they ring together again?
A. 10.15 am
B. 2.45 am
C. 4.30 am
D. 12.45 am
44. A cuboid measures 10 cm by 8 cm wide by 6 cm high. What is the total length of its edges?
A. 480 cm
B. 24 cm
C. 420 cm
D. 96 cm
45. A piece of land is in the shape of a right angled triangle. The length of the longest side measure 15 m while the other shorter
side is 12 m . What is the area of the piece ofland in metres?
A. $90^{\circ}$
B. 54
C. $180^{\circ}$
D. 27
46. Kihenju, Thuranira and Abdi picked macadamia for sale. Kihenju picked 150 macadamia, Thuranira picked half as many as Kihenju while Abdi picked 100 macadamia less than what Kihenju and Thuranira picked. If the macadamia were sold at fifty cents each, how much money did the three boys make alltogether?
A. sh. 190
B. sh. 160
C. sh. 180
D. sh. 175
47. In the figure below line $U V$ is parallel the line $W X$, angle $V U X=43^{\circ}$ and angle $V W X=57^{\circ}$


What is the value of the angle marked P ?
A. $43^{\circ}$
B. $80^{\circ}$
C. $100^{\circ}$
D. $57^{\circ}$
48. Rudisha ran at an average speed of $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. If he started the 800 m race at 4.00 pm , at what time did he finish the race
A. 4.02 am
B. 4.02 pm
C. 5.02 pm
D. 4.20 pm
49. The incomplete table below shows the number of people who attended a football match and the gate charges. The number of children is not shown.

|  | No.of people | Gate charges <br> inshillings |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Children | - | 10 |
| Men | 900 | 50 |
| Women | 2700 | 35 |

If the total amount collected was sh. 142,500 . How many people attended the football match?
A. 3600
B. 3000
C. 300
D. 3900
50. The bar graph below represents maize harvests from a Kitale farm.


What is the mean annual harvest to the nearest whole number?
A. 40
B. 33
C. 36
D. 30

## OPTIMAL <br> 003

## SCIENCE

## INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

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2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
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## HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-

## YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index Number (i.e. school Code Number and the three - figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
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9. For each of the Questions 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A,B,C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
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## Example

In the question booklet:-
14. The following are conditions necessary for germination. Which one is NOT?
A. Air
B. Water
C. Soil
D. Warmth

The correct answer is $C$ (Soil)

## On answer sheet:

In the second set, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.
11. Your dark line MUST be within the box
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 7 printed pagés. Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indjcated and no questions are missing

- 1.Which one of the following statements is not true?
A. Both bhang and khat are prohibited
B. Both bhang and khat are addictive
C. Both bhang and khat are allowed
D.bhang and khat are from plants

2. Which one of the following activities does not take place during breathing in?
A. the ribs move outwards
B. the lungs expand
C. the ribs move upwards
D. the diaphragm moves upwards
3. The following are effects of force on substances EXCEPT?
A. changing the direction of moving objects
B. changing the state of all forms of matter
C. increasing the speed of moving objects
D. stopping moving objects
4. The followinglare some of the commonly used weather instruments.
(i) Anemometer
(ii) Rain gauge
(iii) Windvane
(iv) Barometer.
which one is put 30 cm above the ground?
A. Raingauge
B. Anemometer
C. 'Windvane
D. Barometer
5. Which one of the following animal parasites is the odd one out?
A. flea
B. ticks
C. liver fluke
D. Tsetse fly
6. An experiment was set up as shown in the diagram below


The main purpose for the cupboard was to?
A. support the piece of metal
B. prevent the candle from falling over
C. help the wax melt faster
D. block the radiated heat from reaching the wax
7. A class one pupil had the following signs and symptoms associated with a certain nutritional deficiency disease.
(i) eyes̀, gum and palms appeared white
(i) skin appeared pale
(iii) got out of breath and looked tired after doing a small task
It is true to say that.
A. The disease could be prevented by eating foods rich in proteins
B.The disease could be be prevented by eating foods rich in iron
C. The disease could be prevented by eating foods rich in vitarins
D. The disease could be prevented by eating foods rich in carbohydrates
8. Which one of the following statements is correct about the soil texture?
A. The roughness or smothness of soil is determined by amount of water in it
B. The roughness or smothness of soil is determined by its original place of collection
C. The roughness or smothness of soil is determined by the size of its particles
D. The roughness or smothness of soil is determined by its colour
9. The table below shaws different types of teeth and their functions

| Teeth | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Biting |
| 2 | Tearing |
| 3 | Grinding |

The teeth marked 2 are MOST likely to be ?
A. Molars
B. premolars
C. canines
D. incisors
10. The figure below shows the female reproductive system.


Which of the parts marked WXYZ shows where the fusion of the sperms and the ovules takes place?
A. W
B. X
C. Y
D. Z
11. Which one of the followizg characteristics is common in both the duck and the spiny ant eater?
A. Both are mammals
B. Both have mammary glands
C. Both lay eggs
D. Both have scales on their legs

The following is a simple classification of plants.

12. The label $X$ and $Y$ could represent
A. Fungi and Bean
B. Pea and Moss
C. Moss and Millet
D. Millet and Maize
13. The following are various sources of livestock feeds
(i) Maize germ,
(ii) honey,
(iii) legumes,
(iv) cotton seeds,
(v) fish meal,
(vi) green fodder
(vii) rice husks

Which one of the following pairs of feeds provide fats and oils to the livestock?
A. fish meal and honey
B. cotton seeds and fish meal
C. green fodder and rice husks
D. Maize germ and legumes
14. Below is a wheelbarrow in use.


Which part is correctly matched
A. C-Fulcrum
B. $\quad$ - Load
C. K-Effort
D. D-Effort
15. A science teacher asked a group of std 7 pupils to give some points about HIV and AIDS. They gave their point as follows.
Wanjala - it has no cure
Otieno - it does not exisist
Kamau - it can be spread by swimming tongether
Njambi - can be cured by having sex with a child
Nanjala - All thin people bave AIDS
Chebet - it is mostly spread through sexual intercourse
Which one of the following pairs consist of pupils who gave the facts about HIV and AIDS?
A. Otieno and Njambi
B. - Wanjala and Njambi
C. Otieno and Nanjala
D. Wanjala and Chebet
16. For better absorption of food into the blood stream, the Ilieum
A. have fingerlike projections that increase its surface area
B. produces digestive juices
C. Passes the undigested food to the large intestine
D. mixes food with digestive juices
17. Which one of the following statement is correct?
A. All medicines that remain should be kept for later use
B. All medicines should be kept together in a kit or cupboard
C. All medicines should be stored in soda bottles or tins
D. All medicines should be well labelled before storing them
18. Which one of the following shows the correct order of reproductive stages in flowering plants?
A.Dispersal $\rightarrow$ Gemmination $\rightarrow$ Pollination $\rightarrow$ Flowering $\rightarrow$ Fertilisation
B. Germination $\rightarrow$ Flowering $\rightarrow$ Pollination $\rightarrow$ Fertilisation $\rightarrow$ Dispersal
C. Flowering $\rightarrow$ Pollination $\rightarrow$ Dispersal
$\rightarrow$ Fertilisation $\rightarrow$ Germination
D.Flowering $\rightarrow$ Pollination $\rightarrow$ Fertilisation
$\rightarrow$ Dispersal $\rightarrow$ Germination
19. Which one of the following pairs consist of varcines in the immumisution schedule for infans that are given more than twice?
A. BCG and DPT
B. DPT and Antipolio
C. Antipolio and Antimeasles
D. Antimeasles and DPT
20. Standard six pupils put four rods made of the same materials in hot water. They then put ice on one end of each rod as shown in the dragram.


Which one of the following factors could not have made the ice melt at different times.
A. lengtio of the rods
B. position of ice
C. type of the rod
D. thickness of the rod
21. The following are sources of heat EXCEPT?
A. sun
B. electricity
C. gas
D. firewood

The illustration below shows parts of the solar system.

