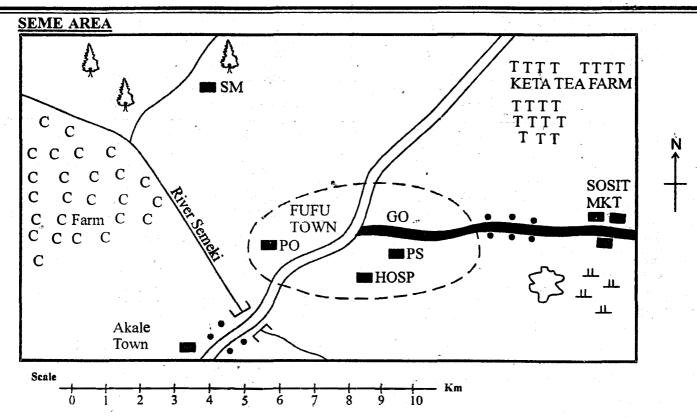
# SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E

Time: 2hrs 15min



14 (14/4)	Tarmac road	Town boundary	⊥∟ Scrub ⊥∟ vegetation	PO Post Office
				GO-Governor's office
-	Murram road	Permanent building	Quarry	PS Police Station
7~	River	♦ ♦ Forest	SM Saw mill	Hosp -Hospital

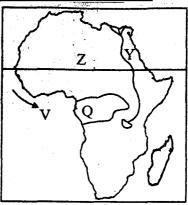
## Use the map of Seme area to answer questions 1 to 7.

- 1. What is the direction of Akale Town from Sosit Market?
  - A. North East
- B. South East
- C. North West
- D. South West
- 2. The approximate length of the murram road in Seme Area is
  - A. 14km
- B. 7km
- C. 6km
- D. 18km
- 3. The climate of the areas around the tea farms in Seme Area is likely to be
  - A. hot and wet
- B. cool and dry
- C. hot and dry
- D. cool and wet

- 4. The settlement pattern in Seme Area can mainly be described as
  - A. even B. nuclear C. cluster D. linear
- 5. Which one of the following services is not offered in Fufu Town?
  - A. Recreation
- B. Communication
- C. Security
- D. Health
- 6. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Seme Area. Which one is not?
  - A. Mining
- B. Fishing
- C. Trading
- D.Crop farming
- 7. The type of soil that is mainly found in Seme Area is
  - A. clay B. sandy C
    - B. sandy C. volcanic D. alluvial SOCIAL & C.R.E STD. 7

- Which of the following statements is true about black cotton soils?
  - A. They are deep and well drained.
  - B. They are suitable for growing coffee.
  - C. They become sticky when it rains.
  - D. They are mainly found on slopes of mountains
- 9. Three of the following are basic needs of a family. Which one is not?
  - A. Food
- B. Education.
- C. Clothing.
- D. Shelter.
- The school motto is mainly developed by 10.
  - A. director of education, teachers and pupils
  - B. secretary for education, parents and pupils
  - C. pupils, parents and teachers
  - D. area education officer, head teacher and
- 11. Which of the following European nations did not scramble for Eastern Africa?
  - A. Portugal
- B. Britain
- C. Italy
- D. Germany
- 12. In Kenya, general elections are held after every
  - A. ten years
- B. two years
- C. five years
- D. twenty years
- 13. Which group of countries are land locked?
  - A. Burundi, Tanzania, Sudan
  - B. Uganda, Ethiopia, Rwanda
  - C. Rwanda, Somalia, Djibouti
  - D. Eritrea, South Sudan, Kenya
- 14. Which of the following is a way in which a person can become a Kenya citizen?
  - A. By voting.
- B. By registration
- C. By association.
- D. By naturalization
- 15. Which of the following are examples of service industries?
  - A. Cement and paper making.
  - B. Leather and sugar processing.
  - C. Motor vehicle and bicycle assembling.
  - D. Banking and insurance.
- 16. The capital city of Egypt is
  - A. Lusaka
- B. Accra
- C. Cairo
- D. Tripoli
- 17. Which one of the following factors does not promote peace?
  - A. Corrupt practices
  - B. Tolerance
  - C. Games and sports
  - D. Obeying the laws of the country