22. The planets $1,2,3,4,5$ are?
A.Mars, Jupiter, Earth, Venus and Mercury
B.Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars and Jupiter
C. Earth, Mercury, Venus, Mars and Jupiter
D.Mercury, Earth, Venus, Mars and Jupiter
23. The following are types of animal feeds
(i) concentrates
(ii) commercial feeds
(iii) pastures
(iv) fodder crops

Which type of the animal animal feeds mentioned above is normally cut down and fed to the animals away from the pasture?
A. (i)
B. (ii)
C. (iii)
D.(iv)
24. Which one of the following is not a reason for lighting a house?
A. warm up the house
B. safety
C. to see clearly
D. read comfortably
25. The following are rotational methods of - grazing EXCEPT?
A. strip grazing
B. paddocking
C. herding
D. tethering
26. A Science teacher at Optimal school gave pupils notes on the characteristics of soil as follows

| Soil E | Soil F |
| :--- | :--- |
| i) has large particles | i) has small particles |
| ii) has big air spaces | ii) has less spaces |
| iii) has rough feeling | iii) has a smooth feeling |

From the above table, it is TRUE to say that soil
A. $E$ is the best soil for fanming
B. F can be used in building houses
C. E can cause flooding faster than $F$
D. F can make long ribbons if mixed with water
27. A ruler was dropped into water and it appeared bent. The ruler looked bent mainly because of?
A. the raler being made of plastic
B. the difference in density between water and air
C. the difference in density between fuler and air
D. the depth of the water
28. Four pupils ate food as show below.
Wanyoike -. ugali, fish,spinach
Anyango - matoke, fish and beans
Mutuku - mashed potatoes, milk and meat
Jebii - rice, green grams, fish Who among the pupils ate a balance diet?
A. Wanyoike
B. Anyango
C. Mutuku
D. Jebii
29. The following are the major components of theinvironment?
(i) animals
(ii) plants
(iii) water
(iv) soil
(v) air

Which of the following pairs consist of the the living components of the
epivironment ONLY?
A.'(ii) and (i)
B. (ii) and (iv)
C. (iii) and (iv)

D? (i) and (iv)
30. Which one of the following states of matter does not change on cooling?
A. gas
B. solid
C. liquid
, С. vapour
31. The following are ways of maintaining simple tools EXCEPT?
A. painting thepm
B. oiling movable parts
C. cleaning after use
$\dot{\cup}$. storing them safety when not in use
32. Which one of the following statements is correct?
A. oxygen and nitrogen when combined make about $1 \%$ of the air
B. Carbon dioxide and inert gases when combined make about $1 \%$ of the air
C. oxygen and carbon dioxide when - combine make about $1 \%$ of the air
D. inert gases and nitrogen when combined make about $1 \%$ of the air
33. The diagram below represents a simple circuit


Which one of the following is: NOT true according to the digram?
A.For the bulb to work the switch must close
B.The cells are arranged in series
C. The circuit is open
D. The circuit is closed
34. Which one of the following is not a social effect of the drugs abuse?
A. Trauncy
-B. rape
C. marital conflicts
D. withdrawal
35. Which one of the following weeds can be used as a cover plant?
A. Black jack
B. pigweed
${ }^{\circ}$ C. wandering jew
D. mexican marigold
36. The presence of fùngi in the soil is important in that
A.It destroy weeds in the garden
B.It control the soil erosion
C.It kill harmful insects
D.It decompose plants and animals remains
37. Which of the following statement is correct?
A. Environment is the babitat of a living thing
B. Environment is the aspect that affects the well being of a living thing
C. Environment is the sorrounding of a living thing
D. Environment is the interdependence between all living things
38. Which one of the following is not a reason why we should include water in our diet?
A.It helpsinmaling blood
B. It prevents the skin from drying up
C. It prevents one from constipation
D. It removes waste products from the body
39. A certain girl had the following signs and symptoms
i) skin appeared pale
ii) eyes, gum and palms appeared white
iii) got out of breath and looked tired after doing a small task
The girl would not have had the problems if her mother had feed her with food rich in?
A. proteins
B. iron
C. vitamins
D. carbohydrates
40. The following are some of the ways of controlling water borne diseases EXCEPT?
A.washing hands after visiting the toilet
B.boiling drinking water
C.vaccination
D.proper disposal of faeces
41. Which of the following is wrongly matched with its deficiency disonder?
A. Iron -.......- Anaemia
B. Proteins Kwashiorkor
C. Calcium

Rickets
D. Carbohydrates .---Marasmus
42. Class six pupils were asked by their science teacher to give examples of inclined plane. The following were their responses
Judy -------Stair case
Wakonyo --Ladder
Anyango - -Single fixed pulley
Mutua. $\qquad$ .Road winding up a hill Who among them gave a wrong answer?
A. Mutua
B. Anyango
C. Wakonyo
D. Judy

Std 5 pupils of St. Paul Mbiu primary school classified some animals as shown in the diagram below:

43. The animals represented by $X, Y$ and $Z$ respectively are
A. Birds, Reptiles and Arachnids
B. Reptiles, Birds and Arachnids
C. Arachnids, Birds and Birds
D. Arachnids, Reptiles and Birds
44. A std 5 pupils of Naivasha Boys Academy set up the experiment shown below


It was observed that the stroke from the burning paper went through chimney $A$ and came out chimitey B. It is likely that the pupils were investigating?
A. Air expands when heated
B. Air has weight when heated
C. Convection in gases
D. Convection in liquids
45. Atmospheric pressure, temperature, rain and humidity are commonly refered to as?
A. clouds
B. dampness
C. climate
D. weather
47. Which one of the following will NOT control water bome diseases?
A. washing hands after visiting the toilet
B.boiling drinking water
C.vaccination
D.proper disposal of faeces
48. Which one of the following statements is correct?
A.a fuse in an electric circuit is for creating short circuit
B. a fuse in an electric circuit is meant to prevent overheating of wires should excessive current flow
C. a fuse in an electric circuit is for completing the circuit
D.a fuse in an electric circuit is meant for protecting people from an electric shock
49. A ship floats on water mostly because of its?
A. shape
B. size
C. weight
D. mass
50. Std 6 pupils of Magumoni Primary School set up an experiment as shown below:


If an object was placed where it is, which of the following observation was made?
A. Many images will be formed
B. Inage will be smaller thatn the object
C. Image formed will be upside down
D. Two images will be formed

## OPTIMAL

003
ENGLISH

## 1st PREPARATION TEST

## SECTION A: LANGUAGE

## Time: 1 hours 40 minutes

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answe, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

## HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-

## YOUR INDEX NUMBER

Y YOUR NAME
NANE OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index Number (i.e. school Code Number and the three - figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the Questions $1-50$ four answers are given. The answers are tettered A,B,C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer. 10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

## Example

In the question booklet:-
In question 17, choose the option which BEST fills the blank space in the sentence below.
17. She wrote the report $\qquad$ ink
A. by
B. with
C. of
D. in

The correct answer is D (in)
On answer sheet:
$7[A][B][C][D] 17[A][B][C][P 9][B][B][C][D][7][B][C][D] 17[A][B][C][D]$
In the second set, the box with the letter $\mathcal{C}$ printed in it is marked.
11. Your dark line MUST be within the box
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

The story below contains blank spaces numbered 1-15. For each blank space choose the best alternative from the four choices given

Four security officers $\qquad$ taken you $\qquad$ a police station for $\qquad$ . You are accused $\qquad$ breaking into a house the previous Friday evening. You are not guilty, of course, $\qquad$ 5 you resemble $\qquad$ 6 thief and you are therefore a $\qquad$ 7 You are asked to $\qquad$ 8 a statement. In it you $\qquad$ 9 where you were and what you were doing 10 the hours of eight and twelve that Friday evening. Give the names of the people $\qquad$ 11 with or who saw you and any other $\qquad$ that might help to prove your 13 You could also engage a $\qquad$ to argue your case on your behalf. Judgement is $\qquad$ by the judge or magistrate.