#### Study the map of Africa below and use it to answer questions 18 to 21.



- 18. The climatic region marked Q is called
  - A. Mediterrenean
- B. Equitorial
- C. Savannah
- D. Desert
- 19. The river marked Y is called
  - A. River Orange.
- B. River Zambezi.
- C. River Gambia.
- D. River Nile
- 20. The imaginary line marked **Z** is called
  - A. Prime meridian
  - B. Equator
  - C. Tropic of cancer
  - D. Tropical of capricon
- 21. The ocean current marked V is
  - A. Equitorial Guinea B. Mozambique
  - C. Benguela
- D. Canary
- Which of the following is the main language 22. group in Southern Africa?
  - A. The Khoisan.
- B. The Asians.
- C. The Europeans
- D. The Bantus
- 23. Which of the following colours in the national flag of Kenya represents peace? A. Black. B. White. C. Red. D. Green.
- 24. Kenya gained full independence in the vear

  - A. 1961 B. 1960
- C. 1964 D. 1963
- 25. What was the time in Addis Ababa on longitude 40° East, when it is 12.00 noon in London on longitude 0°?
  - A. 9.20am
- B. 9.00 am
- C. 2.40am
- D. 2.40 pm
- 26. Artefacts are important because
  - A. they show the history of the way of life of a community
  - B. they are made by skilled people
  - C. they are made and sold for a lot of money
  - D. they can be kept in museums
- 27. The following are some of the effects of industries on the environment:
  - (i) waste chemicals from factories when drained into rivers may pollute the water
  - (ii) industrialization may lead to over

- exploitation of resources
- (iii) gases from industries may cause air pollution
- (iv) some industries produce too much noise
- (v) waste materials may make the environment ugly when dumped carelessly

Which of these effects are most likely to result from the leather and tanning industry?

A. i, ii, iv

B. ii, iii, iv

C. iii, iv, v

D. i, iii, v

- 28. Three of the following are ways of protecting children from child abuse. Which one is not?
  - A. Providing counselling services to victims
  - B. Educating children on their rights
  - C. Encouraging children to study hard
  - D. Giving stiff punishments to child abusers
- 29. Which crop requires the following conditions to grow?
  - (i) Heavy rainfall
  - (ii) Deep fertile and well-drained soils
  - (iii) High temperature of between 21° to
  - (iv) Props to support plants with fruits

A. maize

B. sugarcane

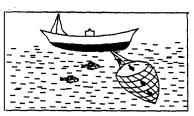
- C. coffee
- D. banana
- 30. Marine fishing in both Kenya and Tanzania is carried out in
  - A. Lake Victoria. C. Lake Turkana
- B. Lake Tanganyika D. The Indian Ocean
- 31. The following are descriptions about a certain crop grown in Eastern Africa
  - (i) It is grown as a staple food for people in Kenya and Tanzania
  - (ii) It is grown on small scale and on large
  - (iii) It is a raw material for corn oil The crop is likely to be
  - A. Maize B. Wheat C. Sorghum D. Tea
- 32. Three of the following people were early visitors to Eastern Africa. Who was not? A. John Speke.
  - B. Seyyid Said

  - C. Julius Nyerere
  - D. Dr. David Livingstone
- 33. Which one of the following types of vegetation is found in the Nyika plateau of Kenya?
  - A. Savannah
- B. Forest vegetation
- C. Mangrove
- D. Evergreen forests
- 34. Who among the following resisted the British rule in his territory?

- A. Kabaka Mutesa I B. Kabaka Mwanga C. Nabongo Mumia D. Laibon Lenana
- 35. Which of the following groups of people is composed of the Western Bantu?
  - A. Agikuyu, Akamba, Ameru
  - B. Abagusii, Abakuria, Abaluhya
  - C. Wadawida, wataveta, waswahili
  - D. Iteso, maasai, samburu
- 36. The following are characteristics of a certain climatic region in Africa:
  - (i) hot dry summers
  - (ii) cool, wet winters
  - (iii) annual rainfall varies from 500mm to 700mm

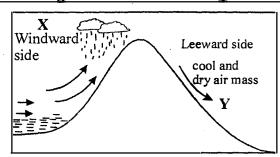
The climatic region described above is likely to be

- A. Mediterranean
- B. Equitorial
- C. Savannah
- D. Desert
- 37. The traditional parliament in Buganda kingdom was referred to as
  - A. Katikiro
- B. Omwanika
- C. Gombolola
- D. Lukiko
- 38. In which month is the sun at the equator?
  - A. June.
- B. September.
- C. December.
- D. May.
- 39. The method of fishing illustrated by the diagram below is



- A. purse seining
- B. net driftng
- C. gill net
- D. trawling
- 40. Which of the following people led the Giriama in resisting the British rule in Kenya?
  - A. Koitalel Arap Samoei.
  - B. Nabongo Mumia
  - C. Mekatilili wa Menza
  - D. Waiyaki wa Hinga
- Representative democracy is also called
  - A. parliamentary democracy
  - B. delegative democracy
  - C. liberal democracy
  - D. participatory democracy '
- 42. In which of the following areas in Kenya is soda ash mined?
  - A. Kariandusi.
  - B. Kerio valley
  - C. Ngomeni
  - D. Lake magadi

#### Use the diagram below to answer questions 43.



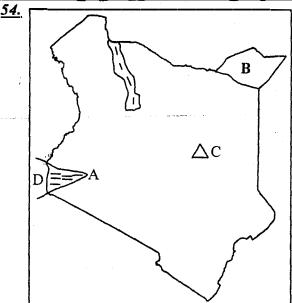
- 43. The type of rainfall shown above is called
  - A. convectional rainfall
  - B. cyclonic rainfall
  - C. see breeze rainfall
  - D. relief rainfall
- 44. Which of the following economic activities can be carried out on the areas marked X?
  - A. Beef farming
- B. Ranching
- C. Dairy farming
- D. Pastoralism
- 45. Governors in Kenya are elected after every vears.
  - A. 6
- B. 5
- C. 10
- D. 8
- 46. The following are descriptions of a town in Eastern Africa:
  - (i) It is at a railway junction
  - (ii) It is a transport centre
  - (iii) It has a copper smelting industry
  - (iv) It is an electric power station
  - The town described above is
  - A. Kampala
- B. Nairobi
- C. Jinja
- D. Dar es salaam
- 47. Which of the following items are the most common imports into Eastern Africa?
  - A. Petroleum and textile.
  - B. Vehicles and electronic goods
  - C. Paper and diamond
  - D. Coffee and machinery
- 48. County governments in Kenya are headed by
  - A. mayors
- B. commisioners
- C. governors
- D. speaker
- 49. Below are characteristics of a type of vegetation found in Eastern Africa:
  - (i) It consists of a few trees and grass
  - (ii) It covers large parts of Kenya and Central Tanzania
  - (iii) It is found in areas with seasonal rainfall

The vegetation type described is

- A. Savannah grassland
- B. Miombo woodland
- C. Semi-desert vegetation
- D. Wooded savannah

- 50. Lake Nakuru National Park is famous because
  - A. it is salty lake
  - B. it is an important site for birds
  - C. it is a beautiful place
  - D. it has many hot springs

#### Use the map of Kenya to answer questions 51 to



- 51. Name the town marked A
  - A. Garissa
- B. Mandera
- C. Wajir
- D. Kisumu
- 52. The national park marked **B** is called
  - A. Malka Mari National Park
  - B. Sibiloi National Park
  - C. Ruma National Park
  - D. Tsavo East National Park
- 53. The mountain marked C is called
  - A. Mt. Meru
- B. Mt. Kenya
- C. Mt. Elgon
- D. Mt. Marsabit
- 54. The lake marked **D** on the map was formed as a result of
  - A. faulting
- B. downwarping
- C. deposition
- D. human activities
- 55. Which of the following statements is not true?
  - A. Domestic trade is also referred to as International trade
  - B. A good transport network is necessary for trade to grow.
  - C. High taxes make imports more expensive
  - D. Most countries in Eastern Africa produce almost similar products
- 56. Which of the following forms of transport is least developed in Eastern Africa?
  - A. Air.
- B. Pipeline.
- C. Road.
- D. Water

57. The most effective way of communicating information to the majority of Kenyans is by use of

A. televisions

B. mobile phones

C. newspapers

- D. radios
- 58. Which of the following is not an arm of the government in Kenya?

A. Executive.

B. Judiciary.

C. Legislature.

- D. Cabinet.
- 59. The headquarters of East Africa community are situated at

A. Arusha

B. Nairobi

C.AddisAbaba

- D. Dar es salaam
- 60. The below road sign shows that



- A. there is no through pass
- B. road is closed
- C. there are bumps ahead
- D. there is no entry

### SECTION II

#### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

- 61. Which one of the following is **not** a reason why man is a special creation?
  - A. He named all the animals.
  - B. He was created in the image of God
  - C. He has dominion over the earth
  - D. He was created by the word of mouth
- 62. Which one of the following was a sign of the covenant between God and Noah?
  - A. The rainbow
  - B. The birth of the messiah
  - C. Circumcision
  - D. Flaming torch
- 63. Which one of the following was **not** done by the Israelites on the Passover night?
  - A. Eating of leavened bread
  - B. Eating of bitter herbs
  - C. Eating of roasted meat
  - D. Eating while standing
- 64. Who among the following was gifted God with the ability to work in gold, silver and bronze?
  - A. Bezalel