1. A. has
B. had
C. have
D. were
2. A. at
B. to
C. in
D. inside
3. A. imprisonment
B. examination
C. trial
D. questioning
4. A. of
B. for
C. as
D. with
5. A. and
B. since
C. but
D. in fact
6. A. a
B. the
C. this
D. those
7. A. suspect
B. guilty
C. thief
D. criminal
8. A. say
B. recite
C. record
D. compose
9. A. plead
B. suggest,
C. guese
D. explain
10. A. from
B. since
C. between

D, among
11.A. you were
B. who are
C. you are
D. who were
12. A. tool
B. evidence
C. material
D. idea
13. A. innocence
B. freedom

C: whereabout
D. presence
14. A. prosecutor
B. clerk
C. judge
D. lawyer
15. A. delivered
B. told
C. said
D. put

For questions 16 and 17, choose the question tag that correctly completes the sentences.
16. Esther is coming today $\qquad$ $?$
A. won't she
B. isn't it
C. isn't she
D. is she
17. The boy didn't try his best, $\qquad$ ?
A. can't he
B. did he
C. couldn't he
D. didn't he

In questions 18 and 19, choose the alternative that completes the given sentence correctly
18. Not everybody who has applied for the job
A. will be called for the interview
B. has been called for the interview
C. is usually called for the interview
D. was called for the interview
19. If you snored during the night,
A. you will not realise it in the morning
B. you are not to realise it in the morning
C. you would not realise it in the morning
D. you should could not realise it in the morning

In questions 20 to 22 replace the under'ined words with the BEST alternative from the choices given.
20. He is now looked after by his uncle.
A. guarded
B. taken care of
C. searched for
D. given protection
21. The boy stole the book but got away with it.
A. hid
B. escaped from school
C. escaped punishment
D. disappeared
22. Many farmers in Kiambu county keep chicken, geese, guinea fowls and ducks in their small farms.
A. poultry
B. cocks
C. layers
D. birds

For each of the phrases in questions 23 to 25, choose from the alternatives given the statement which when combined with the phrase makes a complete and sensible sentence.
23. My father is not as $\qquad$
A. shorter than my Mother
B. short like my Mother
C. short as my Mother
D. shorter as my Mother
24. The brothers are always
quarrelling $\qquad$
A. on food
B. for food
C. with food
D. over food
25.1 wrote to the class teacher but
A. she never replied to my letter
B. she never replied my lettér
C. she replied to it very fast
D. she has replied for my letter

## Read the passage below then answer questions 26 to 38

Jalang'o attended a church sponsored Secondary school, headed by a muscular nononsense catholic priest who could have wrestled the most heavily-built proffessjonal wrestler to the ground. The feelings of romantic love, already exciting other boys of his age, were still not aroused in him. He was naive and innocent.

By the time he was in form two his schoolmates had nick-named him 'Mshamba.' He earned that nick-name due to his hostility towards boys who openly talked about their relations with girls.

After the school holidays the boys would divide themselves into groups. Each group then shared exaggerated stories of their exploits during the holidays. The biggest centre of attention was Jatelo. He would detail and spice up his stories to the excitement of every one of his listeners. He would at the end of the story leave them at the peak of their wildest imaginations, outlining the numerous escapades he had allegedly been involved in. The truth was that he had such strict parents as to ensure that no girl dared to get close to him. The closest he got to girls was when he knelt beside them in shurch under the watchful eye of his father.

Jalang'o, the would be priest, finished his secondary education, ready to dedicate his life to God. He did not get the good results he had expected, but that was not to kill his ambition of becoming a priest. However, that was not to be.

Just about three months after finishing his secondary education, Jalang'o's parents perished in a tragic accident involving the bus they were travelling in. Fortunately, as fate would have it, the church recognised his dedication to live a chaste life and started educating Jalang'o and his siblings. Jalang'o was to pursue his education further on the advice of one of his uncles and upon graduation, he got a good job and was able to look after his two younger sisters and a brother.

After ten years, Jalang'o, who had since got married and had two children bumped into his former schoolmate, Mogaka, who was then working as a waiter in a hotel where Jalang'o and his wife had gone to have lunch.
26. From the first sentense we learn that
A. the priest who headed Jalang'o's school used to wrestle professional wrestlers down
B. Jalang'o's education in secondary school was sponsored by the church
C. Jalang'o was training to become a priest
D. The priest headteacher had large strong muscles
27. How was Jalang'o different from his agemates?
A. he was not excited by romantic emotions
B. he did not love his school mates
C. he had no feelings
D. they were naive and innocent
28. Why did Jalang'o's schoolmates nickname him?
A.he was very popular
B. everyone had a nickname
C. he did not like their talk about girls
D. he was the only one who had no girlfriend
29. According to the third paragraph, it is true to say that
A. the boys met Ouring school holidays
B. the boys liked to talk about the things they did during school holidays
C. the boys were grouped after the holiday for discussion
D. the stories the boys told were all lies
30. When Jatelo was in school he could be described in all the following ways except
A. popular
B. funny
C. creative
D. honest
31. What real truth do we learn about Jatelo in the third paragraph?
A. he went to church to meet girls
B. he never actually met any girl during the holidays
C. he knelt beside girls when his father was not watching
D. all that he told the boys at school was acturally true
32. We can say that becoming a priest was Jalang'o's
A. ambition
B. career
C. need
D. project
33. How long after finishing her secondary education did Jalang'o's parents die?
A. approxinately three months
B. atnost firee months
C. at least three months
D. at mast three months
34. Who helped Jalang'o to further his education?
A. the priest
B. one of his uncles
C. the church
D. his sisters and brothers'
35. What valuable help did Jalang'o get from his uncle?
A. he paid for his education
B. he found him a job
C. he advised him
D. he gave him accomodation
36. Which of the following words can replace 'dedicated' as used in the passage?
A. volunteered
B. devoted
C. offered
D. hardworking
37. The word 'former' is underlined in the passage. Which of the following alternatives is its opposite?
A. current
B. later
C. next
D. latter
38. Which of these is the MOST suitable title for this story?
A. Jalang'o the priest
B. Jalang'o gets married
C. Jalang'o
D. Jalang'o in school

Read the following passage and then answer questions 39 to 50

Dry skin is a common problem. When the skin becomes dry, it loses its softness, flexibility, moisture and youthful look. It becomes rough and itchy and may appear to have wrinkles.

New skin cells are constantly forming in the junction between the outer skin layer and the inner one. These cells rise slowly, carrying with them moisture. This is what keeps the skin moist. They then die and new cells take their places. This renewal process continues throughout life but the skins' ability to retain moisture reduces as one grows older.

Skin becomes dry when the moisture evaporates faster than it can be replaced. There are a number of factors that can cause this condition: failure of the skin tissues to produce enough new moisture, inheritance, overheated rooms, frequent exposure to soap and other household cleaners. Frequent showers with very hot water and exposure to extreme temperatures or strong winds could start it too. Low intake of fluids can also be a cause.

Dry skin is easily identified by its appearance. If it is very dry or if a young person has suddenly developed dry itchy skin, a doctor may order blood tests to determine whether there is an underlying disease. However, in most cases, dry skin rarely requires medical attention. A healthy diet that includes raw fruits and vegetables helps keep skin moist. Drink plenty of water daily.
39.From the first peragraph, we learn thet:
A. skins which have wrinkles are dry
B. all common problems start with dry skin
C. it is easy to come across people suffering from dry skin problems
D. you can not look young when your skin is dry
40. The moisture that keeps the skin moist ${ }^{*}$
A. is constantly formed between two skin layers
B. die after reaching the skin surface and are not replaced
C. is formed between the inner layer and the junction
D. makes the skin rough, itchy and appear to have wrinkles
41. Which of the following gives the BEST reason why the skin dries?
A. when one grows old too fast
B. when the moisture keeps evaporating
C. when replacement of the moisture is less than what is lost
D. when the cells formed between the two layers rise too slowly
42. The main reason why the skin should always be moist is:
A. it becomes rough and itchy when dry
B. it is not always very hot
C. dry skin is easy to identify
D. formatioriand renewal of the cells keep being formed
43.The wor neritance'has been used in the passene. Which of the four words given mean much the same as used in the passage?
A. borrowed from an elder
B. got from older family member
C. given free
D. affecting all
44. A dry skin is easy to identify:
A. by a doctor's medical examination
B. if it has not been treated for long
C. when the renewal process stops
D. by looking at it
45. The BEST way to treat a skin disease is:
A. to change diet to include fruits and greens
B. to get medicines that can help the cells to multiply faster
C. to get a doctor to examine your blood before treatment
D. use oils that contain a lot of moisture on your skin.
46.When an old person's skin shows signs of drying up, this could be due to:
A. diet
B. health
C. nature
D. safety
47. What does the writer suggest about frequent showering with very hot water?
A. makes the skin tissues to fail to produce cells
B. is likely to be another cause of dry skin
C. it is the main cause of dry skin
D. it makes us itch and kills the cells in the junctions
48. If one aroided overheated rooms, frequent showers with very hot water, exposure to extreme temperatures and strong winas:
A. the person could still be attacked by dry skin
B. the person becomes very safe from dryskin disease
C. it would not require a doctor's treatment if the skin becomes dry
D. the skin would require to be moisturised
49. In the end, the writer summarises the passage by stating that:
A. we should not go for treatment for dry skin except after blood test
B. avoid anything hot to retain your skin moisture
C. vegetables fruits and plenty of water helps to keep the skin moist
D. the older you grow, the less the moisture our body retains
50. The best title for this passage would be
A. A dry skin
B. Different types of skins
C. Effect of high temperatures on our skins
D. Causes and control of dry skin

## 003

## SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: $\mathbf{2}$ hours 15 minutes

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. Thequestion booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question paper.

## HOWTOUSE THEANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

## YOUR INDEX NUMBER YOUR NAME <br> NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and DO NOT FOLD IT.
9. For each of the Questions 1-90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered $A, B, C, D$ in each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which-the letter you have chosen is written.

## Example

In tlie Question Booklet:
44. Three of the following are types of marriages recognized in Kenya. Which one is false
A. Customary marriage
B. Religious mamiage
C. Citizen mariage
D. Civil marriage

The correct answer is C
On the answer sheet
41. $|A||B||C|[D]$
42. |A] [B] |C| [D]
43. [A] [B] [C] [D] 44. [A] [B] 4C [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 44 , the box with letter $C$ printed in it is marked.
11. Your dark line MUST BE within the box.
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 12 printed prges
Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing

*

## 1AMIT®O

 800
## KAJIFICHE AREA





1. What is the general flow of river Kajifiche?
A. South East
B. North
C. North West
D. South
2. What is the total length in kilometers of the railway line on the map?
A. 15 Km
B. 14 Km
C. 11 Km
D. 17 Km
3. The climate of Kajifiche area is likely to be
A. Hot and wet
B. Cool and dry
C. Hot and dry
D. Cool and wet
4. The area occupied by Kajifiche can be found in the following counties in Kenya

## except

A. Kiambu county
B. Makueni county
C. Embucounty
D. Thika county
5. Which one of the following is likely to be the main reason that has led to the rapid growth of Kajifiche area?
A. The presence of many river tributaries
B. The presence of tight security
C. The presence of road junction in town
D. Because its found in cash crop growing area
6. The main reason for the location of the Tea factory where it is may be
A. because of availability of raw materials
B. because of the presence of electricity
C. because of the presence of a tarmac road
D. because of the availability of water
7. The political head of Kajifiche area is most likely to be?
A. County Rep.
B. Governor
C. County Commisioner
D. Senator
8. Which one of the following council of elders is correctly matched with the work it performed during the pre-colonial period?
A. Maasai council of elders - looked after the cattle
B.Luo council of elders - built houses
C.Akamba council of elders - carried out

## cattle raids

D. Meru council of elders - settled desputes
9. The following communities are associated with Cushitic cormmunities in Ethiopia.
EXCEPT?
A. Galla
B. Afar
C. Ogaden
D. Sindano
10. Which one of the following is not a factor of climate affecting the Coastal province in Kenya?
A. prevailing winds
B. relief
C. ocean currents
D. revolution of the earth
11. The following areтeasons for the migration of African people.
(i).to escape from diseases and natural disasters like floods
(ii).to look for new settlements due to overpopulation
(iii).to escape from internal and external pressures
(iv).tolook for raw materialls for their home based industries
Which one of the above reasons isFALSE?
A.(ii)
B.(i)
C.(iv)
D.(iii)
12. Which one of the following minerals is used to produce bitumen for tarmacking roads?
A. Diamond
B. Oil
C. Limestone
D. Graphite
13. The following conditions are required for growing of a particular cash crop:
(i) Rich well-drained soils
(ii) Temperatures of about $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(iii) Low rainfall of between $500 \mathrm{~mm}-800$ 童m
(iv) Plenty of labour especially during harvesting
The crop is likely to be
A. Banana
B. Coffee
C. Sisal
D.Cloves
14. The following are statemens about weather recording in a local weather station. Which one is incorrect?
A. It is best to record the direction of wind more than once a day
B. The mean daily temperature is equal to the sum of the maximum and minimum temperature
C. The daily rainfall is the total rainfall gathered by a raingauge in a day
D. The mean strength of wind is measured twice, then the average of the two figures can be taken
15. The sun is overhead in the Tropic marked $T$ in the month of?

A. October
B. September
C. December
D. June
16. Which following statement is true about the interaction between the Maasai and the Abagusii during the pre-colonial period?
A. The Maasai learnt animal keeping from the Abagusii
B. The Abagusii acquired the skill of iron smelting from the Maasai
C. The Maasai copied the age set system from the Abagusii
D. The Abagusii acquired livestock products from the Masai
17. The following are steps the government has taken to improve livestock keeping in pastoral areas except by
A. Encouraging the people to move to neighbouring countries for pastures and water
B. Improving security to stem out cattle rustling
C. Improving roads in pastoral areas to ease transportation
D. Digging more boreholes to provide water for the animals

Use the map below to answer questions 18-21

18. Which climatic region is experienced at the place marked S
A. Warm temperate
B. Mountain
C. Tropical
D. Equatorial
19. The physical feature marked with $\mathbf{G}$ was formed through the process of
A. Volcanicity
B. Faulting
C. Folding
D. Down warping .
20. The ocean current influencing the region 1 marked $\mathbf{P}$ in the map is called
A. Equatorial Guinea
B. Benguela
C. Canary
D. Mozambique
21. Which European nation colonised the country marked $\mathbf{A}$ in the map above?
A. The British
B. The Belgium
C. The Italians
D. The Portuguese
22. Which one of the following best describe the role of the citizen in the government?
A.sing bado mapabano during political rallies
B. ask for equal job opportunities
C. pay taxes promptly
D. demonstrate when the opposition is defeated in a by-election
23. Which one of the following statements best explain why African resistance, failed in most parts of the Eastern Africa?
A. The Africans were not brave enough
B. The Europeans had more soldiers
C. The Europeans had superior weapons
D. The Europeans knew the geograph of the area well
24. Which group of the Voltaic speaking people is associated with the countries; Ghana, Burkina Faso and Benin?
A. Zarma and Dendi
B. Tukolar and Wolof
C. Mossi and Dagomba
D. Serer and Yoruba
25. The bill of rights is important because
A. It makes men and women equal
B. It allows people to walkfreely
C. It is part of the censtitution of