B. Jacob

C. David

D. Nathan

- 65. Jezebel the wife of Ahab planned the murder of Naboth. This teaches Christians to
  - A. pray for their enemies
  - B. respect their leaders
  - C. be contented with what they have
  - D. protect their property
- 66. The ten commandments were meant to
  - A. make the Israelites defeat themselves
  - B. separate the Israelites from other people
  - C. guide the Israelites to righteousness
  - D. ensure that the Israelites fought other people
- 67. Which of the following was David's talent?
  - A. performing miracles
  - B. playing the harp
  - C. preaching
  - D explaining the dreams
- 68. Gideon was able to defeat the Midianites mainly because he
  - A. had better weapon
  - B. trucked the midianites
  - C. increased the size of his army
  - D. obeyed God
- 69. Who among the following prophets was chosen by God before he was born?
  - A. Ezekiel
- B. Isaiah
- C. Jeremiah
- D. Hosea
- 70. Why did Jesus tell parables while teaching?
  - A. Confuse his opposers
  - B. To show off
  - C. To make his sermons interesting
  - D. To be more famous
- 71. Which of the following happened on the day of Pentecost?
  - A. Jesus resurrected
  - B. Disciples were filled with the Holy Spirit
  - C. Zacheaus climbed a sycamore tree
  - D. Disciples shared meals
- 72. Which of the following is taught in the Lords prayer
  - A. God's anger on human disobedience
  - B. Forgiveness of sins
  - C. Resurrection of the dead
  - D. Crucification of Jesus Christ
- 73. According to the beautitudes; Happy are those who work for peace
  - A. God shall comfort them
  - B. God shall call them His children
  - C. for they shall see God
  - D. They shall receive what God had promised

- 74. After the floods, Noah's ark rested on Mount A. Arara t B. Sinai A. Death. C. Nebo D. Carmel C. Baptism. The phrase that all scriptures are inspired by 83. God means A. God himself wrote the Bible B. God dictated the words of the Bible to all writers C. God availed a written document to all writers 84. D. All writers wrote with the help of the **Holy Spirit** 76. Which of the following words are not in the apostles creed? A. I believe in God father almighty B. He descended into heaven 85. C. He will come to judge the living and the pray except D. Born of Virgin Mary 77. Which of the following events took place first A. Jesus turning water into wine at Cana 86. Purity means B. The coming of the Holy Spirit in Jerusalem C. The death of Jesus D. The last supper 78. is the ability to notice something 87. after thinking carefully or after studying it A. Discernment B. Judgement C. Justice D. Critical thinking D. Last supper 79. Which is the main way of receiving eternal 8.8 A. confession of our sins B. participating in the holy communion C. participating in prayers D. having faith in Jesus 80. Which of the following miracles of Jesus 89. showed that He had power to forgive sins? A. Walking on water. B. Turning water into wine. B. Abortion C. Healing the paralysed man D. Feeding the five thousand men 81. Which one of the following is the best way 90. of helping refugees? represents the A. Giving them identity cards A. Kingdom of God B. Employing them as househelps B. Word of God C. Making their living better C. Holy Spirit D. Building permanent homes for them D. Sins of the people
- 82. Which one of the following is not a ceremony marking new life? B. Birth. D. Winning a race. The following are ways that make us be infected with HIV/AIDs. Which one is not? A. Sharing sharp piercing objects. B. Abstaining from sexual intercourse C. Having multiple sexual partners D. Having infected blood transfusion According to John 13 Jesus Christ washed His disciples feet to show A. kindness and obedience B. love and kindness C. sincerity and humility D. humility and service The following are reasons why Christians A. praise and thank God B. condemn their enemies C. ask for forgiveness from God D. aks for protection against enemies A. sharing with the needy B. living in holiness C. serving others as Jesus did D. accepting ourselves the way we are Which of the following is remembered during Easter period A. Condemnation of Jesus by Pilate B. Death and resurrection of Jesus C. Betrayal of Jesus How can Christians help in choosing the government leaders? A. Protesting in the streets B. Converting them to Christianity C. Accepting their bribes D. Voting them peacefully Below are effects of irresponsible boy/girl relationship except A. School dropouts C. Teenage pregnancies D. Perfect marriage In the parable of the mustard seed the seed