Kenya
D. It helps to preserve the dignity of an individual
26. Which one of the following lakes was formed through volcanic activity?
A. Lake Nasser in Egypt
B. Lake Panyam in Nigeria
C. Lake Victoria in 「ast Africa
D. Lake George in Uganda
27. The nyayo philosophy introduced in 1978 had the following guiding pillars EXCEPT?
A. To promote peace in the country
B. To enhance unity among Kenyans
C. To promote love among the Kenyans
D. To ensure there is equal distribution of resources
28. Below are statements about an African leader in the Pre-colonial period.
(i) Became a prisoner of at a certain period
(ii) He organised a strong army of hired soldiers called ruga ruga
(iii) He died in 1884 and left his Kingdom to his half brother
(iv) Initially, he was a chief of Uyowa The leader discribed above is?
A. Nyungu ya Mawe
B. Kabaka Mwanga
C. Odera Akang'o
D. Mirambo
29. Below are life stages as recognised in the traditional African ckan. Which one of the following combinations shows the correct order in which they occur?
A. Marriage $\rightarrow$ Birth $\rightarrow$ Initiation $\rightarrow$ Death
B. Birth $\rightarrow$ Initiation $\rightarrow$ Death $\rightarrow$ Marriage
C. Initiation $\rightarrow$ Marriage $\rightarrow$ Death $\rightarrow$ Birth
D. Birth $\rightarrow$ Initiation $\rightarrow$ Marriage $\rightarrow$ Death
30. The following were ways of resolving dispute in our communities during the pre-colonial period in Kenya EXCEPT?
A. Litigation
B. Mediation
C. Arbitration
D. Negotiation
31. In which of the following regions in Kenya experience a modified equatorial type of climate?
A. The highlands
B. Lake region
C. Rift Valley
D. Nyika plateau
32. The main contribution of tourism to the economies of East African countries is that
A. It offers many job opportunities
B. It leads to improvement of infrastructure
C. It earns foreign exchange for them
D. It encourages preservation of culture
33. Didier drogba made a very tough tackle on Wayne Rooney during the Europeans football championship. The best action for Rooney to take was?
A. Retaliate by tackling Drogba the same way he did to him.
B. Slap Drogba on the face when the referee is not watching
C. Cry loudly to attract the attention of the referee so that Drogba gets a red card
D. Advise drogba to avoid rough game as it might lead to injuries
34. The best way to prevent HIV/Aids from spreading among school going pupils is to
A. encourage them to usecondonts

- B. isolate completely boys fromgirls.
C. encourage them to getmarfied. immediately
D. educate them on abstenance

35. The following are the benefits of the Tana river projects to the local people. Which one is least?
A. helps to control penennial floods in the lower Tana area
B. creates beautiful sceneries that attract tourists
C. experiences low volume of water during the dry season
D. provides small scale fishing grounds to many people
36. The following are towns in East Africa
i) Entebbe
iv) Kisumu
ii) Jinja
v) Bukoba
iii) Mwanza

What do they have in common?
A. They are capital cities in the three East African countries
B. They are all crossed by major rivers draining into L. Victoria
C. They grew up as mining towns during the colonial period
D. They are lake ports found along Lake Victoria
37. The following are responsibilities of parents in our communities today. Which one is the least?
A. They should provide food, shelter and clothing.
B. They should provide security and protection.
C. They should guard family secrets.
D. They should counsel and advise the children.
38. One of the following reasons explains why the Volta river project was built at
Akosombo. Which one is it?
A. Because it is situated at the centre of the country
B. Because it is near where there is high voltage power
C. Because it is located at the plains of Accra
D. Because the place has strong underlying rocks

Use themap bele wito atrower qutations 39 $-41$

39. The country marked $\mathbf{X}$ achieved her independence from the
A. British
B. Germans
C. Belgiums
D. Italians
40. The main fruit crop produced in the area marked with $\mathbf{T}$ is called
A. Bananas
B. Mangoes
C. Coconut
D. Groundnuts
41. The forest reserve marked $\mathbf{P}$ is likely to be called
A. Aberdare forest
B. Nandi forest
C. Kericho forest
D. Mau forest
42. Who among the following members of the National Assembly is concerned with the legal affairs of the government of Kenya?
A. Speaker
B. Attorney General
C. Vice President
D. Chief justice
43. Below are characteristics of a certain climate type in Africa.
(i) It is characterised by constant high temperatures
(ii) Evaporation rate is high through out the year
(iii)Rainfall is heavy, averaging 2000 mm per year
(iv) There is no dry season

The type of climate described above is called
A. Tropical climate
B. Mediterranean climate
C. Warm temperate
D. Equatorial climate
44. Which one of the following factors explains why there is snow at the top of Mt . Kenya while it is at the equator?
A. Because of high altitude
B. Because rivers flow from the top
C. Because there is ice at the top
D. Because the temperatures are low at the equator
45. One of the following is NOT a true statement about collective responsibility of
Kenyan citizens. Which one is it?
A. Requires all to participate in activities which promote security
B. Requires all citizens to protect their ethnic identity by all means
C. Requires all citizens to perform a task for the benefit of all in the society
D. Emphasises on the strong supporting the weak and those who have supporting the havenots.
46. Three of the following are causes of conflict in society. Which one is NOT
A. Not taking part in decision making
B. Poverty
C. Religious differences
D. F. applination of the law
47. Which one of the following statements explains why abuja was made the capital city of Nigeria?
A. Because it is home to may rich people in Nigeria
B. Because it has the largest international airport
C. Because of being in a central location to other parts
D. Because it has the best security arising from its nearness to army barracks

The diagram below shows the distribution of vegetation on a mountain. Use it to answer questions 48-49

48. The vegetation most likely to be found at altitude 3500 m is
A. Heath and moorland
B. Snow and barerock
C. Bamboo forest
D. Rain forest
49. Which one of the following factors influences these distribution?
A. Rainfall
B.Altitude
C. Winds
D.Soils
50. The two lions present in our Coat of Arms symbolise
A. Our readiness to defend the country's independence
B. Our readiness to fight external attacks
C. Our splendid wildlife
D. Our heritage and fertile environment
51. The following statements are correct about mangrove forests found in Tanzania.
Except?
A. They grow in muddy shores of the ocean
B. They grow in salty water conditions
C. They have breathing roots which stand above the sea surface
D. They are adapted to high raised plateaus with high rainfall
52. The first prime minister to be elected in Kenya was
A. James Gichuru
B. Johnstone Kamau
C. Raila Odinga
D. Daniel Moi
53. The first opposition political party in the history of Kenya was
A. Orange Democratic Movement (ODM)
B. African Peoples Party (A. ( )
C. Forum for Restoration of gethocracy (FORD)
D. Kenya African Democratic Union (KADU)
54. Which one of the following is NOT a role of government to her citizens?
A. Making laws and enforcing them
B. Attending community meetings
C. Encouraging unity in the country
D. Promoting people's welfare
55. In which year was the third postindependence general elections held?
A, 1979
B. 1974
C. 1982
D. 1984
56. Which one of the following is not a way through which a Kenyan citizen benefit from Democracy?
A. promotion of freedom
B. promotion of equality
C. promotion of justice
D. promotion of hatred
57. The following are the officers of the IEBC
(i) Chairman of the commission
(ii) Returning officer
(iii) Presiding officer
(iv)Poll clerk

Who among the following people is incharge of polling station?
A. Returning officer
B. Poll clerk
C. Presiding officer
D. Chairman of the commission
58. Which one of the following would be the fastest way of sending a message to a brother who lives in Britain?
A. By internet
B. By newspapers
C. By postal services
D. By a messenger
59. The following are as a pesult of the coming of the coming of Arab and Persian traders in Kenya EXCEPT?
A. Growth of Swahili language
B. Development of towns along the
coast
C. Spread of Islam
D. Displacement of locals to the rural
50. Which chapter of the current constitution deals with the Bill of rights of Kenyan citizens?
A. Chapter four
B. Chapter two
C. Chapter ten
D. Chapter eleven

## CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Why did God reject Cain and his offering after the harvest? (Genesis 4:4-5)
A. Because he did lay his sacrifices according to the law.
B. Because his sacrifice did not ínvolve sheding of blood
C. Because Abel had followed the law correctly in offeirng his sacrifice
D. Because he loved Abel the most among all Adam's children
62. How does Abrabatn's story help us to give our lives to God in the current society?
A.It teaches us to be obedient and to have faith for God fulfils His promises.
B. It calls upon us to leave our work to work for God every day.
C. We should only obey the voice of God and not men in authority.
D. It teaches us to be brave all the times even when we are faced with challenges.
63. How old was Noah when the floods destroyed the whole world?
A. 120 years old
B. 450 years old
C. 830 years old
D. 600 years old
64. Which one of the following activities was not performed by King David?
A.He judged against difficult cases in Israel
B.He difeated many enemies of the Israel
C. He wrote many beautiful psalms
D. He united the twelve tribes of Israel
65. Moses was given all the comandments listed below at Midian EXCEPT? (Exodus 3;11 17)
A.To make sure all the Israelites obeyed God's law
B. To bring all the Israelites out of Egypt
C. To select 12 elders from the tribes of Israel
D. To ensure that Israel worshiped Jehova
66. Which one of the following was not the most important threat according to prophet Isaiah in Judah?
A. Attack by Assyria
B. Idolatry
C. Oppression of the poor
D. Corruption


67. The commandent that prohibits us from desiring other people's property is the commanment number?
A. eight
$B$. five
C. ten
D. six
68. Who among the following Jadges of Istrael killed 600 Philistinies es recorded in Judges 3:317
A. Ehud
B. Othaniel
C. Abdon
D. Shamgar
69. Which of the following books of the bible is correctly classified in its right group

| Book | Group |
| :--- | :--- |
| A. Romans | Gosple |
| B. Proverbs | Law |
| C. Acts | History |
| D. Jude |  |
|  |  |

70. Who among the following did king Herod send to spy whether it was true that the Messiah was born?
A. Scribes
B. Shepherd
C. Wisemen
D. Archelaus
71. The mainreasonwhy Jesus chose the twelve disciples was to
A. finance them to fight the jewish leaders
B. find place to rest during the night
C. let them know the secrets of the kingdom
D. start his reign on earth
72. According to Acts $11: 26$, in which town were the followers of Jesus Christ first called Christians?
A. Asia Minor
B. Jerusalem
C. Cyprus
D. Antioch
73. The following are some of the miracles associated with Jesus Christ.
(i)he cured Simon peter's mother in law
(ii)he cured a man possesed by demons
(iii)he healed the sick in Gennesaret In doing these miracles Jesus showed that
A.he had unlimited powers over sickness
B. he was the beloved son of God
C. there was non other like him
D. he had been appoited to heal the disciples
74. The parable of Lazanis and the rich man
(Luke 16:17.31) teaches us to 4 ,
A. to desire to become rich than others
B. aspire to acquire more wealth
C. have concern for others well being
D. careless about our neighbours
75. Which one of the following is the main teaching contained in the Sermon on the mountain?
A. hopelessness of many Christians
B. how to be righteous before God
C. the characters of a good Christian
D. the nature of the living God
76. What is the main teaching in the parable of the pearl?(Matthew 13:45-46)
A. We should forgive one another
B. The joy of finding the kingdom of God
C. The generosity of God
D. The end of the world and its tribulations.
77. "Today you shall be with me in paradise"
(Luke 23:43) who said these words?
A. Pilate
B. Jesus
C. Joseph of Arimathea
D. Joseph the father of Jesus
78. Who was the chief priest who gave Judas Iscariot thirty coins to betray Jesus Christ?
A. Caiaphas
B. Pilate
C. Nicodemus
D. Barnabas
79. The greatest fruit of the Holy spirit according to the christian teaching is?
A. joy
B. hopermolf chembernama
C. Hoverembrat ge whare a
D. faith
80. The following afe fruits of the Holy Spirit. Which one is NOT correctly matched with its benefit?

## Fruits Benefit

A. Love Heth Helps to to love God
B. Peace $\quad$ Helps us to live in harmony
C. Joy
D. Patience

Helps us to bringext a happiness into ourdives Helps us not to boast
81. Which one of the following is a similarity between how the Afican traditional society marked their New life with those of the Christians in the early church?
A. Both gave food to the hungry and cared for the sick
B. Both worshipped in the same way
C. Both kept referring to the books in their worship
D. Both believed in the person of Jesus Christ
82. Why did people share in traditional communities
A. become famous
B. show concern
C. show how much they had
D. obey the ancestors
83. Some communities in Traditional African Societies prayed under certain trees MANNLY because the trees
A. provided shade to the worshippers
B. were considered sacred
C. were considered God's dwelling place
D. were believed to have medicinal cure
84. Three of the following were rites of passage among the Agikuyu community except
A.Initiation
B. Death
C. Baptism
D. Marriage
85. Which one of the following people can cause harm in Traditional African Societies?
A. Herbalist
B. rainmaker
C. foreteller
D. sorcerer
86. Christians today celebrate the Holy Communion in order to
A. unite with others in fellowship
B. remember the death of resurrection of Jesus
C. to gather people to eat well
D. repent our sins and be strong
87. Which virtue is one expected to have when tempted to engage in drug abuse?
A. tolerance
B. humility
C. assertiveness
D. chastity
88. Which one of the following statements is correct about christians civic responsibility?
A. Christians can only pay tax to the government and its agents
B. They should not participate in political rallies
C. Christians should only vote when a fellow Christian is contesting
D. Christians can only obey the commandments of God and not the law of the land
89. An old man has boarded a bus which is already full. As a christian, what should you do knowing that people who stand in the bus are arrested and charged?
A. Grant him the seat and explain to police what happened
B. shout at him to stop the driver and alight and walk on foot
C. ignore him and concentrate on reading a pocket Bible
D. report the conductor for carrying excess passengers
90. Your deskmate has just stolen your rubber.Upon discovering that she is the one, what should you do as a christian?
A. Report her to the classteacher
B. Ask the teacher to change your position of sitting
C. Talk to him on asking first before taking
D. Avoid her for the rest of your life

## OPTHAL

003

## KISWAHILI

SEHEMU YA KWANZA : LUGHA
Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

## SOMA KNA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibu. Kjitabu tiki kina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki
3. Ukishachagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika KARATASI YA MAJIBU na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali

## JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu:
NAMBA YAKO YA MTHANI
JINA LAKO
JINALA SHULE YAKO
6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mtihani (ýaani namba ya shule, na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku
8. Iweke safikaratasi yako ya majibu
9. Kwa kila swáli 1-50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C na D Ni jibu MOJA tu kati ya hayo manne ambsto ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hito.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi fionyestiwe kwa kucfora kistari katika kisanduku chenye
herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu
Mfano:
Katika kijitabu cha maswali:
11. Chagua kifaa cha uhunzi:

A Fuawe
B. Patasi
C. Timazi
D. Chetezo

Jibu shahihi ni D
$3[A][B][C][D] 13[A][B][C][D] 23][A][B][C][D] 33[A][B][C][D]$ Katikà visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 23 kisanduku chenye henuf $A$ ndicho kilichochomal kistani



Hivisasa elimu ya vijana $\qquad$ 1 $\qquad$ na takribani jamii $\qquad$ 2 humu nchini. Hata wale wafugaji *a _3 __ambao _ 4_ walisadiki kuwa utajiri hupatikana tu kwenye mifugo, wameasi 5 . hii ra kuwapefeka wana wao shuleni. Hatua hii imesaidia kuwangamize visa vya wizi wa mifugo. Elimu huweza _6_ jamii yoyote ile _ 7 _ wanajamii hujifunza njia mbadala za ___ iwapo watazikosa kazi za ajira. Watu wanapaswa kujizatiti kati umri wowote ule kwani kisomo haki na mwisho. Chambilecho $\qquad$ 9 .

1. A. imethaminika
B. Indhaminiwa
C. imedhaminika
D. inathaminiwa
2. A. zozote
B. zete
C. yote
D. wote
3. A. kuhamasisha
B. kuhamia
C. kuhamahama
D. kuhamishia
4. A. awali
B. mbeleni
C. hatimaye
D. tena
5. A mawazo
B. akili
C. kasumba
D. kufikiri
6. A. kunsastawisha
B. kuzistawisha
C. kumstawisha
D. kuistawi§ha
7. A. lia
B. maadamu
C. ingawa
D. ilmradi
8. A. kuzumbua
B. kuvumbua riziki
C. kupiga
horomo
D. kupiga
riziki
B. elimu maisha si vitabu
C. elimini
bahari ubweta
9. A.elimu nitaa gizani huzagaa
D. elimi bila amali kama nta bila asali

Kama $\qquad$ 10 desturi yetu, tulishuka pwani asubuhi kukagua nyavu 11 $\qquad$ . Tulifurahi tulipogundua kuwa tulikuwa tumevinasa vinyama mbalimblai _12__ mathalani _13_. Baadaye tulifululiza mwendo _14_ hadi sokoni _15 _tulipata mauzo maridhawa.
10. A. iliyokuwa
B. ilivyokuwa
C. tuliokuwa
D. tulivyokuwa
11. A. yetu
B. yote
C. yangu
D. zetu
12. A. waliwao
B. vinavyokuliwa
C. viliwavyo
D. vinavyokulwa
13. A.pweze chaza
B. sungúra, paa
C. kaa, fuko
D. taa, kenge
na kamba na swara na komba na kima
14.A.moja kwa moja
B. unyounyo
C. ana kwa ana
D. dhahiri shahiri
15. A. ambayo
B. ambako
C. ambalo
D. ambazo

Kuanzia nambeft to mhenteracmyibla

16. Tambua sefitensi yenye kivuminhircfia -a-unganifu.

A. Mwanafunzi shupavu alipita mtihani.
B. Wageni wote watawasili kesho.
C. Jogoo wa shamba hawiki mjini.
D. Paka wako amemkamata panya.
17. Kila mja ana kikomo cha uwezo wake; mweza yote ni Mola tu.
 Chagua methali inayolingana na maelezo haya
A. Mtaka nyingi nasaba hupata mwingi msibat on omptwat whictwow
B. Mchama ago baryyeli huendaakarya раро.
C. Mbaazjukikosa maua husingiziajua,
D. Angeenda juu kipungu hatikifife mbingu.

18. Tambulisha maelezo yaliyo sahihi.
A. Nikaha ni kabadala cha nikahy
B. Nikaha ni kitate cha nikahi.
C. Nikaha nikitate cha nikahín

19. Kamilisha kaulijfuatayot \$wa ufasaha.

Ungejua alacho neuki $\qquad$ 1
A. haungeramba asali
B. usingeiramba asali
C. ungatiramba asafl:
D. usingeliramba asali
20. Tambua sentneis yenye kielezi cha idadi ya jumia.
A. Ujumbe huo haukueleweka vizuri
B. Waandamanaji walijaa kote barabarani
C. Maarusi walikula yamini kupendaná daima
D. Leo najiandaa kulala mapema.
21. Ni nahati ipi iliyo na maana na kufanya ushirika?
A. Changa bia
B. Piga mafamba
C. Lia ngoa
D. Piga porojo
22.Kamifisha kwa kiunganish kifaacho zalidi. wallinushirika kifo ajalani, wengi wao walipata majeraha makubwa.
A lichaya
B. sembuse
C. mighari
D. Ijapokuwa
23. Mdudu aishiye katika kombe ni $\qquad$ ilhali majanif füstifit kwenye $\qquad$ $\times$
A. kobe kifukofuko

C. konokono kichuguu
D. kiwavi, mzinga
24. Seittensa futatayo ittandikwaje katika
tyed wingin
Ute ulimodondake alipokiona chakuta.
A. Mate yalimdondoka alipokiona chakula.
B. Nyute zilinidondoka alipoviona

B
C. Mate yaliwadondoka walipoviona yakula
b. Nyute ziliwandondóka walipoviona Wyakita.

25; Teguakitendawili:
.
Mturginimusanqu hamwingii kato.
A. kinywa
B. ya
C. chupa
D. chungu
26. Chagua senterisi hiyotumia huku kama kiwakilishi.
A. Mwalimu alitoa maelezo huku akiandika.
B. Huku ndiko walikojificha wezi wale.
C. Hukunisisililza wala hukutaka kuujua ukweli
D. Kuimba huku ndiko kulikomletea sifa
27. Kati ya maradhi yafuatayo; ń yapi huwasumbua sane watoto walaio chini ya miaka mitano?
A. Degedege, rovu, kifua kikuu, ukoma
B. Surua kifaduro, tetekuwanga, degedege
C. Kaswende, kisonono, kichocho. kifaduro
D. Pepopunida, ukimwi, matua, kiothomi
28. Mwenzako akiteleza na kuanguka utamwambia
A. pole
B. makiwa.
C. kunradhi
D. hashakum
29. Ni sentensi gani iliyotumia kivumishi cha pekee kwa usahihi?
A. Mbao yote, iliibwa jana.
B. Saa jingine limeenda wapi?
C. mifugo yenyewe imokonda sana:
D.Chai zozote zisiletwe hapa.
30. Avua ilinyeshe kidindie ndikokusema.
A. llinyesha mfuthizeotha muda merefu.
B. Hnyesha many unyu manyunyu na kupusa.
C. llinyesha kubwa kwa muda mtupi.
D. linyesha kubwalikaleta mafuriko.

## Vasome makale vafuatavo kikie vibu maswalli 31-40

Kati ya sehemu ambazo ni muhimu sana katika maxingira ya binadamu ni misitu Wataalamu wa masuala ya mazingira wanapendekeza anglau asilimia kumi ya ardhi ya kila nchi iwe na misitu. Baadhi ya nchi zimakifikiakikango. hiki.na labda hata kukipiku ilhali nyingine ziko chini ya kiwango hiki. Hali hii hutokana na matumizi mabaya ya mistu yonyewe, ufyekaji wa mitilit kuchoma makaa uny akuzi wa misitu na ufyekayilil kuanuisha kilimo. Katika sehemu nyinginezo kurudufika kwa idadi ya wakazi kunawalazimisha watu kuyajongea maeneo ya misitu kutafuta mahali pa kilimo na kuishi. Kuwepo kwa misitu ni jambolinalopaswa kushklliwa kwa dhati ya moyo na kila mwananchi, umuhimu wa misitu unatokana na manufaa ya kila nui yanayotokana na misitu hiyo kwa wanaothusika.

Misitu husaidia kuhifadhi ardhi isimomonyolewe: na kuodolewa na maji ya mvur kwa urahisi. mmomonyoko wa ardhi huishia kusababisha maafa na madhara makubwa sana twa watu. Aidha, misitu husaidia kurekebisha mtiririko wa maji ya mito, kwa sabatumisitu huifanya mito isifurike kupita kiasi. Sote tunaelewa madhara yanayoweza kuletwa na gherika na mvua ya mzo . Kuwepo kwa misitu pla huzuia kiwango cha taketaka kamaimchanga, ardhi au majeni yanayochukuliwa na mali ya miti. Kwenye mabonde ya baadhi ya mito huenda kukawa na miradi kadha, mathalan ya kutengeneza nguvu za umenté au mastamba ya kunyunyuzie maji. Iwapo tákataka zote-zibebwazo na:maji hazikuchujwa vezokano wa kuharibiwa kwe miradihi ni mkubwa.

Misitu hurekebisha kiwango cha maji yanayoingia ardhini pamoja na akiba ya maji hayo ardhini. Aidha, huzuia mvua kuipiga ardhimoja kwa moja na pia huzuia kukaushwa kwa unyevu na jua. Mizizi ya mitit hufyonza maji kutoka ardhini na kutoa kiasi fulanikwenda angani kupitia kwenye majani. maji haya hufanya hivyo kwa küpitia kwenye unyevu ambao unakuwa msingi wa mvua ya baadaye.

Misitu hutumiwa kama hifadhi na makao ya wanyama ambao sio muhimu tu kama kivutio cha watalii bali ni muhimu pia katika kudumisha mfumo ikolojia unaohitajika katika mazingira/ mazuri, yaani mpatano mzri kati ya watu wanyama na mimea katika mazingira fulani. Fauka ya faida hizi, kuna tijara nyinginezo zinazotokana na msitu kama mitina mbao za ujenzi. Misitu huwa na mlti maarufu kama miringa, mifuu, mivule na miipungo aambao ni nyenzo muhimu wakati wa ujenzi. Baadhi ya miti hii hutumiva kuundia bidhae za kla aina kama samani na vinyago ambxyo huweza kuurwo na kuimarisha uchumi wa taifa.

Maendeleo ya utafiti wa kisayanal yameonyesha mlanoe mkubwa unaotokane na miti hasa ya kienyeji kuhusiana na dawa zinazotumiwa kuyatibia magonjwa sugu. Isitoshe, kuwapo kwá karatasi zinazotumiwa kutengenezea vitabu hutegemearmisitu. Sote tunapaswa kuuelewa umuhimu huu wa misitu na kuwailbika kuhakikisha kuwa misitu yetu haiharibimi, lkiwa tutazembea katika wajibu wetu huu, basi kuna hatari ya maisha ya kesho kuwa magumu kwa sababu ya matatizo ya ukosefu wa maji, kuwepo kwa majangwa na kukosa malighafi ya kimingi ambayo ni nguzo ya uchumi wetu.
31. Chagua kauli sahihi kulingna ne makala
A. misitu ni sehemu muhimu kwa mazingira ya binadamu.
B. mwandishi hana uhakika iwapokuna nohizilizofiku kiwango kilichowekwa cha misitu.
C. Mwandishi wa makala anaona kuwa kuna nchi zilizopitisha kiwango kilictrowekwa chamisitu
D. Ni muhimu kwa binadamu kuzinginva namisitu
32. Kiwango cha misitu hupungua kutokana na
A. ukataji wa kiholela
B. kuupuuza umuhimu wake
C. kutopanda mitimingi
D. ukosefu mastharia
33. Maana ya kurululika kulingana na muktadha ni
A. kuongezeka sana
B. kưefuka zaidi ya vile ilivyokena
C. kubaki livyo bilaikupungua
D. kuwa marambili ya vile ilinyokuwa
34. Kuongezeka kwa idadi ya watu huadhiri vipi misitu
A. Misitu hukatwa kutokana na upungufu wa samani
B. Misitu hugwazwa ili kupata maskani na makonde
C. Miti hukatwa ili kujenga nyumba mijini
D. Miti hukatwa ili kutengeneza barabara
35. Miti hurekebisha vipi mkondo wa maji?
A. Kuzuia mito isivunje kingo zake
B. Kufyonza maji il mito isifucike
C. Kuzuia maji yasipite kwa kasi
D. Kuyaelekeza majl yajue yanakopita

3'6. Ukosefu wa miti huathiri vipi miradi ya kilimo na uzalishafíwangumuze umeme?
A. Maji huwa na takataka zinazotatiza
 shughuli hizi
C. Shughuli hizi zote hutegemeza miti majo kwa moja
D. Mibillikosekena nguvu za umeme hazitakumepo
37. Kitbebwa kwa mctanga wa juu na maji taupeponi
A. mmonyoko
B. nyokonyoko
C. mmomonyoko
Dimnyokonyoko
38. Umuhimu wa wanyama uliotaiva katika makelani
A. kuwa kinutio cria watalii
B. Kudurisheimfumo wallkolojia
C. kuvutia watalilinaskuletampatano mzurtikatikemamengira
D. Kuleta pesa za kigeninakuhifadhiva katika mazingira
39. Dawa za nnifya kienyeji hutumiwa kutibia
A. marechi yote
B. majonjwa hataí
C. ndwole zote
D. maradhi yasiyotibika kwa urahisi
40. Mwito wa mwadishi wa makala haya kwetu ni
A. Tuelewe umuhimu wa misitu kwetu
B. Tumpajibike kuhakikishnumwa mistu haihanb̄́wí
C. Tusizembee:ilitujiletee maafa ya baadaye
D. Tusikose malighefimuhimuye uchumi wetu
41. Sifa ya Ngwenje inayoonekana kwenye aya ya kwanza ni
A. umahiri
B. ulaghai
C. ukwasi
D. uongozi
42. Ngwenje alijipatia wadhifa wake aghalabu kutokana na
A. kuwahonga wapiga kura
B. kuwarai wapiga kura
C. rekodi yake a maendeleo
D. uaminifu wake kwa wenyeji
43. Maana ya kifungu wakavuna mazao ya kazole ni sawa na
A. wakachuma chakula kingi
B. wakavuna baraka tele
C. wakapata mavune haba
D. wakapata mazao mengi
44. Ngwenje alipoutambua umaarufu wa Boramimi
A. aliudhika
B. alifedtheheka
C. alishangaa
D. alitulia
45. Njugu zilizoletwa na Ngwenje katika eneo lile
A. zilikuwa nzuri kuliko za masherzi.
B. zilionekana kuleta ari ya kufanya kazi
C. zilinuiwa kutumiwa na watoto wa shule
D. zilikuwa bora kwa watu waliozitumia
46. Zifuatazo zilielezwa kuwa sifa za njugu ila
A. kuwawezesha vijana waliozitumia kukimbia
B. kutuliza akili baada ya kuzitumia
C. kulainisha viungo vya mwili ajabu
D. kulegeza miili ya wale waliozibugia
47. Ahh! si mbya, kama zinawatia watu hamasa ya kutente kazi. Kauli hii inaonyesha hisia zipi?
A. Wasiwasi na hofu
B. Mshangao wa furaha
C. mshtuko wa furaha
D. Furaha na kutoamini
48. Kwa nini Boramimi alichukua kfuko na kukihifadhi?
A. Ili kifanyiwe uchunguzi wa kitaalamu
B. Iliakitumie kumwangamiza Ngwenje
C. Ili aweze kukitumia baadaye.
D. Iliasisombwe na wimbi kama wengine.
49. Boramimi alikuwa wapi siku ya uchaguzi?
A. Alienda kufuatilia matokeo jijini.
B. Hakutaka aibu ya kushindwa na Ngwenje.
C. Alienda kuzipeleka njugu zichunguzwe
D. Alienda kuwaleta wataalamu wazikague njugu
50. Kichwa mwafaka zaidi kwa makala haya ni
A. Baada aya dhiki ni faraja.
B. Jitihada haiondoi kudura.
C. Mbio za sakafuni huishia ukingoni.
D. Nyani huchekana njoko.

## KISWAHILI

## SECTION B: <br> INSHA

Muda: Dakika 40

| MAMBA YAKO <br> YA MTIHANI |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| JINA LAKO |  |
| JINA LA SHULE <br> YAKO |  |

## SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya rr*ihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopigwa chapa:

## INSHA

## Andika insha barua kuhusu anwani uliopewa

Andika barua kwa mhariri wa gazeti la 'Nation' ukilalamika kuhusu unywanji wa pombe haramu katika jimbo unakoishi
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## ENGLISH <br> SECTION B: <br> COMPOSITION

Time: 40 minutes

| YOUR INDEX <br> NUMBER |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| YOUR NAME |  |
| NAME OF YOUR <br> SCHOOL |  |

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLLY

1. In the spacesprovided above write your full index number, your name and name of your school.
2. Now open this paper, read the composition subject and write your composiotion on the lines provided.

The following is the beginning of a composition. Read and then complete it in your own words. Make it as interesting as possible

As I approached home from school that evening, I noticed that our gate was wide open. My heartbeats increased as I realised that
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## $7$

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$\because \because \cdot \because \cdot \cdots \cdot \cdot \cdot \square$
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